

20/21 Annual Report 年報

STOCK CODE 股份代號:00480







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# **Corporate Profile**

公司簡介







# **Our Vision, Mission & Values**

我們的願景、使命和價值觀

VISION 願景

To be the pioneer of innovative living space 執業界牛耳 創生活空間

### MISSION 使命

We strive to create a healthy, stylish and distinctive living experience through teamwork and passionate pursuit of innovation and excellence

群策群力、創新為先、卓越為求、健康為本,獨樹風格生活體驗

### VALUES 價值觀

- PRI<sup>2</sup>DE

Break new grounds 推陳出新

Value the individual and cherish our environment 尊人重土

#### Innovation

Think outside the box 不同凡「想」

#### Integrity

Uphold high ethical standards 堅守誠信



#### Devotion

Be committed and passionate 傾心傾「誠」



#### Excellence

Consistency in the pursuit of our quality standards 止於至善







HKR International Limited ("HKRI" or the "Company") is a conglomerate in Hong Kong with interests in diversified businesses, focusing on real estate development and investment, property management, luxury hotels and serviced apartments, healthcare services and other investments in Hong Kong, mainland China, Thailand and Japan.

HKRI's comprehensive portfolio includes Discovery Bay and CDW Building in Hong Kong; HKRI Taikoo Hui in Shanghai, and a number of premium residential and commercial properties in Jiaxing, Hangzhou, Bangkok and Japan. We aim at further growing a balanced portfolio to maximise the Company's value for shareholders.

At HKRI, we strive to create a healthy, stylish and distinctive living experience through teamwork and an unwavering commitment to innovation and excellence. We believe sustainability is one of the most important ways to make a business and community viable. Guided by our core values, we are devoted to making a positive contribution to the communities, promoting sustainable development and creating a better living environment.

香港興業國際集團有限公司(「香港興業國 際」或「本公司」)在香港、中國內地、泰國及 日本從事多元化業務,主要包括地產發展 及投資、物業管理、豪華酒店及服務式住 宅、醫療保健及其他投資項目。

香港興業國際業務遍布亞洲,包括香港愉 景灣及中染大廈、上海興業太古滙,以及位 於嘉興、杭州、曼谷及日本的高尚住宅及 商業項目。本公司致力進一步平衡業務發 展,為股東創造最高價值。

透過團體合作、堅持創新及追求卓越,香 港興業國際努力創造健康時尚的優質生活 體驗。我們深信可持續發展為業務及社區 發展的最重要一環,並會堅守企業核心價 值,為社會作出貢獻,推動可持續發展,造 就更美好的生活環境。

# Highlights of the Year

年度大事摘要

### APRIL 2020 四月

- AmMed's latest MRI imaging centre in Tsuen Wan came into operation
- 安美醫學診斷中心位於荃灣的磁力共振掃描中心 正式啟用



- The handover of units of Poggibonsi in Discovery Bay started
- 愉景灣住宅項目意堤開始交樓



### JUNE 2020 六月

- The Group successfully bid for a second premium land lot in Hangzhou
- 集團成功投得杭州第二塊優質地塊

### AUGUST 2020 八月

- Lantau Yacht Club completed its phase one facelift and welcomed its first member yacht
- Lantau Yacht Club第一期翻新工程竣工並歡迎第 ·艘會員遊艇



### SEPTEMBER 2020 九月

- The latest residential project in Jiaxing City was named Starlight One
- 集團在嘉興市的最新住宅項目正式命名為星逸園

### NOVEMBER 2020 十一月

- Mr Victor Cha and Ms Madeline Wong were appointed as Executive Chairman and Nonexecutive Deputy Chairman of the Group respectively. Mr Jackie Tang was appointed as **Managing Director**
- 查懋成先生及王查美龍女士分別獲委任為集團執 行主席及非執行副主席,鄧滿華先生出任集團董 事總經理
- DB Plaza new extension held its soft opening
- 愉景廣場擴建部分開門迎客



# DECEMBER 2020 十二月

- Creekside One in Jiaxing obtained occupation permit
- 位於嘉興的畔月灣取得入伙紙



- Mansion One in Jiaxing obtained occupation permit
- 位於嘉興的家逸園取得入伙紙



### JANUARY 2021 一月

- The Group acquired a 16-storey industrial building named United Daily News Centre in To Kwa Wan
- 集團購入一幢位於土瓜灣、名為聯合報大廈的 16層工業大廈



### MARCH 2021 三月

- The Group entered into agreement to acquire 18 property units on Hollywood Road / Upper **Lascar Row in Sheung Wan**
- 集團簽訂協議購買位於上環荷李活道/摩羅上街 合共18個物業單位

# **Awards and Recognition**

獎項及嘉許

Significant awards won by the Group in the Financial Year 2020/2021:

集團於2020/2021財政年度獲得的主要獎項:

#### **HKR International Limited** 香港興業國際集團有限公司

"15 YEARS PLUS CARING COMPANY" LOGO 15年PLUS「商界展關懷 |標誌 The Hong Kong Council of Social Service

香港社會服務聯會

#### HONG KONG ESG REPORTING AWARDS 2020

#### 香港環境、社會及管治報告大獎2020

- Best ESG Report (Small Cap) Commendation 最佳ESG報告(小市值)-嘉許獎
- Excellence in Environmental Positive Impact - Commendation

卓越環境成效-嘉許獎

Alaya Consulting 本識顧問

SOCIAL CAPITAL BUILDER AWARDS 2020–2022 2020-2022社會資本動力獎

- SOCIAL CAPITAL BUILDER LOGO AWARD 社會資本動力標誌獎

Community Investment and Inclusion Fund of Labour and Welfare Bureau

勞工及福利局社區投資共享基金

#### JOCKEY CLUB AGE-FRIENDLY CITY PARTNERSHIP SCHEME 2020

賽馬會齡活城市「全城•長者友善」 計劃2020

- CITY PARTNERSHIP SCHEME STICKER 「全城•長者友善」標籤

The Hong Kong Jockey Club Charities Trust

香港賽馬會慈善信託基金

SUSTAINARI E RUSINESS AWARD 2020 企業可持續發展大獎2020 World Green Organisation 世界綠色組織

WEBAWARDS 2020 - OUTSTANDING WEBSITE Web Marketing Association

#### GBA OUTSTANDING CORPORATION

灣區企業可持續發展大獎2020

- SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY AWARD 傑出灣區企業-社會可持續 發展大獎
- GREEN SUSTAINABILITY AWARD 傑出灣區企業-綠色可持續 發展大獎

Metro Finance 新城財經台

#### ERB MANPOWER DEVELOPER AWARD SCHEME ERB人才企業嘉許計劃

- GRAND PRIZE AWARD 2018-20 企業大獎2018-20
- MANPOWER DEVELOPERS 人才企業

Employees Retraining Board 僱員再培訓局

#### MENTAL HEALTH WORKPLACE CHARTER 精神健康職場約章

- MENTAL HEALTH FRIENDLY ORGANISATION 精神健康友善機構

Advisory Committee on Mental Health and Department of Health 精神健康諮詢委員會及衞生署

#### GOOD EMPLOYER CHARTER 2020 《好僱主約章》2020

 FAMILY-FRIENDLY GOOD EMPLOYER 「友」「家」好僱主

Labour Department 勞工處

#### GOOD MPF EMPLOYER AWARD 2019-20 積金好僱主嘉許計劃2019-20

- GOOD MPF EMPLOYER 6 YEARS 積金好僱主6年
- MPF SUPPORT AWARD
- 積金推廣獎 - E-CONTRIBUTION AWARD

電子供款獎

Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority

強制性公積金計劃管理局

#### CHINA FINANCE SUMMIT 2020

- 中國財經峰會2020
- INDUSTRY INFLUENCER MR VICTOR CHA 行業影響力人物-查懋成先生
- OUTSTANDING BRAND IMAGE AWARD 傑出品牌形象獎

Organising Committee of China Finance Summit

中國財經峰會組委會

#### 11th GOLDEN MOUSE DIGITAL MARKETING AWARDS 第11屆金鼠標數字營銷大賽

- PUBLIC WELFARE COMMUNICATION AWARD - BRONZE AWARD

#### 公益傳播獎-銅獎

Creative Communication Management Research Centre of Pekina University

北京大學新媒體營銷傳播研究





#### **Hong Kong Resort Company Limited** 香港興業有限公司

THE OUTSTANDING DEVELOPER AWARDS 2019 資本傑出發展商大獎2019

- URBAN DESIGN & MASTER PLANNING AWARD 城市設計及總體規劃大獎
- GREEN DEVELOPMENT AWARD 環保綠化發展大獎 CAPITAL and CAPITAL Weekly

資本雜誌及資本壹週

#### Discovery Bay Services **Management Limited** 愉景灣服務管理有限公司

HONG KONG AWARDS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL **FXCFLLENCE 2019** 

2019香港環境卓越大獎

- PROPERTY MANAGEMENT (RESIDENTIAL) - BRONZE AWARD
- 物業管理(住宅)-銅獎 GREEN OUTDOOR EVENT

綠色戶外活動 Environmental Campaign Committee

環境運動委員會

#### HSBC LIVING BUSINESS AWARDS 2019 2019年「滙豐營商新動力」獎勵計劃

HSBC LIVING BUSINESS SDGS AWARDS -GOAL 12: RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION - SILVER AWARD

滙豐營商新動力可持續發展目 標獎-目標12:負責任消費和生 產-銀獎

- HSBC LIVING BUSINESS ESG AWARDS
- CERTIFICATE OF MERIT

滙豐營商新動力環境、社會及管 治獎-優異獎

Business Environment Council Limited 商界環保協會有限公司

### CLP SMART ENERGY AWARD 2020

- 中電創新節能企業大獎2020
- JOINT ENERGY SAVING AWARD 齊心節能大獎

CLP Power

中華電力

#### PRIVACY-FRIENDLY AWARDS 2021 「私隱之友」嘉許獎2021

SILVER CERTIFICATE 銀漿

Office of the Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data 個人資料私隱專員公署

#### **HKR Limited** 香港興業成業有限公司

TETRAPAK CLEAN RECYCLING PILOT SCHEME 2020 紙包飲品盒乾淨回收先導計劃2020

- OUTSTANDING PERFORMANCE 傑出表現

Greeners Action 綠領行動

#### IL PICCO 意峰

THE OUTSTANDING DEVELOPER AWARDS 2019 資本傑出發展商大獎2019

 LUXURIOUS SEAVIEW DETACHED HOUSE LANDMARK RESIDENCE AWARD 矜罕海景獨立屋地標府邸大獎

CAPITAL and CAPITAL Weekly 資本雜誌及資本壹週

#### GOLFERS' CHOICE AWARDS 2020 2020高球熱選大獎

CHOICE GOLE PROPERTY

#### 熱彈高爾夫物業

GOLF VACATIONS and Senasia Publication Group Limited 高球假期及凱亞出版有限公司

MUSE DESIGN AWARDS 2020

- PLATINUM WINNER (RESIDENTIAL) International Awards Associate

ASIA DESIGNERS COMMUNITY BEST DESIGNER AWARDS 2020

 MOST OUTSTANDING SHOW FLAT DESIGN Home Journal

美好家居

#### INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY AWARDS 2020

- BEST RESIDENTIAL INTERIOR APARTMENT, HONG KONG - 5 STAR AWARDS

International Property Media Limited

#### INTERNATIONAL DESIGN AWARDS 2020

- BRONZE IN INTERIOR DESIGN - RESIDENTIAL Farmani Group



#### Poggibonsi 意堤

#### THE OUTSTANDING DEVELOPER AWARDS 2019 資本傑出發展商大獎2019

- LUXURIOUS LOW DENSITY SEAVIEW LANDMARK RESIDENCE AWARD

矜罕低密度海景地標府邸大獎 CAPITAL and CAPITAL Weekly 資本雜誌及資本壹週

#### INTERNATIONAL PROPERTY AWARDS 2020

- AWARD WINNER RESIDENTIAL INTERIOR SHOW HOME HONG KONG
- AWARD WINNER RESIDENTIAL INTERIOR APARTMENT HONG KONG

International Property Media Limited

#### La Cresta 尚珩

#### NOVUM DESIGN AWARD 2020

 GOLDEN AWARD — INTERIOR DESIGN CATEGORY Novum Design Award

#### HKRI Taikoo Hui 興業太古滙

#### RICS AWARDS 2020 CHINA RICS 中國獎2020

 COMMERCIAL PROJECT OF THE YEAR 年度商業地產項目冠軍 Royal Institution of Chartered

Surveyors

英國皇家特許測量師學會

#### 2020 CITY LIFE AWARD

2020年「行•味」城市生活榜

- BEST POPULARITY SHOPPING CENTRE AND COOPERATIVE PARTNER

人氣商場和城市巡禮夥伴

Radio Shanghai

上海人民廣播電台

#### 2021 URBAN LIFESTYLE AWARDS

 THE MODERN LANDMARK 年度影響力「時尚潮流」商業 地標

GOGO Shanghai

#### 2020 BRAND CEREMONY

- THE MOST INFLUENTIAL SHOPPING MALL 最具影響力品質商場

Zhoumozuosha, Shanghaiquanzi & Go App

周末做啥、上海圈子、走起App





THE CREATIVE BENCHMARK SHOPPING CENTRE

2020 China Shopping Mall Value

2020 CSVB中國商場價值榜

商業創新標桿項目

2021 GOLDEN LIGHT AWARDS

THE TRENDSETTER AWARD

潮流引領大獎

PLAY ME, I'M YOURS

EVENTS IN JING'AN DISTRICT

公益鋼琴藝術主題活動

Shanghai Jing'an Municipal

Administration of Culture and

上海市靜安區文化和旅遊局

THE SIGNIFICANT EVENTS OF ARTS IN SHANGHAI IN

Shanghai Municipal Administration

of Culture and Tourism & Shanghai

上海市文化和旅遊局和上海市

2020年上海藝術商圈特色活動

Municipal Commission of

SCENERY PROJECT OF THE YEAR 2020

Estate Research Centre

嘉興市廣播電視集團

ICONIC PROJECT OF THE CITY 2020

2020年城市典範樓盤

Nan Hu Evening News

南湖晚報

南湖學院房地產研究中心

2020年度嘉興稀缺性景觀樓盤

Jiaxing Broadcast and Television Group

and Jiaxing Nanhu University Real

Commerce

商務委員會

**Mansion One** 

家逸園

2020 TOP 10 ANNUAL PUBLIC CULTURE & TOURISM

2020年度靜安區十大公共文化旅遊

GOLD AWARD

金獎

金燈獎2021

MCWzg.com

美陳網

Board









#### MOST POPULAR PROJECT AWARD 2020 2020年度市民最喜愛樓盤(精工獎) Jiaxing Daily

嘉興日報

#### Starlight One 星逸園

#### TRENDING PROJECT OF JIAXING 2020 2020年度嘉興全城矚目樓盤

Jiaxing Broadcast and Television Group and Jiaxing Nanhu University Real Estate Research Centre 嘉興市廣播電視集團、 南湖學院房地產研究中心

## Creekside One

#### LUXURY PROJECT BENCHMARK OF THE YEAR 2020 2020年度嘉興豪宅標桿

Jiaxing Broadcast and Television Group and Jiaxing Nanhu University Real Estate Research Centre 嘉興市廣播電視集團 南湖學院房地產研究中心

#### Auberge Discovery Bay Hong Kong 香港愉景灣酒店

KLOOK STAYCATION AWARDS 2020 KLOOK STAYCATION 大獎 2020

BEST FAMILY HOTEL AWARD 最佳親子酒店大獎

# 畔月灣

Klook

#### The Sukhothai Bangkok

#### THE WORLD'S BEST AWARDS 2020

- #1 CITY HOTEL IN BANGKOK
- #4 HOTEL AMONG ALL ASIAN CITIES
- #37 THE 100 TOP HOTELS IN THE WORLD

TRAVEL + LEISURE WORLD'S BEST AWARDS 2021

TOP 500 HOTELS IN THE WORLD

Travel + Leisure magazine

#### 2021 EXPERTS' CHOICE AWARD

Tripexpert

#### READERS' CHOICE AWARDS 2020

- TOP 10 HOTELS IN BANGKOK

Condé Nast Traveler

#### ASIA'S TOP 80

 TOP 2020 FINE DINING IN THAILAND Farmani Group

#### La Scala & Celadon

MICHELIN PLATE AWARD MICHELIN

#### The Sukhothai Shanghai 上海素凱泰酒店

KOL GOLD LIST 2020 2020年KOL公信力金榜 BEST CITY HOTEL

晶佳城市洒店

**KOL** Gold List KOL公信力金榜

### URBAN HOTEL OF THE YEAR

2<sup>nd</sup> PI ACF

Destination Deluxe

#### THE BEST GOURMET HOTEL IN CHINA 中國最佳美食酒店

Ganlanhuabao 橄欖畫報

#### READERS' CHOICE AWARDS 2020

- TOP 20 HOTELS IN CHINA

Condé Nast Traveler

#### La Scala

MICHELIN PLATE AWARD

MICHELIN 米其林

#### The ZUK Bar

BEST HOTEL BAR OF THE YEAR 年度酒店酒吧 Ganlanhuabao 橄欖畫報

#### WOW TRAVEL AWARD 2020 2020酒店旅遊大賞

- BEST HOTEL BAR 最佳酒店酒吧

Shanghai WOW!

# Chairman's Statement

主席報告



**Executive Chairman** 執行主席

Mr CHA Mou Zing Victor 查懋成先生

I am delighted to share our annual report for the financial year 2020/2021 (the "Current Year"), which demonstrates how HKR International Limited ("HKRI" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") have delivered on their strategy with an unwavering commitment to innovation and excellence.

Though various challenges emerged over the year, the Group's prudent planning, diversified investment strategy and flexible response resulted in resilience that well positions the Group for continued long-term growth and to fully capture the opportunities of a rebounding economy. During the Current Year, the Group continued to develop new projects and expand its portfolio according to its strategic plan.

本人欣然提呈香港興業國際集團有限公司 (「香港興業國際」或「本公司」)及其附屬公司 (統稱「集團」)2020/2021財政年度(「本年度」) 之年度報告。

過去一年,種種挑戰對集團業務帶來重大考 驗。然而,集團憑著勇於創新、力臻完善的 堅毅精神,透過縝密部署、多元化投資策略 及靈活應對措施,將策略付諸實行並取得成 果,為集團締造保持長期增長的有利條件, 並把握經濟復甦帶來的契機。於本年度,集 團按照既定策略,繼續開發新項目以擴大物 業組合。

#### **RESULTS**

The Group's revenue for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 was HK\$3,942.3 million, a decrease of 16.1% from that of last year, and the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders was HK\$897.3 million, a decrease of 44.8% as compared with HK\$1,624.6 million in 2019/2020. Excluding the net unrealised gains on fair value of our investment property portfolio, the underlying profit was HK\$868.6 million, representing a 23.9% decrease from that of last financial year.

The Board of Directors recommends a final dividend of HK5 cents per share for the Current Year. This, alongside the interim dividend of HK4 cents per share, brings the total dividend amount to HK9 cents per share for the Current Year. In 2019/2020, a total dividend of HK12 cents per share was paid to shareholders.

#### **MARKET OVERVIEW**

The Current Year was marked by extreme volatility, most notably caused by the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic. Tourism was brought to a near-standstill for most of the year amid extensive worldwide travel restrictions. The International Monetary Fund calculates the global economy contracted 3.5% in 2020, however, the downturn was less severe than what had been expected in some regions. Mainland China, the only economy posted expansion in 2020, recorded 2.3% GDP growth. Indeed, the country's economy further rebounded 18.3% in the first quarter of 2021, year-on-year.

Despite an overall market downturn in Hong Kong, residential prices and consumer spending gradually picked up as certain pandemic containment measures took effect. Due to a lack of housing supply and low interest rates, Hong Kong's residential property market remained relatively stable. Property prices recorded a lower drop than the market had anticipated.

### 業績

截至2021年3月31日止財政年度,集團錄得收入3,942.3百萬港元,較去年減少16.1%,而本公司股東應佔溢利為897.3百萬港元,較2019/2020年度之1,624.6百萬港元減少44.8%。撇除集團投資物業組合之未變現公平值淨收益,基礎溢利為868.6百萬港元,較上一財政年度減少23.9%。

董事會建議本年度宣派末期股息每股5港仙。 連同中期股息每股4港仙計算,本年度之股息 總額為每股9港仙;2019/2020年度股東獲派之 股息總額則為每股12港仙。

### 市場概況

受到新冠肺炎疫情爆發的重擊,本年度市場極為波動。由於全球實行大範圍的旅遊限制,旅遊業於年內大部分時間接近停擺。根據國際貨幣基金組織的數據,2020年全球經濟萎縮3.5%。然而,部分地區的經濟衰退程度卻未有預期中嚴重。中國內地於2020年錄得國內生產總值增長率2.3%,是2020年唯一的經濟增長國,而中國經濟於2021年首季更進一步按年上升18.3%。

儘管香港整體市場下滑,隨著抗疫措施取得一定成效,住宅樓價及消費市道逐步回復。加上低息環境及房屋供應短缺,香港住宅物業市場相對保持穩定。各類樓價跌勢較市場預期輕微。

## Chairman's Statement 主席報告



#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

#### PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT — **HONG KONG**

Hong Kong is the Group's key market, where our flagship development Discovery Bay ("DB") is located. The Group has recently accepted the Government's offer covering the basic terms and land premium amount of Master Plan 7.0E for DB, which will over the long term enlarge the Group's portfolio and pave the way for the Group to deliver its longstanding development commitment to the DB community.

Meanwhile, the acquisition and conversion of older buildings, and the transformation of low-yield growth assets, are increasingly attractive due to the shortage of new land supply.

The Group will endeavour to seek new development project opportunities and re-development projects in various urban areas, which will further diversify the Group's portfolio in Hong Kong, and increase our investment in more projects with lower risks.

### 業務回顧

#### 香港一物業發展及投資

香港是集團的主要市場,亦是旗艦發展項目 愉景灣的所在地。最近,集團接納了政府就 愉景灣總綱圖則第7.0E號提出的基本條款及補 地價建議,此規劃長遠將進一步擴大集團的 物業組合,讓愉景灣社區得以長期發展。

另外,鑒於新增土地供應不足,收購舊樓進 行重建及對回報增長率低的資產進行改造成 為趨勢。

集團會繼續物色機會,發展新項目及收購市 區的物業重建項目,務求令集團的香港物業 組合更多元化,增加對較低風險項目的投資。



At the same time, the Group is enhancing the value of its investment properties portfolio to further maximise asset value. As part of this strategy, we are undergoing to convert West Gate Tower into a commercial building. The new extension of DB Plaza has also softopened in the Current Year, further enlarging our commercial portfolio in Hong Kong.

#### PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT — **MAINLAND CHINA**

Mainland China will likely continue to lead the global economic recovery in the near term. Adhering to our strategy of expanding the Group's footprint in mainland China, especially in the Yangtze River Delta area, the Group acquired a second land plot in Hangzhou in the Current Year, which will be developed into a low-density residential community.

Retail momentum, especially in Shanghai, rebounded through the Current Year. The performance of the strategically located HKRI Taikoo Hui ("HTH") was cohesively stable, with the occupancy rate of its office tower and shopping mall exceeding 90%. We shall target to further upgrade the retail mix of HTH and introduce more premium brands, which in return will increase our rental revenue and asset value.

集團一直為投資物業增值,務求提高整體資 產價值。為配合此策略,西港都會中心現正 翻新成商業大廈。愉景廣場的擴建部分於本 年度啟用後,進一步鞏固集團於香港的商業 物業組合。

#### 中國內地一物業發展及投資

我們相信,中國內地會於近期的全球經濟復 甦中繼續發揮帶頭作用。集團按照策略開 拓中國內地的業務版圖,並以長三角地區為 核心區域。集團本年度在杭州收購第二幅地 塊,準備發展為低密度住宅社區。

中國內地零售業於本年度重拾增長勢頭,尤 以上海的表現最為強勁。坐落上海黃金地段 的興業太古滙整體業績穩定,辦公樓及商場 的出租率超逾90%的水平。我們將致力繼續提 升興業太古滙的商戶組合,邀請更多著名品 牌進駐,提高租金收入及資產價值。

## Chairman's Statement 主席報告



#### PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT — THAILAND

We are optimistic on Thailand's medium- and long-term economic prospects, although the country's property market has stagnated due to the pandemic's impacts. We are riding on the occasion to further improve the design and planning. Construction will proceed when the economy recovers.

#### **HOSPITALITY**

In response to restricted travel and tourism across many parts of the world and social distancing measures, the Group adopted prudent costsaving measures and shifted promotions to the local market. The Lantau Yacht Club ("LYC") completed phase two of its facelift and opened a new clubhouse. The region's yachting market holds great long-term potential, and we are working on strengthening LYC's position in this growing segment.

#### 泰國一物業發展

受到疫情影響,泰國物業市場轉趨沉寂,但 我們對泰國中長期的經濟前景感到樂觀。疫 情期間,我們藉此機會進一步改良各項目設 計及規劃,待經濟復甦之時即可恢復施工。

#### 酒店及會所業務

全球各地實施外遊限制和採取社交距離措 施,有見及此,集團採取審慎的節流措施,並 將推廣活動轉為面向本地市場。Lantau Yacht Club(「LYC」)第二期翻新工程已竣工,會所亦 已經開幕。集團認為,區內遊艇市場的長遠 發展潛力可觀,我們不斷努力,務求鞏固LYC 在此發展蓬勃的市場中之地位。



#### **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE ("ESG") PERFORMANCE**

The Group is committed to accelerating its sustainable development, and to that end is working to establish enhanced ESG targets and to draw up and implement related policies and guidelines. For example, the Group is developing climate change related policy to combat the increasing challenges. In the Current Year, the Group appointed two female Directors, with women now making up one-third of directors, far exceeding the market average in Hong Kong. We are determined to maintain a gender-inclusive Board.

#### **OUTLOOK**

While executing our tried-and-tested core strategies, we shall remain flexible. On the road to economic recovery, we expect volatility to remain heightened in the near-to-mid-term on the pandemic's lingering effects and Sino-US and other geopolitical tensions.

#### 環境、社會及管治表現

集團致力提升可持續發展,為此訂定更嚴謹 的環境、社會及管治目標,並制訂及執行相 關政策及指引。例如,集團正制訂政策應對 日益嚴重的氣候變化危機。於本年度,集團 共委任兩位女性出任董事,女性董事人數佔 現屆董事會三分之一, 遠高於香港市場平均 比例,反映我們推動董事會性別均等的決心。

### 展望

集團一向貫徹執行行之有效的核心策略,同 時保持靈活變通。雖然經濟逐漸復甦,但面 對疫情持續影響及中美之間等國際地緣政 治緊張的局勢,我們預期短至中期經濟仍然 波動。

## Chairman's Statement 主席報告



Mainland China's economy is likely to outperform its peers, and housing demand in major Chinese cities will likely expand. Residential prices are forecast to grow steadily, and consumers are shifting their focus to looking for higher-quality housing. This quality-driven trend is expected to benefit the overall property market development, which also aligns with the Group's long-term dedication to building premium homes.

Hong Kong residential property prices were resilient over the Current Year on an ongoing lack of housing supply. We target to maximise our return by a three-thronged approach: continued enhancement of existing projects, development of new ones and sourcing of urban redevelopment projects. We remain positive on the property market's long-term outlook.

#### **APPRECIATION**

It was with great sadness that we bid farewell to our late Chairman Mr Payson Cha, who passed away in November 2020. He will be long remembered for his exemplary leadership and tremendous contributions to the Group over his years at the helm.

中國內地經濟表現相信將比其他國家優勝, 主要城市對住屋的殷切需求亦將更趨強烈。 我們預測住宅樓價將會穩步上升,而且消費 者亦日益重視房屋的品質,預期這一趨勢將 有利於物業市場的整體發展,並可配合集團 長期致力建設優質住房的宗旨。

至於香港方面,由於房屋供應短缺,香港本 年度住宅樓價繼續堅挺。我們銳意持續優 化現有項目、開發新項目及收購市區重建項 目,三管齊下爭取最大回報。我們對香港樓 市的長遠前景持續樂觀。

### 致謝

集團前主席查懋聲先生痛於2020年11月與世 長辭。查懋聲先生多年來為集團掌舵,他的 領導典範和無私付出定必為後人所銘記。



I would like to take this opportunity to express thanks to Mr Abraham Chung, who retired as an Executive Director in April 2021, for his considerable contributions to the Group.

My sincere appreciation also goes to our Board of Directors and our senior management team, who steered the Group during difficult times. With new directors and management members on board, I have every confidence that the Group will benefit from new ideas and insight. Last, but by no means least, I would like to convey huge gratitude to our staff for their hard work and flexibility, in particular during the pandemic time, and to our stakeholders for their continuing support.

鍾心田先生於2021年4月退任執行董事一職, 鍾先生於在任期間對集團貢獻良多,本人謹 藉此機會向他表示謝意。

本人亦謹此感謝董事會及管理層於艱難時期 帶領集團面對挑戰。本人深信,隨著新任董 事及管理層履新,會為集團注入耳目一新的 思維和視野,再創高峰。本人摯誠感謝各員 工一直辛勤為集團服務,尤其是於疫情期間 靈活配合各項措施,並由衷感激持份者一直 以來給予集團支持。

Lim Cha

**Victor Cha** Executive Chairman

Hong Kong, 23 June 2021

執行主席 查懋成

2021年6月23日於香港

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層 討論及分析



看港興業國際集團有限公司 2020/2021 年報

# **Management Discussion and Analysis**

# 管理層討論及分析

HKRI is a conglomerate with its core business in property development and investment. It is the Group's strategy to increase its asset value by continued development of its flagship project Discovery Bay, acquisition of different scales of land plots or projects for development / redevelopment, and enhancement of our investment properties' value. We shall continue to look for opportunities to expand our property portfolio.

香港興業國際是一家主要經營物業發展及 投資業務的綜合企業。集團的主要策略是提 升資產價值,並透過持續發展愉景灣旗艦項 目、收購不同規模的地塊或項目進行發展/重 建,以及為旗下投資物業增值,從而達到目 標。我們亦不斷物色機會,務求擴大集團的 物業組合。

### LAND BANK 土地儲備

As at 31 March 2021, the total land bank (including those held directly by joint ventures) attributable to the Group amounted to 8,908,000 square feet, which is earmarked for property development purpose upon fulfilment of related terms and conditions. During the Current Year, the Group acquired 430,000 square feet of developable gross floor area.

於2021年3月31日,集團應佔土地儲備面積 合計8,908,000平方呎(包括由合營公司持有的 土地),待履行相關條件及條款後,該等土地 將作物業發展用途。集團於本年度亦已收購 430,000平方呎可建總樓面面積。

#### PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT 物業發展及投資業務



The Group's revenue from property development and investment for the Current Year, including the proportionate share of joint ventures and associates of HK\$949 million (2020: HK\$1,357 million), was HK\$4,237 million, down from HK\$5,108 million in 2019/2020.

The Group's contribution from property development and investment, including the proportionate share of joint ventures and associates of HK\$226 million (2020: HK\$343 million), was HK\$1,275 million (2020: HK\$1,306 million).

於本年度,集團物業發展及投資業務的收入由2019/2020年度的5,108百萬港元減少至4,237百萬港元, 當中包括按比例分佔合營公司及聯營公司的收入949百萬港元(2020年:1,357百萬港元)。

集團物業發展及投資業務的收益則達1,275百萬港元(2020年:1,306百萬港元),當中包括按比例分佔合 營公司及聯營公司的收益226百萬港元(2020年:343百萬港元)。

#### HONG KONG - PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

Though the COVID-19 pandemic is mostly contained, its impact continues to linger on due to continued social distancing measures, economic downturn and elevated unemployment rate. However, pent-up demand has emerged in recent months on low interest rates and supportive government policy, with the number of transactions and price having stabilised.

We continued our sales of the three existing key projects during the Current Year, and one project is expected to be launched by the end of 2021 or early 2022.

With the basic terms and land premium amount of Master Plan 7.0E for Discovery Bay (the Group's attributable interest is 50%) offered by the Government being accepted in May 2021, the Group's residential land portfolio in Hong Kong will increase by over 1.3 million square feet, providing over 1,400 units.

### 香港-物業發展

雖然新冠肺炎疫情已大致受控,但由於社交距離措施仍然生效,加上經濟下滑及失業率上升等因素,對經濟及社會持續構成影響。然而在過去數月,低息環境及政府的扶持政策帶動壓抑已久的需求,物業成交宗數及樓價漸見回穩。

我們於本年度繼續銷售三個主要現有項目, 並預期於2021年底或2022年初推售另外一個項目。

我們於2021年5月已接納政府就愉景灣總綱圖則第7.0E號提出的基本條款及補地價建議,令集團在香港的住宅土地組合將增加超過130萬平方呎,可提供逾1,400個住宅單位。集團於愉景灣持有50%權益。

#### Poggibonsi 意堤



(50% owned) (佔50%權益)

Total units 單位總數: 196

Units sold 已售單位: 144

(59 sold during the Current Year/本年度售出59個)

Sale proceeds generated during the Current Year: HK\$719 million

本年度銷售收益:719百萬港元

Revenue of 128 sold units was recognised during the Current Year

128個已售單位的收入已於本年度入賬



(50% owned) (佔50%權益)

Total units: 21 garden houses 單位總數:21幢花園洋房

Units sold 已售單位: 2

(1 sold during the Current Year/本年度售出1幢)

Sale proceeds generated during the Current Year: HK\$52 million

本年度銷售收益:52百萬港元

## **Management Discussion and Analysis** 管理層討論及分析

La Cresta 尚珩



(50% owned) (佔50%權益)

Total units 單位總數: 61

Units sold 已售單位: 59

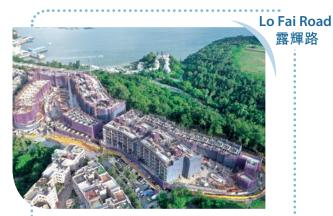
(7 sold during the Current Year/本年度售出7個)

Sale proceeds generated during the Current Year: HK\$295 million 本年度銷售收益:295百萬港元

Revenue of 5 sold units was recognised

during the Current Year

5個已售單位的收入已於本年度入賬



(40% owned) (佔40%權益)

Total planned units 規劃單位總數: 262

GFA 總樓面面積: 497,000 sq.ft. 平方呎

Expected date of launch 預計推售日期:

End of 2021 or early 2022 2021年底或2022年初

Status: Superstructure work in progress

現況:上蓋工程進行中

During the Current Year, the Group acquired the United Daily News Centre in To Kwa Wan. We have submitted an application to re-develop this property into a residential building. A residential redevelopment project located on Hollywood Road was also acquired in April 2021, the planning and design of which is currently underway.

於本年度,集團收購位於土瓜灣的聯合報大 廈,並正進行規劃申請,將其重建為住宅大 廈。另外,集團於2021年4月購入荷李活道住 宅重建項目,現正進行規劃及設計。

#### **HONG KONG – PROPERTY INVESTMENT**

Performance in this segment was impacted by lacklustre business sentiment and pandemic containment measures. The Group is engaging with commercial tenants and providing relief measures on a case-bycase basis for those most in need.

### 香港-物業投資

香港營商氣氛欠佳,加上各項抗疫措施,影 響物業投資分部的表現。集團與商業租戶 進行溝通,並向個別有需要的租戶提供租金





CDW Building 中染大廈

The property investment projects in Discovery Bay, which the Group holds 50% interests, recorded stable performance during the Current Year, with DB Plaza and DB North achieving committed occupancy rates of 90% and 97%, respectively, as of 31 March 2021.

The new DB Plaza extension was soft-opened during the Current Year, increasing the Group's investment property portfolio by approximately 59,000 square feet. The extension provides a good mix of retail and F&B options, and houses the city's latest ice rink for the enjoyment of residents and visitors.

The Group's other investment projects, comprising CDW Building in Tsuen Wan, and Wellgan Villa, a residential building in Kowloon Tong, achieved occupancy rates of 93% and 96% respectively, as of 31 March 2021.

West Gate Tower in Cheung Sha Wan is being renovated and converted into a commercial building, which will further enhance the value of the Group's investment portfolio. The work is scheduled to be completed by mid-2021.

集團在愉景灣的物業投資項目於本年度表現 穩定。截至2021年3月31日,愉景廣場及愉景 北商場分別錄得90%及97%的承租率。集團持 有愉景灣物業投資項目50%權益。

愉景廣場的擴建部分於本年度啟用後,令集 團的投資物業組合增加約59,000平方呎。場內 提供一系列全新購物及餐飲選擇,並設有全 港最新的溜冰場,成為住戶及訪客的消閒好 去處。

截至2021年3月31日,集團旗下另外兩個投 資項目:荃灣中染大廈及九龍塘住宅大廈一 合勤名廈,分別錄得93%及96%的出租率。

位於長沙灣的西港都會中心現正翻新成商業 大廈,預計於2021年中完工,將進一步提升集 **围投資物業組合的價值。** 

### **Management Discussion and Analysis** 管理層討論及分析

### **MAINLAND CHINA -**PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

Mainland China's property market and demand are rebounding with sales activities escalating following containment of the pandemic. Transaction volume is expected to grow steadily, governed by continuing price regulation policies intended to maintain a stable market, which will drive the developers to be more focused on projects' quality, and help foster sustainable long-term growth.

Two key residential projects in Jiaxing are scheduled to launch in mid-2021, and have been granted occupation permits in the Current Year. In addition, the Group acquired a second land plot in Hangzhou in the Current Year.

### 中國內地-物業發展

隨著疫情受到控制,中國內地物業市場及需 求回升,銷售活動陸續展開。然而,中國政府 為了穩定樓市繼續實施房價調控政策,故預 期成交量將穩步增長。限價政策推動發展商 更注重提升物業項目的質量,有助促進樓市 的長期可持續增長。

兩個重點住宅項目已於本年度獲批入伙紙, 並預定於2021年中推出市場。另外,集團於本 年度在杭州投得第二塊用地。

畔月灣

### **Mansion One** 家逸園



Total units 單位總數: 188 mid-rise apartments 188個中層公寓單位

GFA 總樓面面積: 342,000 sq.ft. 平方呎

Occupation permit granted 入伙紙批出日期: December 2020

2020年12月

Expected date of launch 預計推售日期:

Mid-2021



Total units 單位總數:

98 mid-rise apartments and villas 98個中層公寓單位及別墅

GFA 總樓面面積: 210,000 sq.ft. 平方呎

Occupation permit granted 入伙紙批出日期:

December 2020 2020年12月

Expected date of launch 預計推售日期:

Mid-2021

2021年中



The Group's other residential projects under development in mainland China are:

集團在中國內地持有其他發展中住宅項目, 包括:

Projects	GFA (sq.ft.)	Status
項目	總樓面面積(平方呎)	現況
Jiaxing, Zheijang 浙	江省喜興市	

Starlight One 星逸園

768,000

392 high-rise apartments and villas Foundation work in progress Expected completion: 2023 392個高層公寓單位及別墅 地基工程進行中 預計落成時間:2023年

#### Hangzhou, Zhejiang 浙江省杭州市

Land lot 07-R2-05 in Lin'an District

430,000

臨安區07-R2-05號地塊

Plot ratio: 1.0-1.2

Planning in progress. To be developed into low-density

development 地積比率: 1.0-1.2

項目正在規劃中,將發展成低密度住宅

The Group will continue to explore investment opportunities in mainland China to expand its business footprint in other cities, especially in the Yangtze River Delta area.

集團將繼續在中國內地發掘投資機遇,將業 務版圖擴展至其他城市,當中以長三角為核 心區域。

## **Management Discussion and Analysis** 管理層討論及分析



#### **MAINLAND CHINA -PROPERTY INVESTMENT**

Retail momentum and business and consumer confidence, especially in Shanghai, rebounded through the year, which is beneficial to the Group's property investment business in mainland China.

The performance of HTH, located in Shanghai and in which the Group has a 50% interest, was cohesively stable. The two office towers, HKRI Centres One and Two, achieved an occupancy rate of 97%, and the retail mall's occupancy rate reached 91%, as of 31 March 2021. Both retail mall turnover and footfall achieved double-digit growth year-on-year.

The Exchange, the Group's 15%-owned investment property in Tianjin, has a total GFA of over 1.6 million square feet and comprises two Grade-A office towers and the Heping Joy City retail mall, a popular destination for young shoppers. During the Current Year, the mall and the two office towers maintained average occupancy rates of 89% and 85%, respectively. Meanwhile, the Joyer Apartment achieved 65% occupancy as of 31 March 2021. The property has maintained good occupancy rates and generated stable rental income.

#### THAILAND - PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

The Group maintains its cautious approach towards the market in Thailand as its economy was hit hard by the COVID-19 pandemic. Nevertheless, we are optimistic on Thailand's medium- and long-term economic development and are carefully revisiting the development schedule for the Rama 3 project, the Ramintra Road project, and the Wireless Road land plot. The Thailand team is well prepared to ramp up the pace of development in Thailand once macro conditions recover.

### 中國內地-物業投資

於本年度,中國內地零售業重拾升軌,商界 及消費者信心恢復,勢頭尤以上海最為強 勁,有助集團中國內地的物業投資業務。

位於上海的興業太古滙為集團佔50%權益的 項目,年內整體表現穩定。截至2021年3月 31日,香港興業中心一座及二座兩幢辦公樓 的出租率達97%,而商場的出租率亦有91%, 商場的營業額及人流按年錄得雙位數字的 增長。

位於天津的津匯廣場為集團佔15%權益的投 資物業,總樓面面積超過160萬平方呎,由兩 幢甲級辦公樓及一座名為和平大悦城的商場 組成。和平大悦城是年輕一代的購物熱點。 於本年度,商場及兩幢辦公樓的平均出租率 分別維持於89%及85%的水平。另外,截至 2021年3月31日,出租公寓大悦樂邑的出租率 達65%。津匯廣場整體出租情況良好,並為集 團帶來穩定的租金收入。

### 泰國-物業發展

泰國經濟遭受新冠肺炎疫情重創,但集團仍 然對泰國中長期的經濟發展感到樂觀,繼 續以審慎的態度營運泰國的業務,並正重新 審視Rama 3及Ramintra Road兩個項目與位於 Wireless Road的地塊的施工計劃。我們的泰國 團隊亦已整裝待發,當宏觀局勢好轉時即可 發展各項目。



### JAPAN - PROPERTY INVESTMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

The Group continues to maintain a presence in Tokyo's property market that provides a steady, recurrent cash inflow. Our five investment properties all recorded satisfactory leasing performances, with occupancy rates ranging from 89% to 100%. Notably, the Group owns 646,000 square feet of land in Niseko, Hokkaido, which is earmarked for development into a high-end resort.

#### TRANSPORTATION SERVICES

The sea, land transport and tunnel services in Discovery Bay are operated by the Group's various subsidiaries, in which the Group holds a 50% interest.

With the COVID-19 pandemic exerting an influence to varying degrees throughout the Current Year, both ferry and bus ridership were adversely affected due to stringent distancing measures resulting in reduced social, commercial and schooling activities.

Coupled with the existing challenges of maintenance cost inflation and a shortage of skilled operations staff, as well as heightened hygiene requirements, the decreased activities exacerbated pressure on transport services' daily operations.

The financial burden was alleviated by the support provided under the ad hoc Government Anti-epidemic Fund and the ongoing Special Helping Measures covering ferry services starting April 2020.

Two newly built double-decker buses compliant with the highest Euro VI emissions standards were added to our operating fleet from August 2020, further increasing peak-hour carrying capacity and supporting the Group's mission to boost sustainable development. Additionally, to improve the passenger experience, ferry vessels were upgraded, including seats, floor mats and display panels.

### 日本 - 物業投資及發展

集團繼續於東京物業市場佔一席位,五項投 資物業的租務表現均令人滿意,出租率介乎 89%至100%之間,賺取穩定的經常性現金收 入。此外,集團於北海道新雪谷擁有面積達 646,000平方呎的用地,已預留發展為高尚度 假村。

### 交通運輸服務

集團旗下多家附屬公司負責營運愉景灣的渡 輪、陸路交通及隧道服務,而集團持有該等 公司50%權益。

在新冠肺炎疫情下,社交距離措施嚴格執 行,令市民減少社交、商業及學習活動,各行 各業都承受著不同程度的衝擊,集團的渡輪 及巴士服務的乘客量亦受到負面影響。

除了維修成本上漲及嫻熟技術操作人員短缺 等日常營運問題外,交通運輸部門在疫下還 要遵守嚴格的衞生要求,加上在愉景灣舉行 活動的次數減少,令營運不斷受壓。

幸而,集團成功申領政府發放的防疫抗疫基 金,並自2020年4月起獲得為渡輪航線而設的 特別協助措施,令財政壓力稍為得以舒緩。

於2020年8月,我們的車隊增添兩部符合歐盟 六期排放標準的全新雙層巴士, 既可在繁忙 時間增加載客量之餘,又能體現集團促進可 持續發展的決心。此外,亦改善了渡輪的座 椅、地墊及顯示屏,讓乘客更覺舒適。

## **Management Discussion and Analysis** 管理層討論及分析



#### **HOSPITALITY**

#### **HONG KONG**

The Group's hospitality businesses, comprising hotels and clubs, operated in adverse conditions: a prolonged period of restricted travel and tourism across the globe and stringent social distancing measures. Even though the hotel industry is severely impacted, attributing to the rising popularity of staycations, Auberge Discovery Bay Hong Kong had benefitted from successful promotional efforts targeting this emerging trend.

The Group expects that global travel will resume gradually as the vaccination rollout gathers pace, and recovery of the industry is underway.

The LYC completed phase two of its facelift during the Current Year and opened its newly renovated clubhouse. Membership recruitment is progressing satisfactorily. The Company holds an optimistic view on the growth of the yachting industry in the region, as yacht sales in Hong Kong revealed good growth in 2020 despite the glooming economy. LYC is generating growing interest from the yachting community.

Discovery Bay Golf Club completed renovating its golf course. With ongoing travel restrictions, the club enjoyed increased demand for golf rounds from locals. Concurrently, repeated business closures and social distancing restrictions inevitably affected the performance of the Discovery Bay Recreation Club and Club Siena. As always, the clubs' teams continue to carry out prudent measures according to the prevailing conditions.

The Group holds a 50% interest in all Discovery Bay's hospitality businesses.

### 酒店及會所業務

隨著世界各地長時間實施旅遊限制及社交距 離措施,集團的酒店及會所業務大受打擊。 然而,因應留港度假的熱潮,香港愉景灣酒 店推出的多種推廣活動備受追捧,締造了業 務契機。

集團預期隨著疫苗接種率上升,全球旅遊業 將逐漸恢復,重回正軌。

LYC第二期翻新工程於本年度竣工,會所換 上新 貌 後 亦 已 開 幕。 會 員 招 募 進 展 理 想。縱 使2020年的經濟不景氣,香港遊艇銷情仍然 暢旺,因此我們對區內遊艇業的發展亦感到 樂觀。LYC在遊艇社群中也贏得越來越多的 青睞。

愉景灣高爾夫球會已完成球場翻新工作。鑒 於旅遊限制持續,本地球手對香港球場的需 求增加,球會因而受惠;至於愉景灣康樂會 及海澄湖畔會所,由於疫下多次停業及需要 遵守社交距離限制,業績難免受到影響。各 會所會按一貫做法,繼續因時制宜,審慎經 營業務。

集團於愉景灣的酒店及各會所持有50%的 權益。



#### MAINLAND CHINA

With the successful containment of the pandemic in mainland China, occupancy rates at The Sukhothai Shanghai, The Middle House and The Middle House Residence swiftly recovered during the Current Year, and achieved remarkable performance supported by strong local business and domestic travel demand.

The Group holds a 50% interest in the aforementioned mainland China hotel businesses.

#### **THAILAND**

Performance of The Sukhothai Bangkok was affected by country lockdown, business closures and social distancing restrictions imposed by the government to combat the pandemic. During such challenging times, the hotel employees worked incredibly hard, and their achievements were recognised with an array of accolades, including Travel + Leisure's "Top 500 Hotels in the World" and "Top 2020 Fine Dining in Thailand".

Looking ahead, The Sukhothai Bangkok will continue to build on its strong presence in the market by revitalising the hotel product and strengthening its branding and positioning.

#### 中國內地

中國內地疫情防控成功,加上強勁的商務及 旅遊內需支持,帶動上海素凱泰酒店、鏞舍 及鏞舍公寓式酒店的入住率於本年度迅速恢 復,取得驕人成績。

集團持有上述中國內地酒店業務的50%權益。

#### 泰國

泰國政府勒令全國封城、關閉各類場所及實 施社交距離限制,對The Sukhothai Bangkok的 業務造成影響。然而,酒店於疫情期間屢膺 殊榮,包括榮獲《Travel + Leisure》評為「Top 500 Hotels in the World」以及「Top 2020 Fine Dining in Thailand」,實屬各員工全力以赴提供優質服務 的成果。

未來,The Sukhothai Bangkok將會重塑酒店產 品、推動品牌發展及明確品牌定位,繼續鞏 固其穩健的市場地位。

## **Management Discussion and Analysis** 管理層討論及分析



#### **HEALTHCARE**

Our wholly-owned subsidiary GenRx Holdings Limited ("GenRx") operates a comprehensive healthcare service network in Hong Kong and Macau. During the Current Year, the Group acquired the remaining 43% interest in H&C Dental. The Group has then full control over all its healthcare units, covering specialist services that focus on chronic disease management, Chinese medicine and dental care, supported by medical diagnostic services, and administrates a comprehensive medical network of over 250 affiliated clinics providing general practitioners, specialists and physiotherapy services.

During the Current Year, GenRx opened its latest MRI imaging centre in Tsuen Wan and its third Traditional Chinese Medicine clinic in Central, further enhancing its services and coverage.

#### **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Group continued to deliver on its corporate social responsibilities ("CSR") despite the global pandemic. These unprecedented challenges prompted the Group to rethink the way it operates and achieves its stakeholders' immediate and long-term objectives. Throughout the Current Year, we expanded the "HKRI All-in" ESG initiative to the group level, and called on stakeholders to collectively support and maintain a "Go Flexible, Go Green" approach to drive our transformation into a more sustainable, resilient, innovative and responsive organisation.

In anticipation of the growing need for sustainability in the postpandemic world, we engaged stakeholders to understand, prioritise and address their needs during and after times of crisis. Significantly, the Group implemented its first long-term sustainability targets in line with the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals, which we aim to achieve by 2030. Full disclosure of our sustainability vision, initiatives and performance are illustrated in our sixth standalone ESG Report. Interested stakeholders may refer to our online ESG Report for more details.

### 醫療保健業務

健力控股有限公司(「健力」) 為集團的全資附 屬公司,提供全面的醫療保健服務,網絡遍 及香港及澳門。集團於本年度收購恒健牙科 醫務所餘下43%權益後,已全權控制旗下所有 醫療保健業務,範疇包括提供慢性疾病管理 的專科服務、中醫、牙科及醫學診斷服務。我 們亦為超過250間涵蓋普通科、專科及物理治 療的聯營診所醫療網絡提供管理服務。

於本年度,健力在荃灣開設全新的磁力共振 掃描中心及在中環開設第三間中醫診所,將 服務範圍及網絡覆蓋進一步擴大。

### 企業社會責任

縱然全球疫情持續,但無阻集團身體力行實 踐企業社會責任。各種空前挑戰促使集團反 思營運方針,並檢討我們為實現持份者短期 和長遠目標所採取的方法。於本年度,我們 一方面將「樂力做」環境、社會及管治計劃提 升至集團層面,另一方面邀請持份者共同參 與,以靈活且環保的方式,推動集團蜕變成 一家在可持續發展、應變能力、創意方面均 更上一層樓的企業。

我們預料疫情過後,全球將日益重視可持續 發展,因此已與持份者進行溝通,從而了解 及優先處理他們在逆境時期及過後的需要。 集團更按照聯合國可持續發展目標,首次設 定長期可持續發展目標,並鋭意於2030年或 之前達成。我們已在獨立刊發的第六份《環 境、社會及管治報告》中全面披露集團在可持 續發展方面的願景、計劃及表現。如欲了解 更多詳情,請參閱網上版報告。



HKRI's continuous improvements in ESG reporting and the Group's growing contributions to the well-being of society and the environment were recognised with the World Green Organization's "Sustainable Business Award 2020" and Alaya Consulting's "Best ESG Report (Small Cap) – Commendation". Another notable accolade was The Hong Kong Council of Social Service's "15 Years Plus Caring Company" logo.

### **ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE**

The pandemic has heightened awareness of biodiversity loss, climate change and pollution, and reinforced our long-standing approach to protecting natural resources and achieving balanced growth. For example, the Group aspires to achieve a higher green building standard in our property development business. The "Sponge City" concept has now been widely adopted in our residential projects in mainland China to embed climate resilience.

The significant surge of waste resulting from pandemic is another concern. Therefore, the Group increased its waste management efforts by expanding recycling services and launching related campaigns. A notable highlight is "The Sustainability Programme", launched by the hospitality segment, which aims to cut plastic consumption, invest in sustainably sourced food and drinks, reduce the Group's carbon footprint, and boost the sustainability of our internal and front-of-house activities. To run the business in a sustainable manner, we are developing appropriate internal Group-level environmental and climate change policies.

香港興業國際在環境、社會及管治報告方面 精益求精,亦越來越積極造福社會及保護環 境。年內,集團榮獲世界綠色組織「企業可持 續發展大獎2020」、本識顧問「最佳ESG報告(小 市值)-嘉許獎|及香港社會服務聯會15年Plus 「商界展關懷」標誌等多個獎項,充分反映香 港興業國際在企業社會責任方面的努力得到 肯定。

### 環境政策及表現

疫情爆發喚醒我們必須正視生物多樣性喪 失、氣候變化及污染問題,同時提醒我們堅 守保護天然資源及達致均衡發展的長遠立 場。例如,集團的物業發展項目致力達到更 高的綠色建築標準。於中國內地的住宅項目 已大多採用「海綿城市」概念,加強應對氣候 變化的能力。

疫情令廢物量急增是另一個備受關注的問 題。為此,集團加強進行廢物管理,包括擴大 回收工作及舉辦回收活動。由酒店及會所部 門推行的新一輪可持續發展計劃,目的是推 廣減少使用塑膠,投放資源購買可持續的食 物和飲料,降低集團碳排放,提升內部和前 線服務的可持續營運。我們正在制訂全集團 適用的內部環境及氣候變化政策,務求達致 業務可持續發展。

### **Management Discussion and Analysis** 管理層討論及分析





#### **COMMUNITY SUPPORT**

The Group remains steadfast in its support of vulnerable communities, especially in these challenging times. The Group continued its "All-in" initiative through the Current Year to give back to the community by shifting events online and collaborating with NGOs from Hong Kong, mainland China and Thailand. During the Current Year, the Group's donations and sponsorships to various charities, schools and welfare organisations totalled HK\$3.4 million. These efforts support underprivileged groups and promote recycling.

### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

The Group employed a total of 1,624 people, as of 31 March 2021. Employee safety and health continue to be our key focus, and the Company places a strong emphasis on employee well-being, and strives to maintain a safe and healthy working environment to that end.

To cope with the challenging COVID-19 conditions, additional resources and measures were deployed to ensure adequate protective gear was available and workplaces were hygienic. To enhance safety awareness, the Group optimised its Corporate Occupational Safety and Health Policy to provide comprehensive occupational safety and health guidance to its various business units

### 社區支援

集團繼續支援弱勢社群,在非常時期更要幫 助他們渡過難關。集團於本年度沿用「樂力 做」這個主題,將活動移師線上,與香港、中 國內地及泰國不同非政府機構合作,攜手回 饋社會。於本年度,集團向慈善團體、學校 及社福機構作出捐款和贊助,共計3.4百萬港 元,以表達對基層市民的關懷,同時為推動 環保回收出力。

### 人力資源

截至2021年3月31日,集團共有1,624名僱員。 本公司始終以僱員的安全和健康為大前提, 亦十分重視僱員身心健康,致力維持一個既 安全又健康的工作環境。

面對新冠肺炎疫情,集團已投放額外資源及 實行新增措施,確保為僱員提供足夠的保護 裝備及保持工作間清潔衛生。集團亦修訂《集 團職業安全與健康政策》,向旗下各業務部門 提供全面的職業安全與健康指引,從而提高 安全意識。



#### **CUSTOMERS**

The Group attaches the utmost importance to customer satisfaction, so multiple channels and methods have been developed to improve the quality of our products and services. We are dedicated to ensuring the quality and safety of our properties during bidding and construction phases. After a property is leased out, HKRI maintains close relationships with our tenants and listen to their feedback. Providing the best services to customers is a standard the Group upholds in its hospitality, property management, transportation and healthcare segments. As part of this commitment, the Group has implemented a set of rigorous control measures to safeguard customers' interests.

#### **SUPPLIERS**

Echoing our commitment to operating in a socially and environmentally responsible manner, we also place emphasis on the sustainability of our supply chain. The Group selects its suppliers according to prudent guidelines stipulated in our Tender and Procurement Policies. At the same time, a new Supplier Code of Conduct is in place to convey our expectations to suppliers in terms of business ethics, labour and human rights, and environmental performance.

The Group prefers suppliers that use green, non-hazardous and recyclable materials and adhere to paperless operations. Suppliers' efforts to reduce their carbon footprint in terms of transportation are also encouraged.

### 客戶

集團將滿足客戶需要放在第一位,因此利用 不同渠道及方法,力求讓產品和服務盡善盡 美。從招標開始到施工階段,我們都以盡責 的專業態度,確保物業優質和安全。我們與 租戶保持緊密關係,用心聆聽他們對於集團 出租物業的意見。無論酒店及會所、物業管 理、交通運輸或醫療保健業務,我們都秉持 集團一貫標準,為客戶提供最優質服務。集 團為遵守承諾,已落實一系列的監控措施, 嚴格守護客戶利益。

### 供應商

作為對社會及環境負責的企業,集團亦相當 重視供應鏈的可持續發展,因此依循《招標及 採購政策》的指引,審慎甄選供應商。此外, 集團已增設《供應商守則》,訂明集團對供應 商在商業道德、勞工權益、人權及環保方面 的要求。

集團挑選供應商時,會優先考慮採用環保、 無害物質及可回收材料和奉行無紙化辦公理 念的供應商。與此同時,集團鼓勵供應商積 極保護環境,減少交通運輸所造成的碳足跡。

# **Board of Directors**

董事會

### **Mr CHA Mou Zing Victor** 查懋成先生

Executive Chairman 執行主席

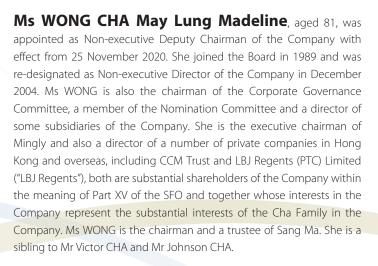


**Mr CHA Mou Zing Victor** *BA, MBA,* aged 71, was appointed as Executive Director and Chairman of the Company with effect from 1989 and 25 November 2020 respectively. He was the Managing Director and the Deputy Chairman of the Company until his appointment as Chairman. Mr CHA is also a member of the Corporate Governance Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee and a director of some subsidiaries of the Company. He has over 40 years extensive experience in real estate development and textile manufacturing. Mr CHA is a non-executive director ("NED") of Mingly Corporation ("Mingly", a substantial shareholder of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Future Ordinance ("SFO") and a subsidiary of CCM Turst (Cayman) Limited ("CCM Trust")). He ceased as an independent non-executive director ("INED") of SOHO China Limited ("SOHO China") and alternate INED of New World Development Company Limited ("NWD") with effect from 17 August 2018 and 6 November 2020 (PST) respectively. SOHO China and NWD are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Mr CHA is the chairman of each of the Hong Kong-Japan Business Co-operation Committee of Hong Kong Trade Development Council and Hong Kong Arts Festival Society Limited. He is also a governor of the China-United States Exchange Foundation, a member of the board of trustees of The Better Hong Kong Foundation and trustee of Sang Ma Trust Fund ("Sang Ma"). Mr CHA is a sibling to Ms Madeline WONG and Mr Johnson CHA.

查 懋 成 先 生 BA, MBA · 71 歲 · 分 別 於 1989 年 及2020年11月25日獲委任為本公司執行董事 及主席。彼於獲委任為主席前為本公司之董 事總經理及副主席。查先生亦為本公司企業 管治委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會成員 及若干附屬公司之董事。彼於房地產發展及 紡織製造業務具有逾40年豐富經驗。查先生 為名力集團控股有限公司(「名力」,根據證 券及期貨條例(「證券條例」)第XV部為本公司 主要股東及CCM Trust (Cavman) Limited (「CCM Trust]) 之 附 屬 公 司 ) 之 非 執 行 董 事(「非 執 董」)。彼分別於2018年8月17日及2020年11月6 日(太平洋標準時間)起停任SOHO中國有限公 司(「SOHO中國」)獨立非執行董事(「獨董」)及 新世界發展有限公司(「新世界」)候補獨董之 職務。SOHO中國及新世界均於香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。查先生分別擔 任香港貿易發展局港日經濟合作委員會及香 港藝術節協會有限公司之主席。彼亦為中美 交流基金會理事、香港明天更好基金之信託 人委員會委員及桑麻基金會(「桑麻基金」)受 託人。查先生為王查美龍女士之弟及查懋德 先生之兄。

## Ms WONG CHA May Lung Madeline 王查美龍女士

Non-executive Deputy Chairman 非執行副主席



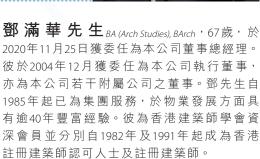
王 查 美 龍 女 士,81歲,於2020年11月25 日獲委任為本公司非執行副主席。彼於1989 年加入本公司董事會,並於2004年12月調任 為非執行董事。王女士亦為本公司企業管治 委員會主席、提名委員會成員及若干附屬公 司之董事。彼為名力之執行主席及多家香港 及海外私人公司之董事(包括CCM Trust及LBJ Regents (PTC) Limited (「LBJ Regents」),兩家公司 根據證券條例第XV部為本公司主要股東,彼 等於本公司之權益代表查氏家族於本公司之 權益)。王女士為桑麻基金之主席及受託人。 彼為查懋成先生及查懋德先生之姊。



# Mr TANG Moon Wah 鄧滿華先生

Managing Director 董事總經理

Mr TANG Moon Wah BA (Arch Studies), BArch, aged 67, was appointed as the Managing Director of the Company with effect from 25 November 2020. He was appointed as Executive Director of the Company in December 2004 and is also a director of some subsidiaries of the Company. Mr TANG has been serving in the Group since 1985 and has over 40 years extensive experience in property development. He is a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Architects and has been an Authorised Person and Registered Architect since 1982 and 1991 respectively.





## **Board of Directors** 董事會

### Mr CHEUNG Ho Koon 張浩觀先生 Executive Director 執行董事

Mr CHEUNG Ho Koon BA (Arch Studies), BArch, aged 58, was appointed Executive Director in February 2021. He joined the Group in 1996 and currently serves as Head of Projects and Country Head of Thailand, leading the Group's projects team and overseeing the daily operation and property development in Thailand. Mr CHEUNG is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Before joining the Group, he worked in various architectural and property developers and has over 30 years extensive experience in project management on property development. Mr CHEUNG graduated from the University of Hong Kong in 1989 with an honors degree both in Bachelor of Architectural Studies and Bachelor of Architecture. He is a member of Hong Kong Institute of Architects and has been the Authorised Person since 1991.



張浩觀先生BA (Arch Studies), BArch,58歲,於 2021年2月獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼於 1996年加入集團,現為集團項目總監及泰國 區域總監,負責帶領集團項目團隊、並監管 泰國日常業務營運及物業發展事宜。張先生 亦為本公司若干附屬公司之董事。於加入集 團前,彼曾在多家建築及物業發展公司工 作,於物業發展之項目管理具有逾30年豐富 經驗。張先生於1989年畢業於香港大學,擁有 建築學及建築榮譽學士學位。彼為香港建築 師學會會員,並自1991年起成為香港註冊建 築師認可人士。

## Ms NGAN Man Ying 顏文英女士

Executive Director 執行董事

Ms NGAN Man Ying BA (Business), FCCA, CPA, aged 55, was appointed Executive Director in February 2021. She joined the Group in 2018 and currently serves as Head of Group Finance in leading the Group finance and treasury functions as well as overseeing the Group's residential property management, transportation services, information technology, corporate communication and legal functions. Ms NGAN is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Before joining the Group, she had held several senior positions in New World group and an international accounting firm. Ms NGAN has over 33 years extensive experience in finance function and in property development sector. She holds a Bachelor Degree in Business from the University of Southern Queensland and is a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants of the United Kingdom ("ACCA").



顏文英女士BA (Business), FCCA, CPA, 55歲,於 2021年2月獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼於 2018年加入集團,現為集團財務總監,負責 集團財務及庫務,並監管集團的住宅物業管 理、交通運輸服務、資訊科技、企業傳訊及法 務職能。顏女士亦為本公司若干附屬公司之 董事。於加入集團前,彼曾於新世界集團及 一所國際級的會計公司擔任多個高級職位。 顏女士於財務管理及地產發展方面具有逾33 年豐富經驗。彼持有南昆士蘭大學商業學士 學位,並為香港會計師公會的註冊會計師及 英國特許公認會計師公會的資深會員。

### The Honourable **Ronald Joseph ARCULLI** 夏佳理先生

Non-executive Director 非執行董事





**夏佳理先生**<sub>GBM, CVO, GBS, OBE, JP</sub>, 82歲,於 1989年加入本公司董事會,並於2005年6月調 任為非執行董事。彼為金杜律師事務所的資 深合夥人。夏佳理先生為信和酒店(集團)有 限公司、信和置業有限公司、尖沙咀置業集 團有限公司、港燈電力投資管理人有限公司 (港燈電力投資受託人一經理)及港燈電力投 資有限公司之非執董。彼自2021年4月30日起 停任恒隆地產有限公司獨董之職務。除港燈 電力投資管理人有限公司外,上述公司均於 聯交所上市。夏佳理先生亦於香港及海外其 他公眾及私人公司擔任董事。彼現為富衛集 團主席、香港證券及投資學會榮譽資深會員 及香港公益金之名譽副會長及前董事委員會 委員。夏佳理先生亦為西九文化區管理局董 事局成員及副主席,並為其行政委員會及發 展委員會之主席,以及其投資委員會及薪酬 委員會成員。

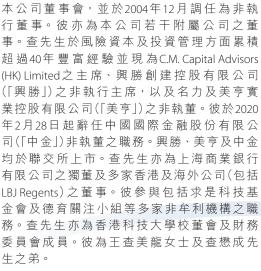
# **Board of Directors** 董事會

# Mr CHA Mou Daid Johnson 查懋德先生

Non-executive Director 非執行董事



查 懋 德 先 生 BS. MBA · 69 歲 · 於 1989 年 加入



# **Mr CHEUNG Wing Lam Linus** 張永霖先生

Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事

Mr CHEUNG Wing Lam Linus BSSc, JP, aged 73, joined the Board in January 2006 and was re-designated as Independent Non-executive Director in March 2012. He is also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee of the Company. Mr CHEUNG is an INED of China Unicom (Hong Kong) Limited which is listed on the Stock Exchange. He ceased as the board of directors of Sotheby's with effect from 3 October 2019 due to its privatization and delisted from the New York Stock Exchange on the same day. Mr CHEUNG was also the chief executive of Hong Kong Telecommunications Limited from 1994 to 2000, deputy chairman of PCCW Limited from August 2000 to February 2004 and INED of Taikang Life Insurance Co. Ltd. from 2005 to 2011.

張永霖先生*BSSc, JP* · 73歲,於2006年1月加 科有限公司之副主席及於2005年至2011年期間 擔任泰康人壽保險股份有限公司獨董之職務。



## **Mr Fan Hung Ling Henry** 范鴻齡先生

Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事



Mr FAN Hung Ling Henry BA, LLB, SBS, JP, aged 73, was appointed Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in November 2017. He is also the chairman of the Nomination Committee, a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. Mr FAN has over 30 years experience in business management. He is currently an INED of Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange and the managing director of Hong Kong Glory Limited, a family investment company. Mr FAN also served as a director and then managing director of CITIC Pacific Limited (now known as CITIC Limited) from 1990 and 1992 respectively to 2009 and the deputy chairman of Cathay Pacific Airways Limited from 1997 to 2009. He has a long record of public services in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("HKSAR") and is currently the chairman of the Hospital Authority and West Kowloon Cultural District Foundation Limited, a member of the Chief Executive's Council of Advisers on Innovation and Strategic Development, a member of the board of the Financial Services Development Council and the West Kowloon Cultural District Authority. Mr FAN was also a non-official member of the Executive Council of Hong Kong, chairman of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority, NED of Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong ("SFC") and INED of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited ("HKEC"). He is an Attorney-at-Law in the State of California, U.S.A. and Barrister-at-Law in Hong Kong and England and Wales.

**范鴻齡先生**<sub>BA, LLB, SBS, JP</sub>, 73歲, 於2017年 11月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦 為本公司提名委員會主席、薪酬委員會及企 業管治委員會成員。范先生於商業管理方面 擁有逾30年經驗。彼現為於聯交所上市之新 鴻基地產發展有限公司之獨董及家族投資公 司彩港有限公司之董事總經理。范先生分別 自1990年及1992年起擔任中信泰富有限公司 (現稱中國中信股份有限公司)董事及董事總 經理之職務至2009年,以及於1997至2009年 期間擔任國泰航空有限公司之副主席。彼長 期為香港特別行政區的公共服務作出貢獻, 現為醫院管理局及西九文化區基金會有限 公司主席、行政長官創新及策略發展顧問團 成員、金融發展局及西九文化區管理局董事 會成員。范先生亦曾出任香港行政會議非官 守議員、強制性公積金計劃管理局主席、香 港證券及期貨事務監察委員會(「證監會」)之 非執董及香港交易及結算所有限公司(「港交 所」)之獨董。彼在美國加利福尼亞州獲律師 資格,以及在香港、英格蘭及威爾斯獲大律 師資格。

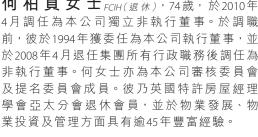
# **Board of Directors** 董事會

## Ms HO Pak Ching Loretta 何柏貞女士

Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事

Ms HO Pak Ching Loretta FCIH (retired), aged 74, was re-designated as Independent Non-executive Director with effect from April 2010. Prior to her re-designation, she was appointed as Executive Director in 1994 and redesignated as Non-executive Director in April 2008 upon her retirement from all executive roles in the Group. Ms HO is also a member of both the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. She is a retired member of the Chartered Institute of Housing Asian Pacific Branch and has over 45 years extensive experience in property development, property investment and management.

**何柏貞女士** FCIH(退休),74歲,於2010年 4月調任為本公司獨立非執行董事。於調職 前,彼於1994年獲委任為本公司執行董事,並 於2008年4月退任集團所有行政職務後調任為 非執行董事。何女士亦為本公司審核委員會 及提名委員會成員。彼乃英國特許房屋經理 學會亞太分會退休會員,並於物業發展、物





Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事

Ms Barbara SHIU BSC, MBA, aged 65, was appointed Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in April 2021. She is also a member of the Audit Committee of the Company. Ms SHIU has over 35 years experience in financial services and had held several senior positions in various financial institutions including the Bank of China group. She was the general manager of Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited in charge of the operational risk and compliance department when she retired in 2014. Ms SHIU is currently a NED of Livi Bank Limited and Livi Holdings Limited and chairs the risk committees of both companies. She also has a long record of public services in the HKSAR and is active in non-profit making organisations. Ms SHIU is currently a member of risk management committee of HKEC. She was also the chairman of Hong Kong Securities Institute, a director of Hong Kong Deposit Protection Board and Financial Dispute Resolution Centre, a member of the International Advisory committee of China Securities Regulatory Commission as well as a member of the Product Advisory Committee and Investor Education Advisory Committee of SFC. Ms SHIU obtained a Bachelor honors degree in Science and a Master degree in Business Administration, both from University of Toronto.

邵 蓓 蘭 女 士 BSc, MBA, 65歲, 於2021年4月 獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本 公司審核委員會成員。邵女士於金融服務方 面擁有逾35年經驗並曾於多家金融機構包 括中銀集團擔任高級職位。彼於2014年退休 前為中國銀行(香港)有限公司總經理,統管 操作風險及合規部門。邵女士現為Livi Bank Limited 及Livi Holdings Limited 之非執董及風險 委員會主席。彼亦長期為香港特別行政區的 公共服務作出貢獻及積極參與非牟利機構之 職務。邵女士現為港交所風險管理委員會成 員。彼亦曾出任香港證券專業學會董事會主 席、香港存款保障委員會及金融糾紛調解中 心之董事、中國證券監督管理委員會國際顧 問委員會成員,以及證監會產品諮詢委員會 和投資者教育諮詢委員會之成員。邵女士持 有多倫多大學榮譽科學學士學位及商業管理 碩士學位。



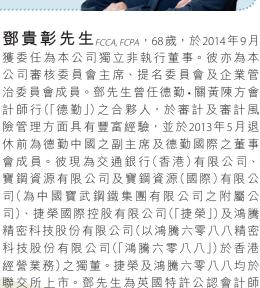
# Mr TANG Kwai Chang 鄧貴彰先生

Independent Non-executive Director 獨立非執行董事



convenor of Financial Reporting Review Panel of the Financial Reporting

Council.



為香港會計師公會紀律小組成員及財務匯報

局財務匯報檢討委員會召集人。



# **Directors' Report**

# 董事會報告

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of HKR International Limited (the "Company") announces the audited final results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2021.

香港興業國際集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事 會(「董事會」)宣佈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱 「集團」)截至2021年3月31日止年度之經審核 全年業績。

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of its principal subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are set out in note 44 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 213 to 226.

## **RESULTS AND DIVIDEND**

Results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 98.

The Board has recommended the declaration of a final dividend of HK5 cents per share for the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: HK7 cents) to the shareholders whose names appear on the registers of members of the Company on 3 September 2021. The proposed final dividend will be paid on 20 September 2021 following approval at the 2021 annual general meeting of the Company to be held on 25 August 2021 (the "2021 AGM"). The proposed final dividend together with the interim dividend of HK4 cents per share for the six months ended 30 September 2020 makes up a total dividend of HK9 cents per share for the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: HK12 cents).

### **CLOSURE OF REGISTERS OF MEMBERS**

The main and branch registers of members of the Company will be closed from 20 to 25 August 2021 (both days inclusive) and from 1 to 3 September 2021 (both days inclusive) for the 2021 AGM and the final dividend respectively. During the periods, no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2021 AGM, and entitled for the proposed final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2021, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on 19 August and 31 August 2021 respectively. The notice of the 2021 AGM will be published on the websites of the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and despatched to the shareholders of the Company in due course.

## 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。其主要附屬 公司、聯營公司及合營公司之業務載於第213 頁至第226頁之綜合財務報表附註44內。

## 業績及股息

集團截至2021年3月31日止年度之業績載於第 98頁之綜合損益表內。

董事會建議向於2021年9月3日名列本公司股 東名冊之股東宣派截至2021年3月31日止年度 之末期股息每股5港仙(2020年:7港仙)。建議 之末期股息於本公司2021年8月25日所舉行的 2021年股東週年大會(「2021股東年會」)上獲 批准後,將於2021年9月20日派付。建議之末 期股息連同截至2020年9月30日止六個月之中 期股息每股4港仙計算,截至2021年3月31日 止年度之股息總額為每股9港仙(2020年:12 港仙)。

## 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司之股份過戶登記總處及分處將於2021 年8月20日至25日(包括首尾兩天)及於2021年 9月1日至3日(包括首尾兩天),分別就2021股 東年會及末期股息暫停辦理股份過戶登記手 續。於上述兩段期間,股份之轉讓手續將不 予辦理。為確保合資格出席2021股東年會並 於會上投票及合資格收取截至2021年3月31日 止年度之末期股息,所有填妥的股份過戶文 件連同相關股票最遲須分別於2021年8月19日 及8月31日下午4時30分或之前送達本公司之 香港股份過戶登記處香港中央證券登記有限 公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和 中心17樓1712-1716室,以辦理登記手續。2021 股東年會通告將隨後於本公司及香港聯合交 易所有限公司(「聯交所」)網站刊發及發送予 本公司股東。

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Review of the Group's business and analysis of the Group's performance using financial key performance indicators during the year, a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing by the Group and an indication of the likely future development of the Group's business are provided in the sections of this annual report headed "Chairman's Statement" (on pages 8 to 15), "Management Discussion and Analysis" (on pages 16 to 31), "Directors' Report" (on pages 40 to 59), "Financial Highlights" (on page 83), "Financial Review" (on pages 84 to 88), "Five-year Financial Summary" (on page 231) and in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. For review of the development, performance or position of the Group's business, the Group's environmental policies and performance, compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group and understanding of the Group's key relationships with its employees, customers and suppliers and others that have a significant impact on the Group, please see sections of this annual report headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" (on pages 16 to 31), "Directors' Report" (on pages 40 to 59) and "Corporate Governance Report" (on pages 60 to 82) as well as the Environmental, Social and Governance Report of the Company which is published online at the same time of this annual report.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2021, the Company has complied with the requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") and the applicable companies laws. Details of the Company's compliance with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report contained in the Listing Rules are provided in the "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 60 to 82.

The Group has set up proper procedures to ensure adherence to the relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group in conduct of its business, including but not limited to the Residential Properties (First-hand Sales) Ordinance, Competition Ordinance, Buildings Ordinance, Hotel and Guesthouse Accommodation Ordinance, Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, Minimum Wage Ordinance, Employment Ordinance, Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance, Regulations on Administration of Development and Operation of Urban Real Estate, Regulations on Administration of Qualification of Real Estate Development Enterprises and Regulatory Measures on the Sale of Commercial Houses. Any new enactment of or changes in the relevant laws and regulations would be communicated to the relevant departments and staff to ensure compliance. Reminders on compliance would also be sent out where necessary. During the year under review, there were no recorded cases of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations regarding the environment, labour standards, occupational health and safety, anti-corruption or data privacy in Hong Kong and overseas.

### 業務回顧

於年內,集團業務之審視及採用財務關鍵績 效指標之分析、集團面對之主要風險和不明 朗因素之描述,以及集團日後可能出現之業 務發展,均載於本年報之[主席報告](第8頁 至第15頁)、「管理層討論及分析」(第16頁至 第31頁)、「董事會報告」(第40頁至第59頁)、 「財務概要」(第83頁)、「財務回顧」(第84頁至 第88頁)、「五年財務概要」(第231頁)及綜合財 務報表附註內。有關審視集團業務發展、表 現或狀況、集團環境政策和表現、遵守對集 團有重大影響之相關法律和法規,以及了解 集團與其僱員、客戶和供應商及對集團有重 大影響的其他人士之重要關係方面,請參閱 本年報之「管理層討論及分析」(第16頁至第31 頁)、「董事會報告」(第40頁至第59頁)及「企業 管治報告」(第60頁至第82頁)以及與本年報同 一時間在網上發佈之本公司環境、社會及管 治報告。

於截至2021年3月31日止財政年度內,本公司 已遵守聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)、 證券及期貨條例(「證券條例」)以及適用之公 司法的規定。有關本公司遵守上市規則企業 管治守則及企業管治報告所載之守則條文的 詳情載於第60頁至第82頁之「企業管治報告」 內。

集團已制訂適當之程序,以確保遵守對集團 業務有重大影響之相關法律及規例,包括但 不限於《一手住宅物業銷售條例》、《競爭條 例》、《建築物條例》、《旅館業條例》、《個人資 料(私隱)條例》、《最低工資條例》、《僱傭條 例》、《職業安全及健康條例》、《城市房地產開 發經營管理條例》、《房地產開發企業資質管 理規定》及《商品房銷售管理辦法》。相關部門 及員工會獲知會相關法律及規例之任何新頒 布或變動,以確保符合相關規定。如有需要, 亦會發送合規提示。於回顧年度內,集團並 無任何違反與環境、勞工準則、職業健康與 安全、反貪污或資料私隱相關之香港及海外 法律及規例之個案。

### RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's businesses, financial conditions, results of operations and growth prospects may be affected by risks and uncertainties directly or indirectly pertaining to the Group's businesses. The risk factors set out below are those that could result in the Group businesses, financial conditions, results of operations or growth prospects differing materially from expected or historical results. Such factors are by no means exhaustive or comprehensive, and there may be other risks in addition to those shown below which are not known to the Group or which may not be material now but could turn out to be very material in the future. In addition, this annual report does not constitute a recommendation or advice to invest in the securities of the Company and investors are advised to make their own judgment or consult their own investment advisors before making any investment in the securities of the Company.

#### **OUTBREAK OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC** A)

The outbreak of novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) since January 2020 has posed significant adverse impact on global economy. Governments all over the world, including places of businesses at which the Group operates, have imposed increasingly stringent restrictions, such as lockdowns, borders controls, travel restrictions and other social distancing measures, to contain the spread of the disease. The Group's operations and financial performance were inevitably affected during the year as a result of the community standstill, disruption of business activities, and weakened sentiment in consumption and tourism related sectors. Although various COVID-19 vaccines have been developed, large scale vaccination programmes take time to implement while this highly infectious disease is still evolving with the emergence of new COVID-19 variants which are potentially much more contagious. The long-term adverse impact of the pandemic to the Group's business remains uncertain as duration and severity of the pandemic, as well as the corresponding response measures to be imposed by the authorities, are factors that are hardly be accurately predicted by the Group. To mitigate the risks, the Group will continue to closely monitor the pandemic development and react timely and proactively to the impact of the same on its operations and performance, including but not limited to the implementation of further cost control measures and launching more creative campaigns to enhance the competitiveness of its retail portfolio and hotel staycation offers. In addition, the Company will continue to use its best endeavours to protect the well-being of its employees, including regular disinfection in the workplace, continuous provision of anti-pandemic supplies and reminders of healthy living, increasing utilisation of virtual meetings and adopting appropriate flexible working arrangements while ensuring its operations is maintained at normal level

## 風險及不明朗因素

集團之業務、財務狀況、營運業績及發展前 景均可能會受到與集團業務直接或間接有關 之風險及不明朗因素所影響。下列風險因素 可能會導致集團之業務、財務狀況、營運業 績或發展前景與預期或過往業績出現重大 差異。所有風險因素或未能詳錄,而已列出 之因素亦非全面涵蓋各範疇,且除下列風險 外,亦可能存在集團未知之其他風險,或目 前未必屬於重大但日後可能變成重大之風 險。此外,本年報並不構成投資本公司證券 的建議或意見,投資者在投資本公司證券之 前,務須自行判斷或諮詢彼等的投資顧問。

### 新型冠狀病毒疫情爆發

新型冠狀病毒(COVID-19)疫情自2020年1月 爆發以來,對全球經濟造成重大不利影響。 全球各地包括集團營業所在地之政府為控 制疫情傳播,已持續加強嚴控管制,例如實 施封城、關口管制、旅遊限制及其他社交距 離措施。面對社區停擺、業務活動中斷及消 費旅遊相關行業氣氛疲弱,集團本年度之業 務及財務表現難免受到影響。儘管已研發出 各類新冠疫苗,但落實大規模的疫苗接種計 劃需時,而且傳染性高的新型冠狀病毒持續 變異,更出現傳染性更高的新變種病毒。由 於集團難以準確預測疫情持續時間及嚴重 程度和有關當局將採取之應對措施等因素, 故疫情長遠對集團業務造成之影響仍為未知 之數。集團為降低所涉及之風險,將會密切 留意疫情發展,並會迅速採取積極措施應對 集團業務及業績遭受之相關影響,包括但不 限於加強成本控制、舉辦更多富創意活動提 高集團零售物業組合之競爭力,以及推出更 多於酒店留港度假之優惠。另一方面,本公 司亦會繼續盡力保障僱員安全,包括定期消 毒工作間、持續向僱員派發防疫用品、提醒 僱員注重健康生活、更善用視像會議,以及 適當地作出能維持公司正常運作的彈性上班 安排。

### B) RISKS PERTAINING TO PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT

Property development and investment are the Group's core businesses, primarily in Hong Kong, mainland China, Thailand and Japan. There exist a number of factors which could affect the property market in these regions, including among other things, changes in the economic, political and legal environment, as well as social issues like the recent large-scale outbreak of pandemic disease. These inherent risks may affect the Group's investment strategy, business model and the performance of the Group's overall financial results and positions. To mitigate the risks, the Group actively assesses overall economic, social, political, legal, and property market developments as well as their changes in these regions and continue to review and evaluate its investment strategy to ensure the Group responds to the market changes promptly and appropriately. The Group will also stay alert to market needs and continuously upkeep the quality of its investment properties, and build up a diversified and high-quality tenant-mix in order to preserve its competitiveness. For each potential project, detailed feasibility and stress test with regard to all aspects will be carried out before making any commitment and will also share such risk with potential joint venture partner, if considered appropriate.

#### RISKS PERTAINING TO OPERATIONS OF THE GROUP C)

The Group's operations are subject to a number of risk factors distinctive to the operation of property development and investment, hospitality, services provided and healthcare business. For instance, default on the part of contractors or sub-contractors, buyers and tenants; or inadequacies or failures of internal processes and systems; or other external factors such as the outbreak of pandemic disease, rising construction cost, increasing competition and seasonality. In addition, accidents which may happen despite policies and procedures are set up for their prevention, can lead to financial loss, litigation, damage of reputation and may cause certain degree of negative impact on the results of the operations. To mitigate the relevant risks, the Group regularly reviews its existing policies and procedures to ensure their effectiveness and adequacy, imposes straight guidelines on carefully selecting and engaging vendors, closely monitors the project time frame and status, keeps on assessing the market condition and changes in order to react with appropriate business strategies, such as try to increase the local market shares in its hotel operation by launching attractive package as well as continuously improves its service quality and facilities to ensure its competitiveness. The Group has also arranged adequate insurance coverage on business interruption or disaster that may result in loss of income.

### 與物業發展及投資有關之風險

物業發展及投資為集團之核心業務,主要位 於香港、中國內地、泰國及日本。該等地區 均有多項因素可影響其物業市場,其中包括 經濟、政治與法律環境之變化,以及發生類 似近期疫症大規模爆發等社會事件。該等既 有風險或會影響集團之投資策略、業務模式 以及集團整體財務業績及狀況之表現。為減 低該等風險,集團會積極評估該等地區在經 濟、社會、政治、法律及物業市場方面之整 體發展及變化,並持續就其投資策略進行檢 討及評估,以確保集團能就市場變化迅速作 出嫡當之應對措施。集團亦會密切關注市場 需求,繼續保持其投資物業的質素及建立多 元化和優質的租戶組合,以保持自身的競爭 力。於對各潛在項目作出投資承諾前,集團 會就所有方面進行詳盡之可行性及壓力測 試,並在認為合適之情況下與潛在合資夥伴 共同承擔該等風險。

### 與集團營運有關之風險 C)

集團營運受到物業發展及投資、酒店業務、 配套服務及醫療保健業務等多種特有之風險 因素所影響。例如,來自承辦商或分包商、買 家及租戶之失責行為,或內部流程及系統之 不足或缺陷,或其他外圍因素(如疫症爆發、 建築成本上升、競爭加劇及季節性等因素)。 此外,即使已制訂防範意外之政策及程序, 意外仍可能會發生,繼而可引致財務損失、 訴訟、聲譽受損,並可能對營運業績造成一 定程度之負面影響。為緩解相關風險,集團 會定期檢討其現有政策及程序以確保其有效 充份、給予清晰指引以慎重選擇及聘用供應 商、密切監察項目時間表及狀況、持續評估 市場狀況及變動,藉此制訂合適之商業策略 (例如推出吸引客戶的套票優惠來擴大集團酒 店業務於當地之市場佔有率)作出應對,以及 持續改善服務質素及設施,以確保集團之競 爭力。集團亦已購買足夠的保險,以保障因 業務中斷或災害而導致之收入損失。

### **FINANCIAL RISKS**

The major financial instruments of the Group include equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, investments in debt instruments measured at amortised cost, trade receivables, amounts due from associates, loans to joint ventures, amounts due from joint ventures, bank balances and cash, other financial assets, trade payables, deposits received and other financial liabilities, bank and other loans and other liabilities. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Details of these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out in note 43 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 200 to 212.

#### E) **HUMAN RESOURCES RISKS**

The Group's success is dependent upon its ability to attract, train, retain and motivate highly skilled and qualified staff members in every aspect. The loss of key personnel, or the inability to find additional qualified personnel, could materially and adversely affect the Group's prospects and results of operations. To mitigate such uncertainty, succession planning is adopted to identify successors for key management positions and continuously provide coaching and training, both in-house and external, for talent development. The Group also regularly reviews its compensation and benefit packages to ensure such packages are in line with the market as well as creates a bonding culture to strengthen the sense of belongings of staff members.

### **CYBER-ATTACKS RISKS** F)

Corporate cyber-attacks have increased in frequency, scale and severity in recent years. Cyber-attacks may cause loss of data, leakage of confidential information including personal information of customers and employees, equipment failure and also disruptions to the Group's or its partners' operation for a significant period of time. The adverse impact of cyber-attacks may include reputation damage, loss of investors' confidence, loss of revenue from business interruption and resulting claims, all of which could be substantial. To mitigate the risk of cyberattacks on the Group, external cyber security consultant has been engaged to conduct cyber security assessment and penetration tests on a regular basis. Information technology orientation sessions and disaster recovery drills are regularly conducted. Firewall, email filtering and web content filtering have been adopted and anti-virus programs on servers and computers have been installed. In addition, regular user-education on cyber security risks is maintained through internal communication. All these measures could prevent the attacks from hackers and reduce cyber security risks.

### D) 財務風險

集團之主要金融工具包括按公平值計入其他 全面收益計量之股本工具、按公平值計入損 益之金融資產、按攤銷成本計量之債務工具 投資、應收貿易賬款、應收聯營公司款項、 貸款予合營公司、應收合營公司款項、銀行 結餘及現金、其他金融資產、應付貿易賬款、 已收按金及其他金融負債、銀行及其他貸款 以及其他負債。該等金融工具相關風險包括 市場風險(貨幣風險、利率風險及其他價格風 險)、信貸風險以及流動資金風險。該等金融 工具之詳情及如何減低相關風險之政策載於 第200頁至第212頁之綜合財務報表附註43內。

### 人力資源風險

集團之成功有賴其能否吸引、培訓、挽留及 激勵不同層面之熟練及優秀員工。流失關鍵 人員或未能覓得需增聘而合資格的人員或 會對集團之前景及營運業績造成重大不利影 響。為減少該不確定因素,集團設有繼任計 劃以物色關鍵管理職位之繼任人,並持續提 供內部及外部指導與培訓,以培育人才。集 團亦定期檢討薪酬及福利待遇,以確保有關 待遇與市場薪酬水平一致,並建立融洽文化 以增強員工的歸屬感。

### 網絡攻擊風險

近年來,發生企業網絡攻擊個案之頻率、規 模及嚴重程度均有所增加。網絡攻擊可能會 令資料遺失、機密資料(包括客戶及僱員之個 人資料)外洩、設備故障以及集團或其合作夥 伴長時間營運中斷。遭受網絡攻擊可造成深 遠之影響,包括聲譽受損、打擊投資者信心、 因業務受阻而導致收入損失及隨之而來的索 償。集團為減低遭受網絡攻擊之風險,已委 聘外部網絡安全顧問定期進行網絡安全評估 及滲透測試;定期舉行資訊科技入職培訓及 災後復原演習;採用防火牆、電子郵件及網 站內容過濾軟件,並已在伺服器及電腦安裝 防毒軟件。此外,集團亦會透過內部通訊定 期教育用戶有關網絡安全風險的知識。上述 所有措施均可防止黑客攻擊及減低網絡安全

### **G) COMPLIANCE RISKS**

Whilst the Group has a diversified portfolio of business operations across Hong Kong, mainland China and other key cities in Asia, there may be a risk associated with the failure to anticipate the trend of regulatory changes on compliance with the relevant requirements of the local laws or regulations. To mitigate the risks, the Group continually monitors changes in relevant local laws and regulations, actively assesses the effect of relevant developments and seeks for legal advice whenever necessary to ensure that the relevant requirements are properly complied with in an effective manner.

Risk management is closely linked to the Group's internal control framework. Key controls for mitigating high risks identified in the risk management process are subject to independent review by the Internal Audit Department. During the year under review, the Audit Committee, on behalf of the Board, has reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. Details of the aforesaid review of the effectiveness are disclosed in the "Corporate Governance Report" on pages 60 to 82.

### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements on page 190.

### **DIRECTORS**

During the financial year ended 31 March 2021, Mr Payson CHA, the Company's late Chairman, passed away on 6 November 2020 (PST) as well as Mr CHEUNG Ho Koon and Ms NGAN Man Ying were appointed as the Executive Directors ("ED(s)") of the Company with effect from 1 February 2021. In addition, Mr Abraham CHUNG resigned as ED and Ms Barbara SHIU was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director ("INED") of the Company both with effect from 1 April 2021. The Directors as at the date of this annual report are those set out on pages 32 to 39 of this annual report.

### G) 合規風險

集團之多元化業務組合遍佈香港、中國內地 及亞洲區內其他主要城市,故在遵守當地相 關法律法規規定方面,可能存在與未能預測 監管法規變動趨勢相關之風險。為降低相關 風險,集團持續留意當地相關法律及規例之 變動,積極評估有關發展帶來之影響,並於 必要時尋求法律意見,以確保有效及恰當地 遵守相關規定。

風險管理與集團之內部監控框架息息相關。 風險管理過程中為減緩高風險項目而採取之 主要監控措施,皆會經內部審核部門獨立審 查。於回顧年內,審核委員會代表董事會檢 討集團風險管理及內部監控系統之有效性。 有關上述有效性檢討之詳情披露於第60頁至 第82頁之「企業管治報告」內。

## 股本

有關本公司股本之詳情載於第190頁之綜合財 務報表附註32內。

## 董事

於截至2021年3月31日止財政年度內,本公司 已故主席查懋聲先生於2020年11月6日(太平 洋標準時間)辭世,而張浩觀先生及顏文英女 士自2021年2月1日起獲委任為本公司執行董 事(「執董」)。此外,自2021年4月1日起,鍾心 田先生辭任本公司執董及邵蓓蘭女士獲委任 為本公司獨立非執行董事(「獨董」)。於本年 報日期在任之董事載於本年報第32頁至第39 百內。

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association (the "Articles"). the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") and Corporate Governance Report as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, Mr Victor CHA, Mr CHEUNG Ho Koon, Ms NGAN Man Ying, Mr Johnson CHA, Mr Henry FAN, Ms Loretta HO and Ms Barbara SHIU will retire by rotation at the 2021 AGM. All the retiring Directors, being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election at the 2021 AGM. Other remaining Directors will continue in office. None of the Directors offering themselves for reelection at the 2021 AGM has a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation) and all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGMs of the Company in accordance with the Articles. The rotation clause sets up a mechanism to ensure that all Directors shall retire at least once every three years.

Each of the INEDs of the Company has confirmed his/her independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all INEDs of the Company meet the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules and are independent accordingly.

Assisted by heads of functional units, the EDs of the Company have the direct responsibilities for the business and operations of the Group and hence the EDs of the Company are regarded as the Company's senior management. Biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 32 to 39 of this annual report. Details of the Directors' emoluments are also provided under note 12 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 157 and 158.

## PERMITTED INDEMNITY AND DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Articles provides that every Director is entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in carrying out his/her duties or otherwise in relation thereto. Directors and Officers Liability Insurance Policy is in place to protect the Directors against potential costs and liabilities arising from claims brought against the Directors.

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES**

As at 31 March 2021, the interests or short positions of the Directors and their respective associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules and adopted by the Company were as follows:

按照本公司組織章程細則(「章程細則」)及上 市規則附錄14所載企業管治守則(「企管守 則」)及企業管治報告之規定,查懋成先生、 張浩觀先生、顏文英女士、查懋德先生、范鴻 齡先生、何柏貞女士及邵蓓蘭女士將於2021 股東年會上輪值告退。所有即將於2021股東 年會上告退之董事皆符合資格,並願意膺選 連任。餘下其他董事將繼續留任。於2021股東 年會上膺選連任之董事概無訂立不可由集團 於一年內在毋須支付賠償(法定賠償除外)之 情況下終止之服務合約。所有董事須按照章 程細則於本公司之股東年會上輪值告退及膺 選連任。有關輪值退任條文已設立確保所有 董事須每三年至少輪值退任一次之機制。

本公司每名獨董各自已根據上市規則第3.13條 作出獨立性確認。本公司認為所有本公司獨 董均達致上市規則所載之獨立性指引,因此 確認為獨立人士。

本公司執董在職能單位主管協助下直接負責 集團之業務及營運,故本公司執董被視為本 公司高層管理人員。董事之履歷詳情載列於 本年報第32頁至第39頁內。董事酬金之詳情 亦載列於第157頁及第158頁之綜合財務報表 附註12內。

# 獲 准 許 彌 償 及 董 事 及 高 級 職 員 責 任 保 險

章程細則規定,每名董事有權就彼於執行職 務或進行與此有關的其他事宜時可能招致或 發生之所有損失或責任,從本公司資產中獲 得賠償。為保障董事免於承擔因針對董事提 出之申索而產生之潛在損失及責任,本公司 已投保董事及高級職員責任保險。

# 董事於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益

於2021年3月31日,董事及彼等各自之聯繫人 於本公司或任何相聯法團(定義見證券條例第 XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁有記 錄於本公司根據證券條例第352條須存置之登 記冊內,或根據本公司所採納之上市規則附 錄10所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標 準守則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所 之權益或淡倉如下:

### A) LONG POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY OF HK\$0.25 EACH

### A) 於本公司每股面值0.25港元股份 及相關股份之好倉

		Number of ordinary share 普通股數目					Approximate percentage of
Name of director 董事名稱	Capacity 身份	Personal interests 個人權益	Family interests 家族權益	Corporate interests 公司權益	Other/ Underlying interests 其他/相關權益	Total 總數	issued share capital 佔已發行股本
Victor CHA 查懋成	Beneficial owner and beneficiary of discretionary trusts 實益擁有人及酌情信託受益人	1,254,278	-	-	791,896,895 <sup>1&amp;2</sup>	793,151,173	53.40
Johnson CHA 查懋德	Beneficiary of discretionary trusts 酌情信託受益人	-	-	-	790,469,647 <sup>182</sup>	790,469,647	53.22
Madeline WONG 王查美龍	Founder and/or beneficiary of discretionary trusts 酌情信託創立人及/或受益人	-	-	-	789,684,882 <sup>3&amp;4</sup>	789,684,882	53.17
Ronald ARCULLI 夏佳理	Beneficiary of a trust 信託受益人	265,619	-	-	-	265,619	0.02
Abraham CHUNG⁵ 鍾心田⁵	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	346,592	-	-	-	346,592	0.02
Loretta HO 何柏貞	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	94,160	-	-	-	94,160	0.01
TANG Moon Wah 鄧滿華	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	148,720	-	-	-	148,720	0.01

- The shares belong to certain but not identical discretionary trusts of which CCM Trust (Cayman) Limited ("CCM Trust") and LBJ Regents (PTC) Limited ("LBJ Regents") are the corporate trustees and the relevant Directors are among the members of the classes of discretionary beneficiaries.
- 該等股份屬於若干不同酌情信託及由名為CCM Trust (Cayman) Limited (「CCM Trust」)及LBJ Regents (PTC) Limited (「LBJ Regents」) 之法團受 託人持有,而有關董事屬於酌情受益人。
- Such long position includes unlisted physically settled derivative interests in 74,265,090 shares, which arise from an option agreement dated 31 December 2019 entered into by Soar Boom Limited ("Soar Boom") for a right or an obligation to take 74,265,090 shares with an exercise period from 31 December 2019 to 30 September 2020 (which was extended to 30 September 2021 and then further extended to 31 March 2022) at a price depending on the market price on the date of exercising such option (the "Option Agreement"). Soar Boom is a company wholly-owned by Mingly Corporation ("Mingly"), and CCM Trust is interested in 87.5% equity interest in Mingly.
- 該好倉包括74,265,090股股份之非上市衍生工具(以實物交收)權益,該等股份乃源自昇茂有限公司(「昇茂」)於2019年12月31日訂 立之認購權協議,內容有關認購74,265,090股股份之權利或義務,行使期為2019年12月31日至2020年9月30日(已延長至2021年9月 30日及進一步延長至2022年3月31日),認購價視乎於行使有關認購權當日之市場價格而定(「認購權協議」)。昇茂為由名力集團 控股有限公司(「名力」)全資擁有之公司,而CCMTrust擁有名力87.5%股權之權益。
- 635,627,031 shares belong to certain but not identical discretionary trusts of which CCM Trust and LBJ Regents are the corporate trustees and the Director is among the members of the classes of discretionary beneficiaries.
- 635,627,031股股份屬於若干不同酌情信託及由名為CCM Trust 及LBJ Regents之法團受託人持有,而該董事屬於酌情受益人。
- The Director is, under two separate discretionary trusts of which CCM Trust and LBJ Regents are the corporate trustees, the founder and member of the classes of discretionary beneficiaries thereof. Such trusts are deemed to be interested in 154,057,851 shares in aggregate, which include the interests arising from a right or an obligation to take 74,265,090 shares by Soar Boom pursuant to the Option Agreement.
- 該董事為由名為CCM Trust 及LBJ Regents之法團受託人所持之兩個不同酌情信託的創立人及其中的酌情受益人。該等信託被視為擁 有合共154,057,851股股份之權益,當中包括昇茂根據認購權協議認購74,265,090股股份之權利或義務所產生之權益。
- Mr Abraham CHUNG resigned as a director of the Company with effect from 1 April 2021.
- 鍾心田先生自2021年4月1日起辭任本公司董事職務。

#### **SHARE OPTIONS** B)

Directors have been granted share options of the Company, details of which are set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" below.

Save as disclosed above and for certain Directors holding non-beneficial interests in the share capital of some of the subsidiaries of the Company as the nominee shareholders, as at 31 March 2021, none of the Directors or their respective associates had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules.

### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company has adopted its share option scheme, namely 2011 Scheme and the listing status of the shares issued (if any) under this scheme was granted by the Stock Exchange. Particulars of the 2011 Scheme as required to be disclosed under the Listing Rules are set out below:

#### **PURPOSE** A)

To provide the participants who have been granted share options to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company with the opportunity to acquire proprietary interests in the Company and to encourage the participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

### **PARTICIPANTS**

All Directors, full-time employees and any consultants (employed on a contract basis) of the Company, its subsidiaries and/or its associated companies are eligible to participate in the 2011 Scheme.

### **MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SHARES AVAILABLE FOR ISSUE**

A maximum number of 135,027,436 shares of the Company may be issued upon exercise of all share options granted or to be granted under the 2011 Scheme.

### 股份期權

董事獲授本公司之股份期權,有關詳情載於 下文「股份期權計劃」一段。

除上文披露者及由若干董事以代理人名義持 有本公司若干附屬公司股本之非實益權益 外,於2021年3月31日,董事或彼等各自之聯 繫人於本公司或任何相聯法團(定義見證券條 例)之任何股份、相關股份及債權證,概無擁 有記錄於本公司根據證券條例第352條須存置 之登記冊內,或根據上市規則所載標準守則 須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

## 股份期權計劃

本公司已採納其股份期權計劃(即2011年計 劃),而根據該計劃發行之股份(如有)已獲聯 交所授出上市地位。按上市規則規定須披露 有關2011年計劃之資料載列如下:

#### 目的 A)

目的是為獲授予股份期權以認購本公司普通 股之參與者提供購買本公司資本權益之機 會, 並鼓勵參與者為本公司及其股東之整體 利益,努力提高本公司及其股份之價值。

#### B) 參與者

本公司、其附屬公司及/或其聯營公司之所有 董事、全職僱員及任何以合約形式聘用之顧 問均合資格參與2011年計劃。

### 可予發行之最多股份數目

因行使根據2011年計劃授出或將予授出之所 有股份期權而可予發行之本公司股份最多為 135,027,436股。

### D) MAXIMUM ENTITLEMENT OF EACH PARTICIPANT

The total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of the share options granted and to be granted to each participant (including both exercised and unexercised share options) under the 2011 Scheme or any other share option scheme (if any) adopted by the Company in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue unless otherwise approved by the shareholders of the Company.

Where any grant of share options to a substantial shareholder or an INED of the Company, or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules), would result in the shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of all share options already granted and to be granted to such person in any 12-month period up to and including the date of the grant:

- representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue; and
- having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant in excess of HK\$5.0 million,

such grant of share options shall be subject to prior approval of the shareholders of the Company who are not connected persons of the Company as defined in the Listing Rules.

### PERIOD WITHIN WHICH THE SHARES MUST BE **TAKEN UP UNDER A SHARE OPTION**

A share option must be exercised within 10 years from the date on which it is granted or such shorter period as the Board (or the relevant committee thereof) may specify at the time of grant.

### MINIMUM PERIOD AND REQUIREMENT, IF ANY, FOR WHICH A SHARE OPTION MUST BE HELD BEFORE IT **CAN BE EXERCISED**

At the time of the grant of a share option, the Board (or the relevant committee thereof) must specify the minimum period(s), if any, for which a share option must be held before it can be exercised.

### G) PERIOD OPEN FOR ACCEPTANCE OF A SHARE **OPTION AND AMOUNT PAYABLE UPON ACCEPTANCE**

The offer of the grant of a share option (of which the date of grant must be a business day of the Stock Exchange) must be accepted within 14 days from the date on which the offer letter is delivered to the participant and a consideration of HK\$1 must be paid upon acceptance.

### D) 每名參與者可獲權益上限

除獲本公司股東另行批准外,因行使於任何 12個月期間內根據2011年計劃或本公司採納 之任何其他股份期權計劃(如有)授出或將予 授出之股份期權(包括已行使及尚未行使之股 份期權)而向每名參與者發行及將予發行之 本公司股份總數不得超出本公司已發行股份 之1%。

倘向本公司之主要股東或獨董或彼等各自 之任何聯繫人(定義見上市規則)授出股份期 權,將會導致於截至授出日期止之任何12個 月期間(包括授出之日)向該人士已授出及將 予授出之一切股份期權獲行使時發行及將予 發行之本公司股份:

- 合共佔本公司已發行股份之0.1%以上; 及
- 根據於授出日期聯交所發出之日報表所 述本公司股份之收市價計算,總值超過5.0百 萬港元,

則授出該等股份期權須取得並非本公司關 連人士(定義見上市規則)之本公司股東事先 批准。

### 根據股份期權可認購股份之期限

每份股份期權須於其授出日期起計10年內或 由董事會(或有關委員會)於授出股份期權時 所指定之較短期限內行使。

### 股份期權行使前必須持有之最短 期限及規定(如有)

於授出股份期權時,董事會(或有關委員會) 必須指明股份期權於可予行使前必須持有之 最短期限(如有)。

### 接納股份期權之期限及接納時應 付金額

授出股份期權(授出日期必須為聯交所之營業 日) 之要約必須在向參與者發出要約函起計 14日內獲接納,參與者於接納時須繳付代價1 港元。

### H) BASIS OF DETERMINING THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE OF A SHARE OPTION

The subscription price of a share option shall be no less than the higher of.

- the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant;
- the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days of the Stock Exchange immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- the nominal value of a share of the Company on the date of grant.

#### I) **REMAINING LIFE**

The 2011 Scheme has a life of 10 years and will expire on 7 September 2021 unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of the 2011 Scheme.

### **DETAILS OF SHARE OPTIONS GRANTED AND** AVAILABLE FOR GRANT

The total number of shares in the Company available for grant of share options under the 2011 Scheme is 135,027,436 shares which represents 10% of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of adoption of the 2011 Scheme (i.e. 8 September 2011). During the financial year ended 31 March 2021, 220,000 share options were lapsed and no share option was granted, exercised or cancelled in accordance with the terms of the 2011 Scheme. Details of the movement of share options during the year and the outstanding share options as at 31 March 2021 under the 2011 Scheme were as follows:

### 股份期權認購價之釐定基準 H)

股份期權之認購價必須不低於下列所述之較 高者:

- 聯交所於授出日期發出之日報表所述本 公司股份收市價;
- 聯交所於緊接授出日期前五個聯交所營 業日發出之日報表所述本公司股份平均收市
- 本公司股份於授出日期之面值。

### 餘下之年期

除根據2011年計劃之條款被另行終止外,2011 年計劃之有效年期為10年,並將於2021年9月 7日屆滿。

# 已授出及可供授出之股份期權詳情

可供根據2011年計劃授出股份期權之本公司 股份總數為135,027,436股,相當於本公司於 2011年計劃採納之日(即2011年9月8日)已發 行股本之10%。於截至2021年3月31日止財政 年度,220,000份股份期權已失效及概無股份 期權根據2011年計劃條款獲授出、行使或註 銷。股份期權於年內之變動及根據2011年計 劃於2021年3月31日尚未行使之股份期權詳情 如下:

### **Number of share option 股份** 田 雄 數 日

			Exercise price	li li	股份期權數目			
Name or Category of participant 參與者姓名或類別	Date of grant <sup>687</sup>	授出日期 <sup>687</sup>	per share (HK\$) 每股行使價 (港元)	Balance as at 1 April 2020 於2020年 4月1日結餘	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	Balance as at 31 March 2021 於2021年 3月31日結餘		
Victor CHA	28 February 2017	2017年2月28日	3.845	3,190,000	-	3,190,000		
查懋成	12 March 2018	2018年3月12日	4.373	5,500,000		5,500,000		
Abraham CHUNG <sup>5</sup>	28 February 2017	2017年2月28日	3.845	2,200,000	-	2,200,000		
鍾心田 <sup>5</sup>	12 March 2018	2018年3月12日	4.373	3,300,000		3,300,000		
TANG Moon Wah	28 February 2017	2017年2月28日	3.845	2,200,000	-	2,200,000		
鄧滿華	12 March 2018	2018年3月12日	4.373	3,300,000		3,300,000		
CHEUNG Ho Koon <sup>8</sup> 張浩觀 <sup>8</sup>	12 March 2018	2018年3月12日	4.373	440,000	-	440,000		
Johnson CHA	28 February 2017	2017年2月28日	3.845	1,210,000	-	1,210,000		
查懋德	12 March 2018	2018年3月12日	4.373	1,760,000		1,760,000		
Madeline WONG	28 February 2017	2017年2月28日	3.845	1,210,000	-	1,210,000		
王查美龍	12 March 2018	2018年3月12日	4.373	1,760,000		1,760,000		
Ronald ARCULLI	28 February 2017	2017年2月28日	3.845	1,210,000	-	1,210,000		
夏佳理	12 March 2018	2018年3月12日	4.373	1,760,000		1,760,000		
Loretta HO	28 February 2017	2017年2月28日	3.845	770,000	-	770,000		
何柏貞	12 March 2018	2018年3月12日	4.373	880,000		880,000		
Linus CHEUNG	28 February 2017	2017年2月28日	3.845	550,000	-	550,000		
張永霖	12 March 2018	2018年3月12日	4.373	880,000		880,000		
TANG Kwai Chang	28 February 2017	2017年2月28日	3.845	220,000	-	220,000		
鄧貴彰	12 March 2018	2018年3月12日	4.373	880,000		880,000		
Ex-directors <sup>9</sup>	28 February 2017	2017年2月28日	3.845	4,400,000	-	4,400,000		
前董事 <sup>9</sup>	12 March 2018	2018年3月12日	4.373	6,380,000		6,380,000		
Employees of the Group 集團之僱員	12 March 2018	2018年3月12日	4.373	1,100,000	220,000	880,000		
Total 總計				45,100,000	-	44,880,000		

Share options granted on 28 February 2017 are exercisable during the period from 28 February 2017 to 27 February 2027. Share options granted on 12 March 2018 are exercisable during the period from 12 March 2018 to 11 March 2028.

於2017年2月28日授出之股份期權可於2017年2月28日至2027年2月27日期間內行使。 於2018年3月12日授出之股份期權可於2018年3月12日至2028年3月11日期間內行使。

The share options vested immediately on the respective dates of grant.

股份期權於各授出日期即時歸屬。

Mr CHEUNG Ho Koon was appointed as a director of the Company with effect from 1 February 2021.

張浩觀先生於2021年2月1日獲委任為本公司董事。

Including a director resigned with effect from 31 March 2018 and the late Mr Payson CHA, whose personal representative(s) shall be entitled within a period of 12 months from the date of his death (6 November 2020 (PST)) to exercise his 8,690,000 share options in accordance with the 2011 Scheme.

包括一名於2018年3月31日辭任的董事及已故查懋聲先生。根據2011年計劃,查懋聲先生之私人代理人可於彼身故之日(即太平 洋標準時間2020年11月6日)起計之12個月期間內行使彼持有之8,690,000份股份期權。

### **DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES**

Save as disclosed under the heading "Share Option Scheme" above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES**

The interests of the Directors, who in office during the year and remain as at 31 March 2021, in businesses which competed or were likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group as required to be disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules are as follows:

- Mr Ronald ARCULLI is an INED of Hang Lung Properties Limited ("HLP") (ceased with effect from 30 April 2021) and also non-executive director ("NED") of Sino Hotels (Holdings) Limited ("SHH"), Sino Land Company Limited ("SLC") and Tsim Sha Tsui Properties Limited ("TSTP"). The businesses of HLP, SHH, SLC and TSTP involve at least some of property investment, property development, property management and hotel management and ownership. HLP, SHH, SLC and TSTP are all listed on the Stock Exchange.
- Mr Victor CHA is an alternate INED of New World Development Company Limited ("NWD") until 6 November 2020 (PST) whose group's businesses consist of property investment, property development, property management and hotel management and ownership. NWD is listed on the Stock Exchange.
- Mr Johnson CHA is the non-executive chairman of Hanison Construction Holdings Limited ("Hanison") whose group's businesses consist of property investment, property development, property management and healthcare services. Hanison is listed on the Stock Exchange.

Save for the INEDs of the Company and save as disclosed above, none of the existing Directors was interested in any business apart from the Group's businesses which competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group during the year.

# 董事認購股份或債權證之

除上文「股份期權計劃」所披露者外,本公司 或其任何附屬公司概無於年內任何時間訂立 任何安排,致使董事可藉購買本公司或任何 其他法人團體之股份或債權證而獲益。

## 董事於競爭業務之權益

於年內及截止2021年3月31日仍然在任之董 事,於與集團業務有直接或間接競爭或可能 存在競爭之業務中,擁有須根據上市規則作 出披露之權益如下:

- 夏佳理先生為恒隆地產有限公司(「恒 隆」)之獨董(於2021年4月30日起停任),亦為 信和酒店(集團)有限公司(「信和酒店」)、信 和置業有限公司(「信和置業」)及尖沙咀置業 集團有限公司(「尖沙咀置業」)之非執行董事 (「非執董」)。恒隆、信和酒店、信和置業及尖 沙咀置業之業務至少涉及部份物業投資、物 業發展、物業管理以及酒店管理及擁有權。 恒隆、信和酒店、信和置業及尖沙咀置業均 於聯交所上市。
- 查懋成先生為新世界發展有限公司(「新 世界」)之替任獨董直至2020年11月6日(太平 洋標準時間),而新世界集團之業務包括物業 投資、物業發展、物業管理以及酒店管理及 擁有權。新世界於聯交所上市。
- 查懋德先生為興勝創建控股有限公司 (「興勝」)之非執行主席,興勝集團之業務包 括物業投資、物業發展、物業管理及保健服 務。興勝於聯交所卜市。

除本公司獨董及上文披露者外,現任董事於 年內概無於集團業務以外任何與集團業務直 接或間接競爭或可能存在競爭之業務中擁有 權益。

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 March 2021, the following persons (other than the Directors) had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

### LONG POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING **SHARES OF THE COMPANY OF HK\$0.25 EACH**

## 主要股東

於2021年3月31日,根據本公司按證券條例第 336條規定須存置之登記冊所記錄,下列人士 (董事除外)於本公司之股份及相關股份中擁 有之權益或淡倉如下:

### 於本公司每股面值0.25港元股份及相 關股份之好倉

Name of shareholder 股東名稱	<b>Capacity</b> 身份	Number of ordinary share/ underlying share 普通股/ 相關股份數目	Approximate percentage of issued share capital 佔已發行股本之概約百分比
CCM Trust (Cayman) Limited	Corporate trustee 法團受託人	715,617,969 <sup>10</sup>	48.17
LBJ Regents (PTC) Limited	Corporate trustee 法團受託人	101,084,28011	6.81
Mingly Corporation 名力集團控股有限公司	Interest of controlled corporations 受控法團之權益	144,606,568 <sup>12</sup>	9.73

- These share interests comprise 571,011,401 shares held directly by CCM Trust, 70,341,478 shares held indirectly through wholly-owned subsidiaries of Mingly, and the interests arising from a right or an obligation to take 74,265,090 shares by Soar Boom pursuant to the Option Agreement (please refer to Note 2 above). CCM Trust is interested in 87.5% equity interest in Mingly which in turn holds 100% equity interest in Soar Boom. CCM Trust holds the above share interests as corporate trustee of certain but not identical discretionary trusts of which members of the classes of discretionary beneficiaries comprise the late Dr CHA Chi Ming's issue.
- 該等股份權益包括CCMTrust直接持有之571,011,401股股份、透過名力之全資附屬公司間接持有之70,341,478股股份,以及昇茂根據 認購權協議認購74,265,090股股份之權利或義務所產生之權益(請參閱上文附註2)。CCMTrust擁有名力87.5%股權之權益,而名力則 持有昇茂之100%股權。CCM Trust以法團受託人身份為若干不同酌情信託持有上述股份權益,而該等信託之酌情受益人包括已故 查濟民博士之後嗣。
- The shares are held by LBJ Regents as corporate trustee of certain but not identical discretionary trusts of which members of the classes of discretionary beneficiaries comprise the late Dr CHA Chi Ming's issue.
- 該等股股份乃由LBJRegents以法團受託人身份為若干不同酌情信託持有,而該等信託之酌情受益人包括已故查濟民博士之後嗣。
- 12 These share interests comprise 70,341,478 shares held by Mingly through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, and an interest in 74,265,090 shares arising from a right or an obligation to take 74,265,090 shares by Soar Boom pursuant to the Option Agreement (please refer to Note 2 above). Mingly is deemed to be interested in the 74,265,090 shares under the Option Agreement.
- 該等股份權益包括名力透過其全資附屬公司持有之70,341,478股股份,以及昇茂根據認購權協議認購74,265,090股股份之權利或義 務所產生之74,265,090股股份之權益(請參閱上文附註2)。名力被視為擁有認購權協議項下之74,265,090股股份之權益。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2021, no other interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

除上文披露者外,於2021年3月31日,概無於 本公司股份或相關股份之其他權益或淡倉記 錄於本公司根據證券條例第336條須存置之登 記冊內。

### **DEBT SECURITIES**

As at 31 March 2021, two unlisted notes issued by the Company in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$798.0 million which due in April and May 2020 respectively were fully settled. Details of the debt securities are disclosed in note 28 to the consolidated financial statements on page 186.

# 債務證券

於2021年3月31日,本公司所發行的兩批分 別於2020年4月及5月到期本金總額為798.0百 萬港元之非上市票據已悉數清償。債務證券 之詳情於第186頁之綜合財務報表附註28內 披露。

### **CONNECTED TRANSACTION**

On 29 July 2020, Hong Kong Resort Company Limited (the "Vendor"), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, accepted the tender (the "Tender") submitted by Ms Gaw, Cheng Hwa Selina (the "Purchaser") for a residential unit of Poggibonsi, a residential development project of Discovery Bay City (the "Property"), resulting in a contract for the disposal of the Property by the Vendor to the Purchaser for a consideration of HK\$26,220,000. The Purchaser, by virtue of being the spouse of Mr Johnson CHA, who is a NED of the Company, is an associate of a connected person of the Company for the purpose of the Listing Rules.

## 關連交易

於2020年7月29日,香港興業有限公司(「賣 方」,為本公司之間接非全資附屬公司)接納 吳靜華女士(「買方」)就愉景灣住宅發展項目 「意堤」一個住宅單位(「該物業」)提交之標書 (「標書」),從而構成賣方以26,220,000港元之代 價向買方出售該物業之合約。買方為本公司 非執董查懋德先生之配偶,故就上市規則而 言為本公司關連人士之聯繫人。

HK\$1,311,000 being 5% of the consideration for the Property was paid by the Purchaser upon the Vendor's acceptance of the Tender and HK\$24,909,000 being the balance of the consideration shall be paid upon completion. The disposal of the Property was completed on 27 August 2020.

買方已於賣方接納標書時支付1,311,000港元, 即該物業代價之5%,而代價餘額24,909,000港 元須於完成時支付。該物業已於2020年8月27 日完成出售。

The consideration was the price offered by the Purchaser under the Tender submitted by the Purchaser to the Vendor. As the Vendor has not had to pay what would have amounted to equivalent or greater estate agent or intermediary fees in connection with the sale of the Property, the Purchaser is entitled to a rebate at an amount equal to 7.5% of the offered price, which equally applicable to all staff and directors of the Company and their qualified associates as set out in the tender documents. The rebate will be paid to the Purchaser after completion by cheque. In addition, the Vendor will pay stamp duty to a cap of 4.25% of the consideration for the Property, on behalf of the Purchaser as equally applicable to other independent purchasers for the residential units of Poggibonsi.

該代價為買方向賣方所提交標書內所示之買 方出價。由於賣方毋須就銷售該物業支付等 額或更高金額之地產代理或中介費用,故買 方可獲退還出價之7.5%,按招標文件所載, 此安排乃同樣適用於本公司所有員工及董事 及彼等之合資格聯繫人。該退還款項將於完 成後以支票方式支付予買方。此外,賣方將 代表買方支付印花税,上限為該物業代價之 4.25%,有關做法同樣適用於意堤住宅單位的 其他獨立買家。

### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related party transactions as disclosed under paragraphs (a) and (b) of note 45 to the consolidated financial statements on page 227 constitute a connected transaction which has been disclosed above and continuing connected transaction(s) which are exempt from shareholders' approval and disclosure and other requirements under Chapter 14A.76 of the Listing Rules. Save for the aforesaid transactions, the other related party transactions shown in note 45 to the consolidated financial statements do not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

## DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS, TRANSACTIONS AND ARRANGEMENTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed above, no contract, transactions or arrangements of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director or controlling shareholder had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

# CONTINUING DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 13.21 OF CHAPTER 13 OF THE LISTING RULES

In accordance with the continuing obligations set out in rule 13.21 of Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules, the following are the details of the loan agreements with covenants relating to specific performance on the controlling shareholders of the Company as at 31 March 2021 pursuant to rule 13.18 thereof. There exists no reporting obligation by the Company under rules 3.17 and 13.19 of the Listing Rules accordingly:

- a) The Company is the borrower of a loan agreement entered into on 4 August 2020 (the "Loan Agreement I") for a term and revolving loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$3,350 million with final maturity date falling five years from the date of the Loan Agreement I.
- b) The Company is the borrower of a loan agreement entered into on 9 October 2020 (the "Loan Agreement II") for a term and revolving loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of HK\$1,000 million with final maturity date falling five years from the date of the Loan Agreement II

## 關聯方交易

第227頁之綜合財務報表附註45(a)及(b)段所披露之關聯方交易構成上市規則項下之一項關連交易(已於上述披露)及根據上市規則第14A.76章獲豁免遵守股東之批准、披露及其他規定之持續關連交易。除上述交易外,綜合財務報表附註45列示之其他關聯方交易並不構成上市規則項下的關連交易或持續關連交易。

## 董 事 及 控 權 股 東 於 重 大 合 約、交易及安排之權益

除上文披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司 概無訂立董事或控權股東於其中直接或間接 擁有重大權益而於年結日或年內任何時間仍 然生效之任何重大合約、交易或安排。

## 上市規則第13章第13.21條之 持續披露規定

根據上市規則第13章第13.21條持續責任之規定,並參照第13.18條,下列為於2021年3月31日附有本公司控權股東須履行特定責任條件之貸款協議之詳情。根據上市規則第13.17條及第13.19條,該等貸款協議的存在沒有對本公司構成申報責任:

- a) 本公司為一份於2020年8月4日訂立的貸款協議(「貸款協議」)的借款人,借入一項本金總額為3,350百萬港元之定期及循環貸款融資,最後到期日為貸款協議I訂立日期起計五年屆滿之日。
- b) 本公司為一份於2020年10月9日訂立的貸款協議(「貸款協議II」)的借款人,借入一項本金總額為1,000百萬港元之定期及循環貸款融資,最後到期日為貸款協議II訂立日期起計五年屆滿之日。

Under the Loan Agreement I and the Loan Agreement II (collectively, the "Loan Agreements"), among others, an event of default is triggered when the existing individual shareholder of the Company (together with his associate(s)) holding the single largest shareholding (direct or indirect) in the Company on the date of the respective Loan Agreements ceases to be the Company's single largest beneficial shareholder at any time during the term of the respective Loan Agreements unless the situation can be remedied within a prescribed timeframe pursuant to the respective Loan Agreements.

In the Company's case, 742,437,159 shares (representing approximately 49.98% of the Company's issued share capital) are owned by corporate trustees of certain, but not identical, discretionary trusts of which members of the classes of discretionary beneficiaries include Mr Victor CHA and his siblings, each the associate of the others (and the corporate trustees, the associates of them all). This has been the continuing status since the signing of each of the Loan Agreements.

### 上市規則第13章第13.20條及 **CONTINUING DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULES 13.20 AND 13.22 OF CHAPTER** 第13.22條之持續披露規定 13 OF THE LISTING RULES

In accordance with the requirements of rules 13.20 and 13.22 of Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules, the following were the details of financial assistances and guarantees given for facilities granted to affiliated companies of the Company as at 31 March 2021 pursuant to rules 13.13 and 13.16 thereof:

As at 26 May 2017, the Group committed to advance to Gainwick Limited ("Gainwick"), a joint venture formed by the Group (owned as to 40%) and Hysan Development Company Limited (owned as to 60%) for the purpose of a residential property development in Tai Po, New Territories, in a form of shareholders' loan in a total amount of HK\$1,437.2 million which is unsecured and has no fixed terms of repayment (the "Shareholders' Loan", comprising loan for land premium amounted to HK\$1,357.2 million which is non-interest bearing and loan for working capital up to HK\$80.0 million with an interest rate of 2% per annum over 1-month Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR")). The Company also provides guarantee up to HK\$2,000.0 million in favour of a syndicate of financial institutions in Hong Kong as a security for Gainwick's obligation under the banking facilities granted to Gainwick by the financial institutions (the "Guarantee"). The interest rate for the banking facilities is a sum of HIBOR of 0.65% per annum and relevant interest period (one, two to three months or subject to availability six months at the selection of Gainwick and mutually agreed with the financial institutions). Further details of the repayment terms and security of the

根據貸款協議」及貸款協議」(統稱「該等貸款 協議」),(其中包括)倘於該等貸款協議相應 訂立日期持有本公司單一最大股權(直接及間 接)之本公司現有股東(連同彼之聯繫人),於 該等貸款協議相應期限內任何時間不再是本 公司單一最大實益股東,則除非可按照該等 貸款協議相應規定之時限內糾正有關情況, 否則構成違約事項。

就本公司情况而言,742,437,159股股份(佔本 公司已發行股本約49.98%) 乃由法團受託人為 若干不同酌情信託持有,而該等信託之酌情 受益人包括查懋成先生及其姊弟,彼等各自 互為(亦均為法團受託人之)聯繫人。此狀況 自該等貸款協議各自經簽署後仍持續不變。

根據上市規則第13章第13.20條及第13.22條之 規定,並參照第13.13條及13.16條之規定,下 列為截至2021年3月31日就本公司聯屬公司獲 授融資所提供財政資助及擔保之詳情:

於2017年5月26日,集團承諾就新界大 埔一個住宅物業發展項目,以股東貸款形式 向加鋒有限公司(「加鋒」,為集團(持有40% 股權)與希慎興業有限公司(持有60%股權)共 同成立之合營公司)提供總金額為1,437.2百萬 港元之無抵押及無固定還款期墊款(「股東貸 款」,包括地價之免息貸款1,357.2百萬港元, 以及按一個月香港銀行同業拆息加2%之年利 率計算利息的營運資金貸款最高80.0百萬港 元)。本公司亦向香港一個金融機構銀團提供 最高達2,000.0百萬港元之擔保,作為加鋒獲 該等金融機構授予銀團信貸而應盡責任之擔 保(「擔保」)。該等銀行信貸之利率為相關計 息期(一個月、兩個月至三個月,或按貸款使 用情況而定為六個月,其由加鋒選定並經與 金融機構雙方同意)的香港銀行同業拆息加 0.65%年利率之總和。有關還款期及擔保保證 之進一步詳情已披露於本公司於2017年5月26 Guarantee are disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 26 May 2017. As at 31 March 2021, the outstanding Shareholders' Loan amounted to HK\$812.6 million and out of which HK\$80.0 million was loan for working capital. The guarantee given in respect of the banking facilities granted to Gainwick amounted to HK\$1,052.5 million.

日刊登之公告內。於2021年3月31日,未償還 股東貸款為812.6百萬港元,其中80.0百萬港元 為營運資金貸款,而就加鋒獲授之銀團信貸 所提供之擔保金額為1,052.5百萬港元。

- As at 31 March 2021, the Group advanced to Dazhongli Properties Limited and its subsidiaries ("Dazhongli group") an aggregate amount of HK\$4,734.5 million. Dazhongli group is engaged in the operation of investment properties and hotel properties in Jing'an District, Shanghai, the People's Republic of China in which the Group has 50% interest. The advances were provided by the Group in the form of equity and loans in proportion to its shareholding interest therein, for the purpose of financing the development expenditure of Dazhongli group. Out of the advances, HK\$294.2 million are unsecured, interest bearing at 1.71% per annum and repayable in December 2022. Pursuant to the undertaking of bank loans, Dazhongli group is refraining from settling the loans from shareholders until the settlement of all bank loans. The remaining of the advances are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.
- 於2021年3月31日,集團已向大中里物 業有限公司及其附屬公司(「大中里集團」)提 供合共4,734.5百萬港元之墊款。大中里集團從 事經營位於中華人民共和國上海市靜安區之 投資物業及酒店物業,集團持有當中50%之 權益。集團按其於大中里集團之股權比例, 以股權及貸款形式提供墊款,作為大中里集 團發展開支之融資。該等墊款其中之294.2百 萬港元為無抵押、按年利率1.71%計息及須於 2022年12月償還。根據有關銀行貸款之承諾, 大中里集團須繳清所有銀行貸款,方可清償 股東貸款。墊款餘額為無抵押、免息及無固 定還款期。
- As at 31 March 2021, the Group also advanced to and guarantees given for other several affiliated companies an aggregate amount of HK\$1,322.7 million. The Group has interests ranging from 31% to 50% in these affiliated companies.
- 於2021年3月31日,集團亦已向另外若干 聯屬公司提供墊款及就該等公司提供擔保, 總金額為1,322.7百萬港元。集團持有該等聯屬 公司介乎31%至50%之權益。

As at 31 March 2021, the aggregate amount of advances provided to and guarantees given for these affiliated companies by the Group amounted to HK\$7,922.3 million representing 20.8% of the consolidated total assets of the Group of HK\$38,145.0 million as at 31 March 2021.

於2021年3月31日,集團向該等聯屬公司提 供之墊款及就該等公司提供之擔保總金額為 7,922.3 百 萬港元,相當於集團於2021年3月31 日之38,145.0百萬港元綜合資產總值之20.8%。

The financial information of these affiliated companies as at 31 March 2021 are set out in notes 18 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 169 to 174.

該等聯屬公司於2021年3月31日之財務資料載 於第169頁至第174頁之綜合財務報表附註18 及19內。

## MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

## 管理合約

No contract for the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year.

於年內,本公司並無就全盤業務或其中任何 重要部份訂立或存有任何管理及行政合約。

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE **COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES**

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The aggregate revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers was less than 30% of the total value of the Group's revenue.

The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers were less than 30% of the total value of the Group's purchases.

None of the Directors, any of their associates, or shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

### **DONATIONS**

During the year, the Group made charitable and other donations amounting to approximately HK\$0.6 million (2020: approximately HK\$0.8 million).

### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles although there is no restriction against such rights under the laws of the Cayman Islands.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

According to information available to the Company, the percentage of the Company's shares which are in the hands of the public exceeds 25% of the Company's total number of issued shares.

# 購 買、出售或 贖 回 本 公 司 之 上市證券

於年內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

## 主要客戶及供應商

集團五大客戶所佔之收入合共佔集團收入總 額少於30%。

集團五大供應商所佔之採購額合共佔集團採 購總額少於30%。

概無董事、彼等任何聯繫人或本公司股東(據 董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上者) 於集團五大客戶及供應商中擁有任何權益。

## 捐款

於年內,集團之慈善及其他捐款總額合共約 0.6百萬港元(2020年:約0.8百萬港元)。

## 股份優先認購權

章程細則並無有關股份優先認購權之條文, 然而開曼群島之法例亦無限制此等權利。

## 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所得資料顯示,公眾人士持有本 公司股份之百分比超過本公司已發行股份總 數之25%。

### **REVIEW OF THE ANNUAL REPORT BY AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Group's annual report for the year ended 31 March 2021 has been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Company established in compliance with rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the relevant provisions of the CG Code.

## 審核委員會就年報進行審閱

集團截至2021年3月31日止年度之年報已由遵 照上市規則第3.21條及企管守則有關條文成立 之本公司審核委員會審閱。

### **AUDITOR**

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu ("Deloitte"), the former auditor, retired upon expiration of its term of office at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 20 August 2020. PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC") was appointed as the new auditor of the Company after the retirement of Deloitte at the conclusion of the said annual general meeting of the Company.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 have been audited by PwC. A resolution will be submitted to the 2021 AGM to re-appoint PwC as Auditor.

On behalf of the Board 代表董事會

## 核數師

前任核數師德勤•關黃陳方會計師行(「德 勤」)已於本公司2020年8月20日舉行之股東週 年大會上任滿告退,而羅兵咸永道會計師事 務所(「羅兵咸永道」)在德勤於本公司上述股 東週年大會結束時退任後獲委任為本公司新 仟核數師。

截至2021年3月31日止年度之綜合財務報表已 由羅兵咸永道審核。本公司將於2021股東年 會上提呈決議案,續聘羅兵咸永道為核數師。

### **CHA Mou Zing Victor**

Executive Chairman 查懋成 執行主席

Hong Kong, 23 June 2021 香港,2021年6月23日

# **Corporate Governance Report**

# 企業管治報告

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES AND **FUNCTIONS**

The Company is committed to good corporate governance which it believes to be core to the success of its business and operations.

The corporate governance functions are undertaken by the Board of Directors (the "Board"), through the Corporate Governance Committee as delegated by the Board, as prescribed by code provision D.3.1 of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") which are included in the terms of references of the Board and the Corporate Governance Committee.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Company fully complied with the code provisions of the CG Code save for a deviation of E.1.2 (Chairman of the Board's attendance of the annual general meeting ("AGM")). Details and reasons for the deviation are set out below in the paragraph headed "Attendances of General Meetings, Board and Board Committee Meetings".

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

### **BOARD COMPOSITION**

During the year ended 31 March 2021, Mr Payson CHA, the Company's late Chairman passed away on 6 November 2020 (PST) as well as Mr CHEUNG Ho Koon and Ms NGAN Man Ying were appointed as Executive Directors ("EDs") of the Company with effect from 1 February 2021. In addition, Mr Abraham CHUNG resigned as ED and Ms Barbara SHIU was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director ("INED") of the Company both with effect from 1 April 2021.

The Board currently comprises twelve Directors of which four are EDs and eight are Non-executive Directors ("NEDs") of whom five and hence, with more than one-third of the Board, are INEDs. Each Director possesses skills and experience appropriate to the business of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") and the particulars of Directors are duly set out on pages 32 to 39 of 2020/2021 annual report.

Save for Mr Victor CHA, Mr Johnson CHA and Ms Madeline WONG who are siblings, all other Directors have no family relationship with each other.

## 企業管治常規及職能

本公司致力達致良好企業管治,並深信此乃 令其業務及營運取得成功之核心因素。

企業管治職能由董事會(「董事會」)(透過董事 會所授權之企業管治委員會)按照香港聯合交 易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)附錄14所載企業管治守則(「企管守 則」) 守則條文第D.3.1條之規定承擔,並已列 入董事會及企業管治委員會之職權範圍內。

於截至2021年3月31日止年度,本公司已全面 遵守企管守則之守則條文,惟偏離第E.1.2條 (董事會主席應出席股東週年大會(「股東年 會」))除外。偏離事項之詳情及原因載於下文 「股東大會、董事會及董事會委員會會議之出 席率 | 一段。

## 董事會

### 董事會組成

於截至2021年3月31日止年度內,本公司已故 主席查懋聲先生於2020年11月6日(太平洋標 準時間)辭世,而張浩觀先生及顏文英女士 自2021年2月1日起獲委任為本公司執行董事 (「執董」)。此外,自2021年4月1日起,鍾心田 先生辭任本公司執董及邵蓓蘭女士獲委任為 本公司獨立非執行董事(「獨董」)。

董事會目前由12名董事組成,其中四名為執 董及八名為非執行董事(「非執董」,當中五名 為獨董,故獨董超過董事會成員三分之一)。 各董事均具備適合本公司及其附屬公司(統稱 「集團」)業務所需之技能及經驗。各董事之履 歷詳情載於2020/2021年報第32頁至第39頁內。

除查懋成先生、查懋德先生及王查美龍女士 為兄弟姊妹外,所有其他董事彼此之間並無 親屬關係。

### **BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Board has the responsibility for strategic leadership, control and providing guidance to management to ensure the Company's objectives are achieved.

Upon appointment to the Board, every Director is given comprehensive and formal induction documentation of the business operation of the Group and information for his/her understanding and awareness of his/her responsibilities as Director under the Listing Rules, legal and other regulatory and statutory requirements together, if required, with brief meetings with senior executives and department heads of the Group.

Each Director ensures that he/she can give sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Group and has informed the Company in a timely manner for any change, the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments. Details of Directors' other appointments are shown on 32 to 39 of 2020/2021 annual report.

A list of the Directors, their roles and functions and, in particular whether they are INEDs, is maintained on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange and is updated as and when required.

### **BOARD PROCESS**

The dates of the regular Board meetings in a particular year are scheduled ahead to give all Directors adequate time to plan their schedules to attend meetings. There are four regular Board meetings in a year which are held on a quarterly basis and ad hoc Board meetings will also be held as and when required. For the year ended 31 March 2021, seven Board meetings were held and attendance records of the Board meetings held during the year are set out in the below paragraph headed "Attendances of General Meetings, Board and Board Committee Meetings".

At least 14 days formal notice would be given before each regular Board meeting and reasonable advance notice would also be given for other Board meetings. All Directors are consulted as to whether they wish to include any matters in the agenda and the Chairman of the Board would review and approve the agenda before the agenda for each Board meeting is issued.

### 董事會職責

董事會負責領導策略、監控及給予管理層指 引,以確保達到本公司之目標。

每名董事於獲委任加入董事會時會獲派全套 有關集團業務營運之正式文件,以及讓彼了 解及知悉彼作為董事於上市規則、法律、其 他監管及法定要求項下職責之資料,並與集 團高級行政人員及部門主管作簡單會面(如 需要)。

各董事保證彼能對集團事務投入足夠時間及關注,並已就彼於公眾公司或機構所擔任職位及其他重大承擔之變動、數目及性質適時通知本公司。董事之其他委任詳情載於2020/2021年報第32頁至第39頁內。

董事名單、彼等之角色及職能,以及尤其彼 等是否獨董之資料已存置於本公司及聯交所 網站,並於有需要時作出更新。

### 董事會程序

每年召開之董事會常規會議日期乃預定,使所有董事有充裕時間安排出席會議。每年召開四次董事會常規季度會議,並於有需要時召開董事會特別會議。於截至2021年3月31日止年度內,本公司舉行了七次董事會會議,而董事出席年內董事會會議之記錄載於文「股東大會、董事會及董事會委員會會議之出席率」一段。

每次董事會常規會議將於最少14天前發出正式通知,而其他董事會會議亦會發出合理之事先通知。每名董事均獲諮詢是否須就議程加入任何事項,而董事會主席將於發出每次董事會會議議程前審閱及批准議程。

# **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

Agendas and accompanying Board papers are sent to all Directors/Board Committees members at least three days (or such other period as agreed) before meetings. With the assistance of the EDs, the Chairman of the Board seeks to ensure that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and receive adequate documents and information about the Group in a timely manner. The Chairman of the Board, or in his absence, the Deputy Chairman, leads meetings and ensures that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Directors in a timely manner. Directors are provided sufficient time for discussion on issues in the meetings and encouraged to express their viewpoints on the Board's affairs and voice their concerns, if any. The Chairman directs discussions in the meetings in reaching a consensus and consolidates discussions with conclusions. Minutes of Board/Board Committees meetings record matters considered and decisions reached. Draft and final signed minutes of Board/Board Committees meetings are sent to all Directors for their comment and records respectively. Director is entitled to seek independent professional advice, at the Company's expenses, if he/she considers necessary in order to perform his/her duties.

The Chairman of the Board meets at least once annually with the INEDs without the presence of EDs and NEDs. In March 2021, the Chairman of the Board met the INEDs without the presence of EDs and NEDs and all four then INEDs attended the same.

Where necessary, INEDs meet privately to discuss matters which are their specific responsibilities. During the year, no such meeting was required to be held.

### **CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

The CG Code requires that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and not be performed by the same individual to ensure there is a clear division of responsibilities between the Board and the executives who run the business.

During the year, Mr Payson CHA, the late Chairman of the Company, passed away and Mr Victor CHA assumed the position as the Chairman and ceased as the Deputy Chairman and Managing Director of the Company. In addition, Mr TANG Moon Wah was promoted as the Managing Director of the Company, and hence, the roles of Chairman and Managing Director of the Company throughout the year have been taken up by two different individuals. The respective roles and responsibilities of Chairman and Managing Director are clearly separated and set out in writing.

議程連同董事會文件於會議至少三天(或其他 協定之期間)前送交予所有董事/董事會委員 會成員。在執董之協助下,董事會主席致力 確保全體董事獲妥善地簡述董事會會議處理 之事務,並適時獲取有關集團之充足文件及 資料。董事會主席或(倘彼缺席)副主席主持 會議及確保董事適時就所有重要及適當之事 項進行討論。於會議上,董事獲得充裕之時 間討論議題,且均獲鼓勵就董事會之事務表 達觀點及關注之事宜(如有)。主席於會上帶 領討論以達致共識及作出討論總結。董事會/ 董事會委員會之會議記錄載列所考慮之事項 及所作出之決定。草擬及最終經簽署之董事 會/董事會委員會會議記錄分別發送給全體董 事以供彼等給予意見及作存檔。董事有權按 其認為就履行職責所需徵求獨立專業意見, 費用由本公司承擔。

董事會主席每年亦至少一次於沒有執董及非 執董出席之情況下與獨董會面。董事會主席 於2021年3月在沒有執董及非執董出席之情 況下與獨董會談,所有四名當時的獨董均有 出席。

於必要時,獨董會私下會面以討論彼等特 定負責之事務。於年內,概無需要舉行有關 會議。

### 主席及行政總裁

企管守則規定主席及行政總裁之角色應有所 區分,並不應由同一人兼任,以明確區分董 事會與負責營運之行政人員之職責。

於年內,本公司已故主席查懋聲先生辭世, 並由查懋成先生接任主席職務,彼同時不 再擔任本公司副主席及董事總經理。此外, 鄧滿華先生獲晉升為本公司董事總經理,因 此,本公司主席及董事總經理之職位於年內 均由不同人士擔任。主席及董事總經理各自 之職務及職責已明確區分並以書面訂明。

The Chairman provides leadership to, and overseeing the functioning of, the Board to ensure it acts in the best interests of the Group. With the support of the Company Secretary and Corporate Governance Committee, the Chairman also takes primary responsibility to establish good corporate governance practices and procedures of the Company. The Managing Director, assisted by other EDs and executive management team, implements the strategies approved by the Board.

主 席 負 青 領 導 董 事 會 及 監 察 董 事 會 運 作 ,以 確保其行事符合集團最佳利益。主席在公司 秘書及企業管治委員會之協助下亦肩負確立 本公司良好企業管治常規及程序之重任。董 事總經理則在其他執董及行政管理層之協助 下執行經董事會批准之策略。

### NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (INCLUDING INDEPENDENT **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS)**

NEDs of the Company are appointed with a specific term of three years which is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election of Directors under the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles"). Details of the mechanism are set out in below paragraph headed "Appointments, Re-election and Removal".

The roles and responsibilities of NEDs are clearly set out in writing. NEDs are not involved in the day-to-day management of the Group's businesses but participate in Board/Board Committee meetings where they bring independent views and judgment on issues of strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standards of conduct.

INEDs, in particular, will oversee the management and the Company implementing the rules, procedures and plans established and help ensure that the interests of the shareholders as a whole are taken into account by the Board. Each of the INEDs has provided to the Company an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers that all of them continue to be independent with reference to the terms of guidelines set out in the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules.

### APPOINTMENTS, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL

The Articles stipulate that at each AGM, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any Director appointed by the Directors shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company (in the case of filling a casual vacancy) or until the next following AGM (in the case of a new appointment to the Board) and be eligible to offer for re-election. Re-election of each eligible Director is subject to approval by shareholders at the general meeting of the Company.

### 非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)

本公司之非執董均按三年期之特定年期獲委 任,並須按公司組織章程細則(「章程細則」) 輪值告退及膺選連任。有關機制詳情載於下 文「委任、重選和罷免」一段。

非執董之職務及職責均以書面清晰訂明。彼 等並無參與集團業務之日常管理,惟透過參 與董事會/董事會委員會會議,就集團之策 略、政策、表現、問責性、資源、要員任命及 操守準則等事宜提供獨立觀點及判斷。

獨董監察管理層及本公司已制訂之規則、程 序及計劃之執行情況,協助確保董事會已考 慮股東之整體利益。各獨董已根據上市規則 第3.13條向本公司作出年度獨立性確認,而本 公司參照上市規則相關規定所載之指引條款 認為彼等均繼續保持獨立。

### 委任、重選和罷免

章程細則規定,於每屆股東年會上,當時在 任之三分之一董事(或倘董事數目並非三或 其倍數,則以最接近但不少於三分之一)須輪 值告退,惟每名董事均須至少每三年輪值告 退一次,而獲董事委任之任何董事任期(倘屬 補選情況)僅至本公司下次股東大會為止, 或(倘屬新增董事情況)直至下屆股東年會為 止,並符合資格可膺選連任。每名合資格董 事之重選須在本公司股東大會經股東批准。

# **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

### **DIRECTORS' CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT**

Directors are provided with continuous updates on latest changes or material development in laws, the Listing Rules, corporate governance practices relating to the duties and responsibilities of Directors and are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development seminars to update their knowledge for discharging directors' responsibilities.

The Directors, who in office during the year under review and remain at the date of 2020/2021 annual report, have participated in the following various continuous professional development activities in order to develop and refresh their skills and knowledge. Each Director has provided his/her training record for the year under review to the Company with particulars set out as follows:

### 董事之持續專業發展

董事不時獲得有關董事職務及職責之法例、 上市規則、企業管治常規之最新修訂或重大 發展之更新資料,彼等亦獲鼓勵參與持續專 業發展研討會,以更新彼等履行董事職責之

於回顧年內及於2020/2021年報日期仍然在任 之董事已參與下述多個持續專業發展活動以 發展並更新其技能及知識。各董事已向本公 司提供彼於回顧年內之培訓記錄,詳情載列 如下:

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Name of director	董事姓名	Type of training(s) 培訓類型		
Victor CHA	查懋成	A		
TANG Moon Wah	鄧滿華	А		
CHEUNG Ho Koon	張浩觀	А		
NGAN Man Ying	顏文英	A, B		
Ronald ARCULLI	夏佳理	A, B		
Johnson CHA	查懋德	A, B		
Madeline WONG	王查美龍	А		
Linus CHEUNG	張永霖	А		
Henry FAN	范鴻齡	А		
Loretta HO	何柏貞	A, B		
TANG Kwai Chang	鄧貴彰	А, В		

附註:

- A. Reading/viewing materials/articles/videos in relation to director responsibilities, as well as the updates, developments and refreshments on tax compliance, risk management and governance.
- B. Attending training/seminars/workshops/forums/conferences/programme in relation to director and supervision development, updated statutory and regulatory requirements as well as developments on financial, legal, risk management, technology, data security and privacy, trust, banking, real estate market, tax, environmental, social and governance ("ESG") and economic environments.
- A. 閱讀/觀看有關董事責任,以及稅務合規、風險管 理和管治之更新、發展及重溫之資料/文章/錄像。
- B. 出席有關董事及監管發展、更新法例及監管要求, 以及有關財務、法律、風險管理、科技、數據安全與私 隱、信託、銀行、房地產市場、税務、環境、社會及管 治和經濟環境發展之培訓/研討會/工作坊/論壇/大會/

Notes:

### **DELEGATION BY THE BOARD**

The Board has delegated and set out levels of authority and expressed terms of reference for the Board Committees and reserves the rights to oversee and decide all other non-delegated matters, in particular, major acquisitions or disposals and connected transactions. The Board also delegates certain management and administration functions to the management as it considers appropriate from time to time, with directions as to the powers of management, including circumstances where management shall report to and obtain prior approval from the Board.

### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has set up the Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee, Nomination Committee, Corporate Governance Committee and other committees, namely Finance Committee, Investment/Divestment Committee, Buy-back, Reissue and Transfer of Shares Committee, Inside Information Committee and ESG Committee. The Board may also on a need basis set up special committees with clear terms of reference to deal with specific transactions or matters of the Company.

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee of the Company was established on 26 March 2012 and its terms of reference follow closely the requirements of the CG Code. The full text of the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee require, inter alia, that the Nomination Committee comprises not less than three members with a majority of INEDs and the Chairman must be either an INED or the Chairman of the Board. During the year, Mr Henry Fan was appointed as the chairman of the Nomination Committee with effect from 18 November 2020 to fill the vacancy left by the late Mr Payson CHA. In addition, Mr Victor CHA and Ms Madeline WONG were appointed as additional members of the Nomination Committee with effect from 25 November 2020. The Nomination Committee currently comprises five members, namely Mr Henry FAN, Mr Victor CHA, Ms Madeline WONG, Ms Loretta HO and Mr TANG Kwai Chang with Mr Henry FAN acting as the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

## 董事會之授權

董事會已向董事會委員會授權、制訂權力級 別及明確職權範圍,並保留監管及決定所有 其他未授權事項之權力,尤其是主要收購或 出售事項及關連交易。董事會亦不時賦予管 理層其認為合適之若干管理及行政職能,就 管理層之權力提供指引,包括管理層須向董 事會匯報及取得董事會事先批准之情況。

### 董事會委員會

董事會已設立薪酬委員會、審核委員會、提 名委員會、企業管治委員會及其他委員會, 分別為財務委員會、投資/撤資委員會、回 購、再發行及轉讓股份委員會、內幕消息委 員會及環境、社會及管治委員會。董事會亦 可於有需要時成立具有清晰職權範圍之特別 委員會,以處理本公司特定交易或事宜。

### 提名委員會

本公司提名委員會於2012年3月26日成立,其 職權範圍緊隨企管守則之規定。提名委員會 職權範圍之全文可於本公司及聯交所網站上 閲覽。

提名委員會職權範圍規定(其中包括)提名委 員會由不少於三名成員組成,其中大部份成 員必須為獨董,而主席須由一名獨董或董事 會主席擔任。於年內,范鴻齡先生自2020年 11月18日起獲委任提名委員會主席,以填補 查懋聲先生辭世後出現之職位空缺。此外, 查懋成先生及王查美龍女士自2020年11月25 日起獲委任為提名委員會之新增成員。提名 委員會現時由五名成員組成,分別為范鴻齡 先生、查懋成先生、王查美龍女士、何柏貞女 士及鄧貴彰先生。范鴻齡先生為提名委員會 主席。

# **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

The principal role and function of the Nomination Committee is to identify and recommend to the Board suitably qualified persons to become members of the Board, to review the structure, size and composition of the Board on a regular basis, to maintain (i) a policy concerning diversity of Board members (the "Board Diversity Policy") and consider the measurable objectives, if required, for recommending to the Board for adoption; and (ii) a policy concerning nomination of Director (the "Director Nomination Policy"). The Nomination Committee is entitled to seek independent professional advice, at the Company's expenses, if it considers necessary in order to perform its duties.

The Board Diversity Policy was adopted by the Board in March 2013. Pursuant to the policy, the Nomination Committee will review, discuss and agree annually all measurable objectives in accordance with the structure, size and composition of the Board for achieving diversity on the Board and recommend them, if any, to the Board for adoption. The Nomination Committee also monitors the progress and its policy implementation for annual reporting in the corporate governance report. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of services. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board. The policy will be reviewed by the Nomination Committee on an annual basis and when required to ensure effectiveness.

The Director Nomination Policy was adopted by the Board in November 2018. Pursuant to the policy, the Nomination Committee will discuss and consider the nomination of candidates from various sources for new Directors, examine the qualification of these candidates, and then recommend such candidates to the Board, which have the final authority on determining the selection of such candidate to be appointed as a Director. The major criteria considered by the Nomination Committee are, inter alia, candidates' educational backgrounds, experience and expertise in their chosen industries, their proposed commitment to the Company and the goal, if any, of diversity of the Board. Regarding the nomination of INEDs, the Nomination Committee will also particularly consider the independence of such candidates. The policy will be reviewed by the Nomination Committee on an annual basis and when required to ensure effectiveness.

提名委員會主要職務及職能為物色及向董事 會推薦具備合適資格成為董事會成員之人 士,定期檢討董事會之架構、人數及組成,以 及維持(i)董事會成員多元化政策(「董事會多 元化政策」),並於有需要時考慮可測計目標 以建議董事會採納;及(ii)董事提名政策(「董 事提名政策」)。提名委員會有權按其認為就 履行職責所需徵求獨立專業意見,費用由本 公司承擔。

董事會多元化政策已於2013年3月獲董事會採 納。根據該政策,提名委員會將就董事會之 架構、人數及組成每年進行檢討、商討及協 定達致董事會多元化之所有可測計目標,並 建議董事會採納該等目標(如有)。提名委員 會亦會監督有關進度及其政策履行以於企業 管治報告內作年度匯報。候選人之選擇基於 多方面考慮,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化 及教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及 服務年期,並基於所選之候選人將可為董事 會所帶來之裨益及貢獻而作最終決定。提名 委員會將每年及於必要時檢討該政策以確保 其有效性。

董事提名政策已於2018年11月獲董事會採 納。根據該政策,提名委員會將討論及考慮 提名從不同途徑物色的候選人為新任董事、 審核有關候選人之資歷,然後向董事會推薦 有關人選,董事會則就委任有關候選人為董 事擁有最終決定權。提名委員會所考慮之主 要準則為(其中包括)候選人之教育背景、其 於所從事行業之經驗及專業知識、其擬對本 公司投放之時間及董事會多元化之目標(如 有)。就獨董之提名而言,提名委員會亦將特 別考慮有關候選人之獨立性。提名委員會將 每年及於必要時檢討該政策以確保其有效性。

During the year, the Nomination Committee in the meetings held in November 2020 and March 2021 as well as by written resolutions have (a) recommended for the approval of the Board the reorganisation of the Board and some Board committees upon the passing away of Mr Payson CHA, the late Chairman of the Company, including i) the appointment of Mr Victor CHA as the Executive Chairman of the Company, a member of the Nomination Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee as well as cessation of his position as the Deputy Chairman and Managing Director of the Company; ii) the appointment of Ms Madeline WONG as the Non-executive Deputy Chairman of the Company, the chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee; iii) the appointment of Mr TANG Moon Wah as the Managing Director of the Company and a member of some functional committees; (b) with the proposal of the Chairman of the Company, considered pursuant to the Director Nomination Policy and recommended for the approval of the Board the appointment of Mr CHEUNG Ho Koon and Ms NGAN Man Ying as the EDs of the Company; (c) with the proposal of the Chairman of the Company, considered pursuant to the Director Nomination Policy and recommended for the approval of the Board the appointment of Ms Barbara SHIU as the INED of the Company and a member of the Audit Committee; (d) reviewed the retirement of Directors and recommended to the Board the re-election of Mr Victor CHA, Mr CHEUNG Ho Koon, Ms NGAN Man Ying, Mr Johnson CHA, Mr Henry FAN, Ms Loretta HO and Ms Barbara SHIU at the forthcoming AGM of the Company to be held in August 2021; (e) reviewed, assessed and considered all INEDs are independent, in particular for Ms Loretta HO who has served the Board as INED for more than nine years; (f) reviewed, assessed and considered the adequacy and effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy and Director Nomination Policy; and (g) reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board during the year of 2020/2021 and considered that after the aforesaid restructure of the Board composition, the current diversity of the Board is appropriate and it was not necessary to set out any measurable objectives for enhancing the diversity of the Board for the year of 2021/2022. The records of the meeting held and written resolutions of the Nomination Committee during the year are set out in the below paragraph headed "Attendances of General Meetings, Board and Board Committee Meetings".

於年內,提名委員會已於2020年11月及2021年 3月所舉行之會議和透過書面決議案(a)就本公 司已故主席查懋聲先生辭世後對董事會及部 份董事會委員會進行重組作出推薦董事會批 准之建議,包括i)委任查懋成先生為本公司執 行主席、提名委員會成員及企業管治委員會 成員,以及彼不再擔任本公司副主席及董事 總經理之職務; ii)委任王查美龍女士為本公 司非執行副主席、企業管治委員會主席及提 名委員會成員;iii)委任鄧滿華先生為本公司 董事總經理及部份職能委員會成員;(b)在本 公司主席建議下,根據董事提名政策考慮並 就委任張浩觀先生及顏文英女士為本公司執 董作出推薦董事會批准之建議;(c)在本公司 主席建議下,根據董事提名政策考慮並就委 任邵蓓蘭女士為本公司獨董及審核委員會成 員作出推薦董事會批准之建議;(d)審閱董事 之退任事宜並就將於2021年8月舉行之本公司 應屆股東年會上重選查懋成先生、張浩觀先 生、顏文英女士、查懋德先生、范鴻齡先生、 何柏貞女士及邵蓓蘭女士向董事會作出推薦 建議;(e)審閱、評估及考慮所有獨董之獨立 性,尤其是已為董事會出任獨董超過九年之 何柏貞女士;(f)審閱、評估及考慮董事會多元 化政策及董事提名政策是否屬合適及有效; 及(g)審閱2020/2021年度之董事會架構、人數 及組成,並認為於上述董事會架構重整後, 現有之董事會多元化水平為適當及毋須就提 升2021/2022年度之董事會多元化水平而設立 任何可測計目標。年內所舉行提名委員會會 議之記錄及提名委員會之書面決議案載於下 文「股東大會、董事會及董事會委員會會議之 出席率|一段。

## **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Remuneration Committee of the Company was established on 2 December 2004 and its terms of reference follow closely the requirements of the CG Code. The full text of the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee require, inter alia, that the Remuneration Committee comprises not less than three members with a majority of INEDs. The Remuneration Committee currently comprises three members, namely Mr Linus CHEUNG, Mr Henry FAN and Mr Victor CHA with Mr Linus CHEUNG acting as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The principal role and function of the Remuneration Committee is to exercise the powers of the Board to review and determine the remuneration packages of individual EDs and senior management, if any, including salaries, bonuses, benefits in kind, share options and other plans. Such factors as remuneration paid for comparable positions, time commitment and responsibilities of the EDs and senior management as well as the Company's remuneration policy will be considered. The Remuneration Committee is entitled to seek independent professional advice, at the Company's expenses, if it considers necessary in order to perform its duties.

During the year, no Remuneration Committee meeting was held but the Remuneration Committee reviewed and approved by means of electronic circulation (a) 2020/2021 salary review for senior executives; (b) employment extension for two EDs; (c) remuneration adjustment for four EDs due to the change of their positions with greater responsibilities; (d) 2020/2021 bonus payment for senior executives; and (e) an ex-gratia payment for an ED. The records of circulated electronic communication of the Remuneration Committee during the year are duly set out in the below paragraph headed "Attendances of General Meetings, Board and Board Committee Meetings".

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee of the Company was established on 17 July 1998 and its terms of reference follow closely the requirements of the CG Code. The full text of the terms of reference of the Audit Committee is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

### 薪酬委員會

本公司薪酬委員會於2004年12月2日成立,其 職權範圍緊隨企管守則之規定。薪酬委員會 職權範圍之全文可於本公司及聯交所網站上 閲覽。

薪酬委員會職權範圍規定(其中包括)薪酬委 員會須由不少於三名成員組成,其中大部份 成員必須為獨董。薪酬委員會現時由三名成 員組成,分別為張永霖先生、范鴻齡先生及 查懋成先生,其中張永霖先生為薪酬委員會 主席。

薪酬委員會之主要職務及職能為行使董事會 權力,以檢討及釐定個別執董及高層管理人 員(如有)之薪酬待遇,包括薪金、花紅、實物 利益、股份期權及其他計劃。薪酬委員會將 考慮與執董及高層管理人員可作比較職位所 給予之薪酬、所付出之時間及職責,以及本 公司之薪酬政策等因素。薪酬委員會有權按 其認為就履行職責所需尋求獨立專業意見, 費用由本公司承擔。

於年內,薪酬委員會並無舉行會議,惟薪酬 委員會成員透過電子傳閱方式審閱及批准 (a) 高級行政人員2020/2021年度之薪酬檢討; (b)延長兩名執董之聘用期限;(c)為四名因調 任承擔更重大職責崗位之執董進行之薪酬調 整;(d)向高級行政人員派發2020/2021年度之 花紅;及(e)向一名執董發放之特惠金。年內 薪酬委員會傳閱電子通訊之記錄載於下文「股 東大會、董事會及董事會委員會會議之出席 率 | 一段。

### 審核委員會

本公司審核委員會於1998年7月17日成立,其 職權範圍緊隨企管守則之規定。審核委員會 職權範圍之全文可於本公司及聯交所網站上 閲覽。

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee require, inter alia, that the Audit Committee comprises not less than three members who are NEDs and a majority of them must be INEDs of the Company. Upon the appointment of Ms Barbara SHIU as an additional member of the Audit Committee on 1 April 2021, the Audit Committee currently comprises four members, namely Mr TANG Kwai Chang, Mr Linus CHEUNG, Ms Loretta HO and Ms Barbara SHIU with Mr TANG Kwai Chang leading the Audit Committee as the chairman.

The principal role and function of the Audit Committee is to assist the Board in meeting its responsibilities for ensuring an effective system of risk management and internal controls and compliance, as well as meeting its external financial reporting objectives. The Audit Committee is entitled to seek independent professional advice, at the Company's expenses, if it considers necessary in order to perform its duties.

During the year, five Audit Committee meetings were held, of which two meetings were held for the consideration on the proposed change of Independent Auditor from Messrs Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu ("Deloitte") to PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC") and met with PwC's representatives. A recommendation for the change of Independent Auditor after the retirement of Deloitte at the conclusion of 2020 annual general meeting of the Company (the "2020 AGM") was then submitted for the approval of Board and thereafter the shareholders of the Company at the 2020 AGM. The other three meetings were held with the Independent Auditor together with senior management and has (a) reviewed and received the client service plan for audit of the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020; (b) reviewed and received the report of risk management review for the year ended 31 March 2020; (c) considered the Independent Auditor's projected audit and non-audit services fees; (d) reviewed the independence of the Independent Auditor, the nature and scope of the audit; (e) reviewed and discussed the interim and final financial statements and the Independent Auditor's review and report for the Board's approval. During two of these three meetings, the Audit Committee also met with the head of the Internal Audit Department of the Company to receive their work plan and, review and discuss on their findings and rectification actions taken by the business units.

審核委員會之職權範圍規定(其中包括)審 核委員會須由不少於三名非執董成員組成, 其中大部份成員必須為本公司獨董。邵蓓蘭 女士於2021年4月1日獲委任為審核委員會之 新增成員後,審核委員會現時由四名成員組 成,分別為鄧貴彰先生、張永霖先生、何柏貞 女士及邵蓓蘭女士,其中鄧貴彰先生擔任主 席帶領審核委員會。

審核委員會之主要職務及職能為協助董事會 履行其職責以確保風險管理及內部監控系統 以及守章制度行之有效,並達致其對外財務 匯報之目的。審核委員會有權按其認為就履 行職責所需徵求獨立專業意見,費用由本公 司承擔。

於年內,審核委員會舉行了五次會議,其中 兩次會議之目的是考慮有關將獨立核數師 由德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行(「德勤」)更換為 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所(「羅兵咸永道」)之 建議,以及與羅兵咸永道之代表會面。審核 委員會其後提出在德勤於本公司2020年股東 週年大會(「2020股東年會」)結束時退任後更 換獨立核數師之推薦建議,並提交董事會批 准及後於2020股東年會上提交本公司股東批 准。審核委員會另外三次會議與獨立核數師 及高層管理人員舉行,以及已(a)審閱及省覽 有關審核截至2020年3月31日止年度集團財 務報表之客戶服務計劃;(b)審閱及省覽截至 2020年3月31日止年度之風險管理審閱報告: (c)考慮獨立核數師之審核及非審核服務之預 計費用;(d)審閱獨立核數師之獨立性、審核 性質與範圍;(e)審閱及討論中期及全年財務 報表,以及獨立核數師之審閱報告以提交董 事會批准。於該三次會議的其中兩次,審核 委員會亦與本公司內部審核部門主管會面, 以獲取其工作計劃,以及審核並討論其調查 結果及各業務部門採取之糾正行動。

# **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE**

The Corporate Governance Committee was established on 12 September 2018 for the purpose to enhance and ensure the Company maintains a high standard of the corporate governance. Its terms of reference follow closely the requirements of the CG Code and pursuant to which, the Corporate Governance Committee requires, inter alia, comprising of not less than three members with majority of them must be NEDs (including INEDs) of the Company. During the year, Ms Madeline WONG, the Non-executive Deputy Chairman of the Company, was appointed as the chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee with effect from 25 November 2020 in place of the late Mr Payson CHA. In addition, Mr Victor CHA was appointed as an additional member of the Corporate Governance Committee on the even date. The Corporate Governance Committee currently comprises four members, namely Ms Madeline WONG, Mr Victor CHA, Mr Henry FAN and Mr TANG Kwai Chang with Ms Madeline WONG leading the Corporate Governance Committee as the chairman.

The principal role and function of the Corporate Governance Committee is to assist the Board and the Chairman in developing, reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance on assurance the compliance with legal and regulatory requirements. The Corporate Governance Committee is entitled to seek independent professional advice, at the Company's expenses, if it considers necessary in order to perform its duties.

During the year, the Corporate Governance Committee held two meetings in June 2020 and March 2021 and has (a) reviewed the corporate governance report to be incorporated in the annual report of 2019/2020; (b) received and reviewed the training records of all Directors for the financial year 2019/2020; and (c) reviewed all the key Company's policies and practices, including the code of conduct and terms of reference of officers and various Board committees as well as made recommendations to the Board for amending some terms of references. The records of the meetings held of the Corporate Governance Committee during the year are set out in the below paragraph headed "Attendances of General Meetings, Board and Board Committee Meetings".

### 企業管治委員會

企業管治委員會於2018年9月12日成立,旨 在提升並確保本公司能維持高水平之企業 管治。其職權範圍緊隨企管守則之規定。根 據企業管治委員會職權範圍之規定,企業管 治委員會須(其中包括)由不少於三名成員組 成,其中大部份成員必須為本公司非執董(包 括獨董)。於年內,本公司非執行副主席王 查美龍女士自2020年11月25日起代替已故查 懋聲先生獲委任為企業管治委員會主席。此 外,查懋成先生於同日獲委任為企業管治委 員會之新增成員。企業管治委員會現時由四 名成員組成,分別為王查美龍女士、查懋成 先生、范鴻齡先生及鄧貴彰先生,其中王杳 美龍女士擔任主席帶領企業管治委員會。

企業管治委員會之主要職務及職能為協助董 事會及主席制訂、檢討及監察本公司企業管 治政策及常規以確保符合法律及監管規定之 要求。企業管治委員會有權按其認為就履行 職責所需徵求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司 承擔。

於年內,企業管治委員會於2020年6月及2021 年3月舉行了兩次會議,以及已(a)審閱將納入 2019/2020年報之企業管治報告;(b)省覽及審 閱2019/2020財政年度所有董事之培訓記錄; 及(c)檢討本公司所有主要的政策及常規,包 括高級職員之操守準則及各董事會委員會之 職權範圍,並向董事會建議對有關職權範圍 作出若干修訂。年內企業管治委員會舉行會 議之記錄載於下文「股東大會、董事會及董事 會委員會會議之出席率」一段。

### ATTENDANCES OF GENERAL MEETINGS, **BOARD AND BOARD COMMITTEE MEETINGS**

Directors' attendances in the general meetings and the meetings of the Board, Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee held during the year under review are set out below:

# 股東大會、董事會及董事會 委員會會議之出席率

於回顧年內所舉行之股東大會及董事會、審 核委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及企業 管治委員會會議之董事出席率載列如下:

Name of director	董事姓名	Board meeting 董事會 會議	Audit Committee meeting 審核委員會 會議	Remuneration Committee circulated communication 薪酬委員會 傳閱通訊	Nomination Committee meeting/ resolutions 提名委員會 會議/決議案	Corporate Governance Committee meeting 企業管治 委員會會議	AGM held on 20 August 2020 於2020年 8月20日 舉行之股東年會
Payson CHA <sup>1@+</sup>	查懋聲憶	2/5	_	_	_	1/1	Х
Victor CHA <sup>2#@+</sup>	查懋成2#@+	6/7	-	5/5	2/2	1/1	Х
TANG Moon Wah	鄧滿華	7/7	-	_	_	_	✓
Abraham CHUNG <sup>3</sup>	鍾心田3	7/7	-	_	-	-	✓
CHEUNG Ho Koon <sup>4</sup>	張浩觀4	1/1	-	_	-	-	Х
NGAN Man Ying <sup>4</sup>	顏文英4	1/1	-	_	-	-	Х
Ronald ARCULLI	夏佳理	6/7	-	-	-	_	Х
Johnson CHA	查懋德	4/7	-	_	_	_	Х
Madeline WONG <sup>5@+</sup>	王查美龍5@+	7/7	-	_	2/2	2/2	Х
Linus CHEUNG*#	張永霖**	6/7	5/5	5/5	_	_	Х
Henry FAN <sup>6#@+</sup>	范鴻齡6#@+	7/7	-	5/5	3/3	2/2	✓
Loretta HO*®	何柏貞*®	7/7	5/5	_	3/3	-	Х
TANG Kwai Chang*@+	鄧貴彰*®+	7/7	5/5	-	3/3	2/2	✓

### Notes:

- members of Audit Committee
- members of Remuneration Committee
- members of Nomination Committee
- members of Corporate Governance Committee
- Mr Payson CHA passed away on 6 November 2020 (PST). 1.
- Mr Victor CHA was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee with effect from 25 November 2020.
- Mr Abraham CHUNG resigned as a director of the Company with effect from 1
- Mr CHEUNG Ho Koon and Ms NGAN Man Ying were appointed as directors of the Company with effect from 1 February 2021.
- Ms Madeline WONG was appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee with effect from 25 November 2020.
- Mr Henry FAN was appointed as the chairman of the Nomination Committee with effect from 18 November 2020.

### 附註:

- 審核委員會成員
- 薪酬委員會成員
- 提名委員會成員
- 企業管治委員會成員
- 1. 查懋聲先生於2020年11月6日(太平洋標準時間) 辭世。
- 2. 查懋成先生自2020年11月25日起獲委任為提名委員 會成員及企業管治委員會成員。
- 3. 鍾心田先生自2021年4月1日起辭任本公司董事。
- 4. 張浩觀先生及顏文英女士自2021年2月1日起獲委任 為本公司董事。
- 王查美龍女士自2020年11月25日起獲委任為提名委 員會成員。
- 6. 范鴻齡先生自2020年11月18日起獲委任為提名委員 會主席。

## **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

Due to other business engagements, Mr Payson CHA, the late Chairman of the Board and Mr Victor CHA, the then Deputy Chairman of the Board and Managing Director of the Company could not attend the 2020 AGM  $\,$ of the Company held on 20 August 2020 and Mr TANG Moon Wah, an Executive Director of the Company took the chair of that meeting and Mr Henry FAN (INED as well as a member of the Remuneration Committee and Corporate Governance Committee) and Mr TANG Kwai Chang (INED as well as the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee), together with another ED and the representative of the Company's Independent Auditor were present to answer questions from shareholders.

由於需要參與其他業務,本公司已故董事會 主席查懋聲先生及時任董事會副主席兼董事 總經理查懋成先生未能出席本公司於2020年 8月20日舉行之2020股東年會,因此由本公司 執行董事鄧滿華先生擔任該大會主席,而范 鴻齡先生(獨董兼任薪酬委員會成員及企業管 治委員會成員)及鄧貴彰先生(獨董兼任審核 委員會主席、提名委員會成員及企業管治委 員會成員)連同另一執董及本公司獨立核數師 之代表均已出席該大會,以回應股東之提問。

#### **ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT**

The Directors acknowledge they are responsible for the preparation of accounts for financial year which is required to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group, its results and the cash flows for the Group. For preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021, the Directors selected appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgments and estimations that are prudent and reasonable, and prepared accounts on a going concern basis. The statement of the Company's Independent Auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 is contained in the Independent Auditor's report of 2020/2021 annual report.

#### 問責及審核

董事了解彼等有責任就財政年度編製真實並 中肯地反映本公司及集團事務狀況以及集團 業績及現金流量之賬目。於編製截至2021年3 月31日止年度之綜合財務報表時,董事已選 定合適之會計政策並貫徹應用,作出審慎及 合理之判斷和估算,並按持續經營基準編製 賬目。本公司之獨立核數師就集團截至2021 年3月31日止年度綜合財務報表之申報責任聲 明載於2020/2021年報之獨立核數師報告內。

#### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has an overall responsibility for evaluating and providing direction to the Company on the nature and extent of the risks that shall be taken in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and ensuring that the Company establishes and maintains appropriate and effective systems of risk management and internal controls, which include financial, operational and compliance controls.

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會全權負責為達致本公司策略性目標而 需面對的風險之性質及範圍進行評估及向本 公司提出方向性指示,並確保本公司建立及 維持合適有效之風險管理及內部監控系統, 包括財務、營運及守章監控。

The main features of the risk management and internal control systems are to provide a clear governance structure, policies and procedures, as well as a reporting mechanism to facilitate the Group to manage its risks across business operations. Key policies and procedures have been developed, implemented and communicated to staff as well as regularly reviewed to ensure there are continued relevant and effective risk management and internal control systems and for continuous improvement which includes (a) setting core values and beliefs which form the basis of the Group's overall risk philosophy and appetite; (b) having an organisational structure in place with defined lines of responsibility and delegation of authority which hold individuals accountable for their risk management and internal control responsibilities and provides necessary information flow for risk analysis and management decision-making on an on-going basis; (c) imposing budgetary and management accounting controls to efficiently allocate resources and providing timely financial and operational performance indicators to manage business activities and risks: (d) ensuring effective financial reporting control to record complete, accurate and timely accounting and management information; and (e) having structural internal audit function to perform independent appraisal of business units and corporate functions on an on-going and cyclical basis.

風險管理及內部監控系統之主要特點是以清 晰之治理架構、政策及程序,以及匯報機制, 協助集團管理各業務範疇之風險。集團已制 訂及落實執行主要政策及程序,並與員工溝 通以及定期進行檢討,以確保集團維持恰當 及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統並得以持 續改善,當中包括(a)制訂構建集團整體風險 理念及制約基準之核心價值觀及信念;(b)建 立明確界定職責及權限之組織架構,使各人 均肩負其對風險管理及內部監控之職責,持 續為風險分析及管理層決策提供必要的資訊 流涌;(c) 實施預算及管理會計監控,從而有 效地分配資源及提供最新財務及營運表現指 標,以便管理業務活動及風險;(d)確保財務 匯報監控有效地記錄完整、準確及適時之會 計及管理資訊;及(e)備有結構性內部審核職 能以持續對業務單位及企業職能部門進行週 期性獨立評估。

The Board has delegated to the Audit Committee responsibility for providing oversight in respect of risk management and internal control activities. The Audit Committee discusses the risk management and internal control systems with management for the year under review to ensure that management has performed its duty to have an effective risk management and internal control systems. Discussion covers areas, interalia, the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programme and budget (collectively, "Resources") of the

Company's accounting and financial reporting functions.

To assist the Board and the Audit Committee in overseeing the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, the Internal Audit Department is responsible for performing independent reviews on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's systems of internal controls and risk management and reports audit findings to the Audit Committee and the Board regularly. An Internal Audit Charter, which was adopted in 2008, formulates the processes and procedures of internal audit function for strengthening of the control framework. The Audit Committee also separately consults with the Internal Audit Department in respect of the adequacy of Resources of the Company's internal audit function.

董事會向審核委員會授權,負責監管有關風 險管理及內部監控工作。審核委員會與管理 層討論回顧年度之風險管理及內部監控系 統,以確保管理層已履行其維持有效風險管 理及內部監控系統之職責。討論範疇其中包 括本公司會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、 員工資歷及經驗,以及培訓課程及預算(統稱 「資源」)是否足夠。

為協助董事會及審核委員會監督集團之風險 管理及內部監控系統,內部審核部門負責就 集團內部監控及風險管理系統是否充分及 有效進行獨立檢討,並向審核委員會及董事 會定期匯報審核結果。內部審核憲章於2008 年獲採納,以制訂內部審核職能之過程及程 序,藉此加強監控框架。審核委員會亦就本 公司內部審核職能之資源是否足夠另行向內 部審核部門作出諮詢。

## **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The successful management of risks is essential for the long-term growth and sustainability of the Group's business. To ensure risk management of the Group is integrated into the day-to-day operation of the Group and is continuously carried out at all levels of the Group, the Company has established a risk management framework and governance structure which consists of the Board, the Audit Committee, risk management steering group and business lines to facilitate a systematic approach to the management of risks within the Group.

The following diagram illustrates the Group's risk governance and management framework:

#### 風險管理

成功管理風險對集團業務之長遠增長及可持 續發展至關重要。為確保集團之風險管理能 融入集團日常業務中,並於集團所有層面持 續執行,本公司已設立風險管理框架及由董 事會、審核委員會、風險管理監督小組及企 業職能部門組成的管治架構,以協助集團制 訂系統性的風險管理。

下圖列示集團之風險管治及管理框架:



#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

- evaluate and provide direction to the Company on the nature and extent of the risks that shall be taken in achieving the Company's strategic objectives
- ensure that the Company establishes and maintains appropriate and effective systems of risk management and internal controls

#### 董事會

- 為達致本公司策略性目標而需面對的風險之性 質及範圍進行評估及向本公司提出方向性指示
- 確保本公司建立及維持合適有效之風險管理及 內部監控系統

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

- · oversee management in design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems
- review, at least annually, the risk management and internal control systems of the Group with the support of Internal Audit Department to ascertain whether management has fulfilled its responsibilities in establishing and maintaining effective systems
- review risk assessment results, including changes in the nature and extent of significant risks since the last review and the Group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment
- consider major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters and management's response to these findings
- identify any significant risks that should be the attention of the Board
- review and consider enhancement to the risk management and internal control systems as proposed by the risk management steering group and/or the Internal Audit Department

#### RISK MANAGEMENT STEERING GROUP

- establish and maintain risk management infrastructure and recommend change as appropriate
- conduct, at least annually, risk identification and assessment on group-wide basis
- escalate risk and control issues on a timely manner as appropriate
- ensure business line conduct risk assessment and control self-assessment within their business units/departments on a regular basis
- provide assurance on the effectiveness of the risk management and control systems of the Group to the Audit Committee and the Board

#### **BUSINESS LINES**

- manage risks within their business units/departments
- identify and evaluate risks potentially impact the achievement of business objectives within their business units/departments
- mitigate and monitor risks identified on day-to-day operation
- conduct risk assessment and control self-assessment on regular basis

#### INTERNAL AUDIT DEPARTMENT

- perform audits to evaluate the proper functioning of the risk management and internal control systems
- report findings to the Audit Committee and provide the Committee with an independent and objective assurance on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group
- propose any enhancement to the risk management and internal control systems for consideration by the Audit Committee and the risk management steering group

#### 審核委員會

- 監督風險管理及內部監控系統之設計、執行及 監察管理工作
- 在內部審核部門協助下,至少每年對集團風險 管理及內部監控系統進行檢討,以確定管理層 是否已履行其建立及維持有效系統之責任
- 檢討風險評估結果,包括自上次檢討後之重大 風險的性質及範圍之變動以及集團應對其業務 及外部環境轉變之能力
- 審閱風險管理及內部監控事宜之主要調查結果 以及管理層對該等結果之回應
- 識別須提請董事會注意之任何重大風險
- 檢視及考慮由風險管理監督小組及/或內部審 核部門就優化風險管理及內部監控系統提出之 建議

#### 風險管理監督小組

- 建立及維持風險管理結構及建議適當之修訂
- 至少每年進行集團整體性的風險識別及評估
- 適時向上匯報風險及監控問題
- 確保各職能部門定期就各自之業務單位/部門進 行風險評估及自我監控評估
- 就集團風險管理及監控系統之有效性向審核委 員會及董事會提供保證

#### 職能部門

- 管理其業務單位/部門之風險
- 識別及評估會影響其業務單位/部門達成業務目 標的潛在風險
- 於日常營運中減低及監控所識別之風險
- 定期進行風險評估及自我監控評估

#### 內部審核部門

- 進行審核以評估風險管理及內部監控系統是否
- 向審核委員會匯報審核結果,並就集團風險管 理及內部監控系統之有效性向委員會提供獨立 及客觀的保證
- 就優化風險管理及內部監控系統向審核委員會 及風險管理監督小組提出建議以作考慮

## **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

The Company has also formulated and adopted Risk Management Policy in providing directions in identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks. At least on an annual basis, the risk management steering group, which comprises of the heads of all business units and corporate functions, collects and collates risk information from business lines, identifies risks, on a group-wide basis, that would adversely affect the achievement of the Group's objectives, and assesses and prioritises the identified risks according to a set of standard criteria. Risk mitigation plans are established and risk owners are also assigned to closely monitor those risks which are considered to be significant on an ongoing basis and implement the mitigation plans. The identified risks which are considered to be significant to the Group, including their changes in nature and extent since the last review, and the relevant mitigation plans for the year under review have been presented and accepted by the Audit Committee and the Board in April and June 2021 respectively.

The Internal Audit Department acts as an independent assessor as another line of defence on risk management system. It conducts independent review and assesses, at least on an annual basis, if all the key risks are properly identified and evaluated in accordance with the Risk Management Policy and whether the existing risk controls are operating effectively. A control self-assessment process was also established which requires risk owners to assess, through questionnaire, the adequacy and effectiveness of risk controls over the areas under their responsibilities. The process and its results were reviewed by the Internal Audit Department and form part of the Audit Committee's annual assessment of control effectiveness.

#### **INTERNAL CONTROLS**

In addition to the independent assessment on the risk management system, during the year, the Internal Audit Department also carried out reviews on (a) the operation of Discovery Bay Transportation Services Limited; (b) the operation of Discovery Bay Transit Services Limited; (c) the operation of Discovery Bay Road Tunnel Company Limited; (d) the operation of Discovery Bay Enterprises Limited; (e) the operation of Auberge Discovery Bay Hong Kong; (f) the improvement on the purchasing control of the Procurement Department; and (g) other business units with audit follow-up. With the implementation of followup measures after the reviews, the effectiveness in areas with irregularities has gradually improved. Findings on the reviews, control weaknesses, if any, and the relevant recommendations have been presented to and accepted by the Audit Committee and the Board in November 2020 and June 2021.

本公司亦已制訂及採納風險管理政策,提供 識別、評估及管理重大風險之方針。由各業 務單位及企業職能主管組成之風險管理監督 小組至少每年在收集及整理從各職能部門所 得之風險資料後,識別對達成集團目標造成 不利影響之整體性風險,並根據一套標準準 則評估所識別之風險及釐定其優次,從而對 重大風險制訂風險緩解計劃及委派風險監控 負責人,以持續緊密監察該等風險並執行緩 解計劃。就回顧年度所識別被視為對集團而 言屬重大之風險(包括自上次檢討後其性質 及範圍之變動)及相關緩解計劃已分別於2021 年4月及6月向審核委員會及董事會呈報並獲 接納。

內部審核部門作為獨立審核員,為風險管理 系統之另一道防線。其至少每年進行獨立檢 討及評估,以確定所有主要風險是否已按照 風險管理政策妥為識別及評估,以及現有風 險監控是否有效運作。自我監控評估程序亦 已建立,要求風險監控負責人透過問卷形式 對其職責範圍內之風險監控是否充足及有效 作自我評估。該程序及其結果由內部審核部 門檢討,並構成每年審核委員會對評估監控 之有效性的一部份。

#### 內部監控

除就風險管理系統進行獨立評核外,於年 內,內部審核部門亦已就(a)愉景灣航運服務 有限公司之營運;(b)愉景灣交通服務有限公 司之營運;(c)愉景灣隧道有限公司之營運; (d) Discovery Bay Enterprises Limited 之 營 運;(e) 香 港愉景灣酒店之營運;(f)改善採購部門之採 購機制;及(q)其他業務單位之審核跟進工作 進行檢討。隨著檢討後實行跟進措施,不合 規之處逐漸改善。檢討結果、監控弱項(如 有)及相關建議已於2020年11月及2021年6月 向審核委員會及董事會呈報並獲接納。

The risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board, through the works of the Audit Committee, risk management steering group and the Internal Audit Department, has conducted an annual review on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 and considers that the Group's risk management and internal control systems for the year were effective and adequate. Management of the Group has also provided confirmation to the Audit Committee and the Board on the effectiveness of such systems for the year under review.

#### HANDLING OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Group complies with requirements of Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") and the Listing Rules. A Disclosure of Inside Information Policy has established by the Company to set out the procedures on reporting the likely inside information to ensure that potential price sensitive or inside information of the Group can be promptly identified, assessed and escalated for disseminating to the public. The Company discloses inside information to the public as soon as reasonably practicable unless the information falls within any of the "Safe Harbours" as provided in the SFO. Before the information is fully disclosed to the public, the Company ensures the information is kept strictly confidential. If the Company believes that the necessary degree of confidentiality cannot be maintained or that confidentiality may have been breached, the Company will immediately disclose the information to the public. The Company is committed to ensure that information contained in announcements are not false or misleading as to any material fact, or false or misleading through the omission of any material fact in view of presenting information in a clear and balanced way, which requires equal disclosure of both positive and negative facts.

#### **COMPLIANCE WITH THE ESG REPORTING GUIDE**

The Group has complied with the ESG Reporting Guide of the Stock Exchange and has released its standalone ESG Report for the year ended 31 March 2021 online at the same time with the publication of 2020/2021 annual report, which captures in detail the Group's ESGrelated initiatives, policies and performance in Hong Kong, mainland China and Thailand throughout the financial year.

風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除 未能達致業務目標之風險,且僅可就避免重 大失實陳述或損失提供合理而非絕對之保 證。董事會透過審核委員會、風險管理監督 小組及內部審核部門之工作,對集團於截至 2021年3月31日止年度之風險管理及內部監 控系統之成效進行年度檢討,並認為集團本 年度之風險管理及內部監控系統屬有效及充 足。此外,集團管理層亦已向審核委員會及 董事會確認有關系統於回顧年內之有效性。

#### **處理內幕消息**

集團一直遵守證券及期貨條例(「證券條例」) 及上市規則之規定。本公司已設立內幕消息 披露政策,列出匯報可能是內幕消息之程 序,以確保集團可即時辨別、評估及向上匯 報對股價可能有影響之資料或內幕消息, 以便向公眾發放。本公司在實際合理可行之 情況下,會盡快向公眾披露內幕消息,除非 有關消息屬於證券條例下任何「安全港」之範 圍。本公司在向公眾全面披露有關消息前, 會確保該消息絕對保密。倘本公司認為不能 維持必要之保密程度或可能違反保密責任, 本公司會即時向公眾披露有關消息。本公司 致力確保公告中所載有關重大事實之資料不 屬虛假或具誤導性,或以清晰及持平之方式 呈列資料,對正面及負面事實作出相等程度 之披露,以確保不會因遺漏重大事實而構成 虚假或具誤導性。

# 遵 守 環 境、社 會 及 管 治 報 告 指 引

集團已遵守聯交所之環境、社會及管治報告 指引, 並與2020/2021年報同一時間在網上獨 立發佈截至2021年3月31日止年度之環境、 社會及管治報告,該獨立報告載列集團於整 個財政年度在香港、中國內地及泰國實行有 關環境、社會及管治之舉措、政策及表現之 詳情。

## **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company strives to maintain a stable dividend to shareholders and has adopted a dividend policy (the "Policy"). Pursuant to the Policy, the declaration or recommendation of dividends is subject to the sole discretion of the Board. The Board shall consider the following factors before declaring or recommending dividends:

- the Company's actual and expected financial performance;
- shareholders' interests:
- the retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the members of the Group;
- the level of the Group's debts to equity ratio, return on equity and the relevant financial covenants;
- any restriction on payment of dividends that may by imposed by the Group's lenders;
- the Group's expected working capital requirements and future expansion plan;
- general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's motion control business or financial performance and position of the Company;
- taxation considerations;
- statutory and regulatory restrictions; and
- any other factors that the Board deems relevant.

The Board will continually review the Policy and reserve the right in its sole absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the Policy at any time, and the Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company in respect of its future dividend and/or in no way obligate the Company to declare dividend at any time or from time to time.

## 股息政策

本公司致力維持向股東穩定派息,並已採納 股息政策(「該政策」)。根據該政策,宣派股息 或建議派息由董事會全權酌情決定。在宣派 股息或建議派息前,董事會將考慮以下因素:

- 本公司實際及預期之財務表現;
- 股東利益;
- 本公司及集團各成員公司之保留盈利及可 分派儲備;
- 集團之債務權益比率水平、股本回報率及 相關之財務契諾;
- 集團貸款人可能就股息派付施加之任何 限制;
- 集團之預期營運資金需求及未來擴展 計劃;
- 整體經濟狀況、集團可控業務之商業週期 或本公司之財務表現及狀況;
- 税務考慮;
- 法例及監管限制;及
- 董事會視作相關之任何其他因素。

董事會將持續檢討該政策,並保留其絕對酌 情權以隨時更新、更改及/或修訂該政策,且 該政策將不會就未來之股息對本公司構成任 何具法律約束力之承諾及/或構成本公司需於 任何時間或不時宣派股息之責任。

#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

Directors' remuneration (save for directors' fees which are subject to shareholders' approval at general meeting) is determined with reference to prevailing market situation, their respective duties and responsibilities and the Group's remuneration policy. Under the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee, the Remuneration Committee should make recommendation to the Board on the remuneration policy and it has the delegated responsibilities to determine the remuneration of the EDs. The EDs are entitled to salary, contribution to retirement schemes and discretionary bonus which are subject to the ED's and the Company's performance.

In general, the Executive Chairman, who is a member of the Remuneration Committee, is involved in recommending proposals on the remuneration of other EDs for due consideration and approval by the Remuneration Committee. However, he abstains from voting when his remuneration is reviewed and considered by the Remuneration Committee. No Director will participate in the discussion and review of his/her own remuneration.

The NEDs are entitled to a director's fee for their service which was determined by the Board, pursuant to the authority given by the shareholders at general meeting from time to time, with reference to their duties and responsibilities in the Company and the prevailing market situation. Currently, a sum of HK\$100,000 per annum being the basic fee for acting as a NED, additional fee of HK\$100,000 per annum will be paid to each member, who is NED, of each of Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Corporate Governance Committee of the Company and additional fee of HK\$150,000 per annum will be paid to each member, who is NED, of Audit Committee. An additional fee of HK\$50,000 will also be paid to each INED having a seat in any independent board committee which is required to be set up from time to time under the Listing Rules.

Remuneration details of the Directors (on individual name basis) for the year ended 31 March 2021 are disclosed in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 157 and 158 of 2020/2021 annual report.

#### 金幅事董

董事酬金(須經股東於股東大會上批准之董事 袍金除外)乃參考當前市況、彼等各自之職務 及職責以及集團之薪酬政策而釐定。根據薪 酬委員會之職權範圍,薪酬委員會應就薪酬 政策向董事會提出建議,並獲授權負責釐定 執董之薪酬待遇。執董有權收取薪酬、退休 計劃供款以及按個人與本公司表現而發放之 酌情花紅。

一般而言,執行主席(彼同時為薪酬委員會成 員)會就其他執董之薪酬待遇提供建議,以供 薪酬委員會作適當考慮及批准。然而,於薪 酬委員會審閱及考慮其薪酬待遇時,彼則須 放棄投票。概無董事可參與討論及審閱其本 身之酬金。

非執董就其服務有權收取之董事袍金由董事 會根據股東不時於股東大會上授出之授權, 並參考彼等於本公司之職務及職責以及當 時市況而釐定。現時支付予非執董之基本袍 金為每年100.000港元,而非執董兼任本公司 薪酬委員會、提名委員會及企業管治委員會 成員之額外袍金(按每個委員會計)為每年 100,000港元,以及非執董兼任審核委員會成 員之額外袍金為每年150,000港元。此外,支付 予各獨董作為根據上市規則不時須成立之任 何獨立董事會委員會成員之額外袍金為50,000 港元。

截至2021年3月31日止年度之董事酬金詳情 (按個人名稱之基準)於2020/2021年報第157頁 及第158頁之綜合財務報表附註12內披露。

## **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

PwC is the Independent Auditor of the Company. The remuneration for audit services provided by PwC to the Group for the year under review amounted to approximately HK\$8.2 million. In addition to the audit fee, the Company had appointed PwC for the interim results review and the other non-audit advisory services, remuneration of which amounted to approximately HK\$2.0 million for the year under review.

#### **MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES** TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (including amendments as effected from time to time) as its own code of conduct to regulate securities transactions by Directors (the "Model Code"). All Directors, who in office during the financial year ended 31 March 2021 and remain at the date of 2020/2021 annual report, have confirmed, following specific enquiry by the Company, that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the year from 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021 (both days inclusive). The Model Code has been extended to and has become equally applicable to dealings in the securities of the Company by members of senior management and relevant employees.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company Secretary of the Company is an employee of the Company and has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affair. During the year ended 31 March 2021, she has taken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in accordance with rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules and will continue to comply with such requirement for the year ending 31 March 2022 and report regularly.

#### 核數師酬金

羅兵咸永道為本公司之獨立核數師。於回顧 年度就羅兵咸永道向集團提供審核服務之酬 金約為8.2百萬港元。除審核費用外,本公司 於回顧年度委任羅兵咸永道審閱中期業績及 提供其他非審核服務之酬金約為2.0百萬港元。

# 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載之上市發 行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(包括不 時生效之修訂),作為規管董事進行證券交易 之操守準則(「標準守則」)。經本公司作出具 體查詢後,全體董事(彼等於截至2021年3月 31日止財政年度一直在任及於2020/2021年報 日期仍然在任)已確認彼等自2020年4月1日至 2021年3月31日年度期間(包括首尾兩天)均已 遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。標準守則已 擴展至同樣適用於高層管理人員及有關僱員 所進行之本公司證券交易。

#### 公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書為本公司僱員並熟習本公 司日常運作。截至2021年3月31日止年度,彼 已根據上市規則第3.29條接受不少於15個小時 之相關專業培訓,並將於截至2022年3月31日 止年度繼續遵守相關規定及定期作出報告。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Pursuant to article 72 of the Articles, extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened by the written requisition of any two shareholders of the Company representing not less than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company at the time of requisition. Shareholders wishing to do so must serve a duly executed written requisition to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 23/F, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168-200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong (the "Principal Place of Business") specifying the object(s) of the meeting. If the Directors do not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed to duly convene the meeting, such shareholders may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meeting(s) may be convened by the Directors, and all reasonable expenses incurred by those shareholders as a result of the failure of the Directors to convene the general meeting shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

In addition, any shareholder acting on his/her own or together with other persons whose shareholding interests in the Company in aggregate representing not less than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company (other than the person to be proposed) may nominate a person to stand for election as Director at the general meeting in accordance with article 120 of the Articles. Any shareholder wishing to do so must serve (a) a written notice of intention to propose such person for election as Director; (b) a notice executed by that person of his/her willingness to be elected; and (c) the information of that person as required to be disclosed under rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules to the Principal Place of Business between the period commencing from the date after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and ending on (and excluding) the date that is seven days prior to the date of such general meeting. The Company shall issue an announcement and/or a supplementary circular, if applicable, to inform the shareholders the biographical details of the candidate proposed if a valid notice to propose a person to stand for election as Director is received.

#### 股東權利

根據章程細則第72條,股東特別大會亦可按 任何兩名於提出要求時持有本公司已發行股 本不少於5%之本公司股東之書面要求而召 開。有意要求召開股東特別大會之股東,須 把已簽署之書面要求連同召開會議之具體目 的送達本公司香港主要營業地點,地址為香 港干諾道中168-200號信德中心招商局大廈23 樓(「主要營業地點」)。倘董事未能於要求送 達日期起計21天內正式召開大會,則該等股 東可自行召開股東大會(須盡可能與由董事召 開之股東大會形式相同),而本公司須補償該 等股東因此而引致之一切合理費用。

此外,根據章程細則第120條,任何股東如以 個人名義或與其他人士共同擁有相當於本公 司已發行股本不少於5%者(將獲提名之人士 除外),均可提名一名人士於股東大會上膺 選董事。任何有意作出提名之股東必須於指 定作該選舉之股東大會通告發出翌日起至該 股東大會日期前七天(不包括會議當天)止送 呈(a)就其提名該人士膺選董事之意向之書面 通知;(b)由該人士簽署表示願意膺選之通知 書;及(c)根據上市規則第13.51(2)條規定須予 披露有關該人士之資料至主要營業地點。倘 收到有關提名人士膺選董事之有效通知書, 本公司將刊發公告及/或補充通函(如適用), 以知會股東有關參選人之履歷詳情。

## **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS AND** COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company is committed to promoting and maintaining effective communication with the shareholders and other stakeholders. A shareholders' communication policy has been adopted by the Board which set out the Company's policy for maintaining an on-going dialogue with shareholders and investment community. The policy is subject to regular review by the Board to ensure its effectiveness. The Company's AGM, for which at least 20 clear business days' prior notice is given, is one of the principal channels of communication with its shareholders. Shareholders have the opportunity to communicate face to face with the Directors if they have any questions on the Company's performance and operations. In addition to the AGM, extensive information on the Company's activities in respect of its financial, business and operations is provided by way of announcements, annual and interim reports and circulars which are sent to shareholders and/or are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Shareholders may also send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the Company Secretary of the Company whose contact details are available on the Company's website at www.hkri.com. The Company Secretary is responsible for forwarding communications relating to matters within the Board's direct responsibilities to the Board and communications relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, inquiries and customers complaints, to the relevant executive officers of the Company under the direction of the Chairman of the Board and/or Managing Director of the Company.

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. No change was made to the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 31 March 2021.

#### 投資者關係及與股東溝通

本公司致力促進並維持與股東及其他利益相 關者之有效溝通。董事會已採納載列本公司 有關維持與股東及投資者持續對話之股東通 訊政策。董事會定期審閱該政策以確保其有 效性。本公司之股東年會(就此須發出至少足 20個營業日之事先通知)乃與其股東溝通之主 要渠道之一,為股東提供機會就彼等對本公 司表現及營運之任何疑問,與董事進行面對 面溝通。除股東年會外,本公司亦透過向股 東寄發及/或在本公司及聯交所網站上刊發公 告、年度及中期報告以及通函之方式提供有 關本公司財務、業務及營運之詳盡資料。

股東亦可將其查詢及關注事項寄送予本公 司之公司秘書(其聯絡方式可於本公司網站 www.hkri.com上查閱),以便送交董事會。公司 秘書負責把有關由董事會直接負責事宜之溝 通訊息傳遞予董事會,並按本公司董事會主 席及/或董事總經理之指示把有關日常業務事 宜之溝通訊息,如建議、查詢和客戶投訴等, 傳達予本公司之相關行政人員。

#### 憲章文件

本公司組織章程大綱及章程細則已刊載於本 公司及聯交所網站。於截至2021年3月31日止 年度,本公司之憲章文件並無改動。

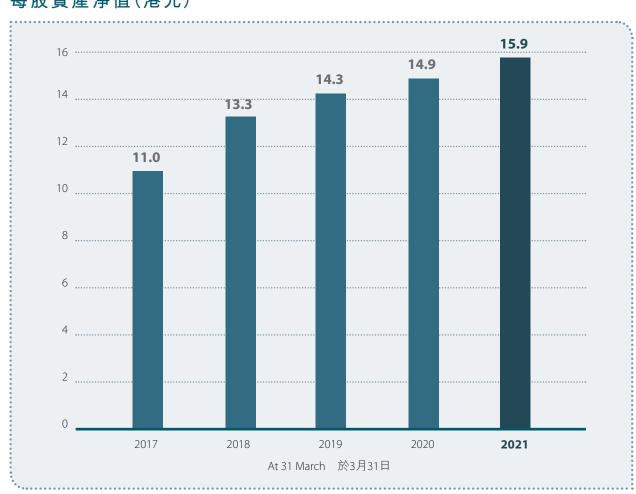
# **Financial Highlights**

# 財務概要

For the year ended 31 March Results	截至3月31日止年度 業績	<b>2021</b> HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Revenue Profit attributable to owners	收入 本公司擁有人應佔溢利	3,942.3	4,696.5
of the Company		897.3	1,624.6
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	每股基本盈利(港仙)	60.4	109.4
At 31 March Financial Position	於3月31日 財務狀況	<b>2021</b> HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Total assets	資產總值	38,145.0	37,240.9
Total liabilities	負債總額	11,540.3	12,494.7
Equity attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔權益		
of the Company		23,683.9	22,067.4
Net asset value per share (HK\$)	每股資產淨值(港元)	15.9	14.9

## **NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE (HK\$)**

每股資產淨值(港元)



## **Financial Review**

## 財務回顧

#### **OVERALL RESULTS**

The Group's consolidated revenue of HK\$3,942.3 million (2020: HK\$4,696.5 million) for the year ended 31 March 2021 ("FY2021") decreased by 16.1% as compared to the preceding year. Such decrease was mainly attributable to the decline in revenue contribution from property development, hotel operations and healthcare segments.

The Group's underlying net profit after excluding net unrealised gains on fair value of investment properties for the FY2021 amounted to HK\$868.6 million (2020: HK\$1,142.1 million), decreased by 23.9%.

With the exclusion of the one-off gain on disposal of the Group's medical operations in the Philippines in the preceding year of HK\$163.5 million, the Group's underlying net profit would have decreased by 11.2% as compared to HK\$978.6 million for the preceding year.

The Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$897.3 million (2020: HK\$1,624.6 million), decreased by 44.8% as compared to the preceding year. Basic earnings per share of the Group was HK60.4 cents (2020: HK109.4 cents), dropped by the same magnitude.

#### **SEGMENT RESULT ANALYSIS**

#### **PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT**

Segment result of the property development segment slightly declined by 3.5% to HK\$735.8 million (2020: HK\$762.1 million), mainly due to less projects completed during the FY2021 and sales recognition of major projects such as Poggibonsi in Hong Kong and inventory sales of Oasis One and Elite House in mainland China. For the preceding year, segment result mainly represented sales recognition of Riviera One, Oasis One, as well as inventory sales of Elite House in mainland China. As at 31 March 2021, the Group has HK\$767.8 million contracted but unrecognised property sales.

#### PROPERTY INVESTMENT

Segment result of the property investment segment declined by 0.8% to HK\$539.2 million (2020: HK\$543.8 million) mainly due to the renovation works undertaken during the FY2021 on West Gate Tower which have affected the occupancy rates. Apart from this, the overall performance of investment properties portfolio remained stable. During the FY2021, the Group has strengthened the overall earnings potential of the portfolio with the acquisition of United Daily News Centre, an industrial building and disposal of non-core residential rental properties in Hong Kong.

## 整體業績

集團截至2021年3月31日止年度(「2021財年」) 之綜合收入為3,942.3百萬港元(2020年: 4,696.5 百萬港元),較上年度減少16.1%,主要由於物 業發展、酒店業務及醫療保健分部之收入貢 獻下降所致。

集團2021財年豁除投資物業公平值未變現收 益淨額之基礎淨溢利為868.6百萬港元(2020 年:1,142.1百萬港元),減幅為23.9%。

若撇除上年度出售集團菲律賓醫療業務所得 之163.5百萬港元一次性收益計算,集團之基 礎淨溢利應較上年度之978.6百萬港元減少 11.2% •

集團錄得本公司擁有人應佔溢利897.3百萬港 元(2020年:1,624.6百萬港元),較上年度減 少44.8%,而集團之每股基本盈利為60.4港仙 (2020年:109.4港仙),減幅相同。

## 分部業績分析

#### 物業發展

物業發展分部業績輕微下滑3.5%至735.8百萬 港元(2020年:762.1百萬港元),主要由於2021 財年之竣工物業數目減少,以及所入賬的收 入主要來自香港「意堤」之物業銷售及中國內 地「耦園 | 及「中山學林苑 | 之物業存貨銷售。 而於上年度,分部業績則主要來自中國內地 項目「璟頤灣」及「耦園」之物業銷售以及「中山 學林苑」之物業存貨銷售。於2021年3月31日, 集團已出售但未入賬之物業銷售額達767.8百 萬港元。

#### 物業投資

物業投資分部業績下降0.8%至539.2百萬港元 (2020年:543.8百萬港元),主要由於西港都會 中心於2021財年進行翻新工程,對出租率造 成影響。除此之外,投資物業組合整體表現 維持穩定。集團於2021財年收購工業大廈-聯 合報大廈,並出售香港多個非核心的租賃住 宅物業,從而增強投資物業組合的整體盈利 潛力。

#### SERVICES PROVIDED AND HOTEL OPERATIONS

Services provided and hotel operations segments were hit hardest by COVID-19 pandemic and the social distancing measures, two of the Group's businesses that rely heavily on tourism and travel.

Despite the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the usage of the Group's transportation and the services and facilities of Discovery Bay Golf Club, Discovery Bay Recreation Club and Club Siena, with various grant and subsidies under the Government's Anti-epidemic Fund and the 5-year Special Helping Measures availed to the Group's services providers, the Group's services provided segment's contribution of HK\$90.3 million (2020: HK\$39.5 million) increased by 128.6%. The Group has also adopted cost saving measures and flexible servicing schedule to cope with the challenging times.

The Group's hotel occupancies, especially that of The Sukhothai Bangkok, have been greatly impacted by the lockdown in Bangkok since the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic. Occupancy of The Sukhothai Bangkok has dropped to historically low level and the segment result plummeted to a loss of HK\$88.0 million (2020: loss of HK\$32.8 million). Auberge Discovery Bay Hong Kong, benefited from the strong local demand for staycations and promotion packages, has managed to achieve abovethe-market performance in occupancy. Besides, proactive measures have been deployed by the Group to reduce operating costs to alleviate the financial burden.

#### **HEALTHCARE**

Though healthcare segment's contribution of HK\$11.3 million (2020: HK\$150.2 million) decreased by HK\$138.9 million, the overall performance was stable as if the one-off gain of HK\$163.5 million on disposal of its medical operations in the Philippines in the preceding year was excluded.

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

#### **NET DEBT AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had bank balances and cash of HK\$3,060.9 million (2020: HK\$2,511.4 million) and a net debt of HK4,623.9 million (2020: HK\$4,809.8 million) after deducting total bank borrowings and other loans of HK\$7,684.8 million (2020: HK\$7,321.2 million).

#### 配套服務及酒店業務

新冠肺炎疫情及社交距離措施嚴重打擊集團 配套服務及酒店業務兩個相當依賴旅遊觀光 行業之業務分部。

儘管新冠肺炎疫情對集團交通運輸服務之乘 客量及愉景灣高爾夫球會、愉景灣康樂會及 海澄湖畔會所各類服務及設施之使用量造成 影響,但由於集團旗下之服務營辦商獲得政 府提供防疫抗疫基金及為期五年的特別協助 措施等多項補助及補貼,故集團之配套服務 分部收益增加128.6%至90.3百萬港元(2020年: 39.5百萬港元)。另一方面,集團亦因時制宜 採取節省成本措施及靈活調動服務提供時 間,以應付各種挑戰。

自新冠肺炎疫情爆發以來,集團酒店業務之 入住率一直深受影響, The Sukhothai Bangkok之 入住率更因曼谷封城而跌至歷史新低,令分 部業績鋭跌至虧損88.0百萬港元(2020年: 虧 損32.8百萬港元)。鑒於香港市民對留港度假 之需求殷切,加上促銷優惠備受追捧,香港 愉景灣酒店之入住率高於市場水平。此外, 集團亦積極部署降低經營成本之措施,以減 輕財政負擔。

#### 醫療保健

儘管醫療保健分部之收益減少138.9百萬港元 至11.3百萬港元(2020年:150.2百萬港元), 若撇除上年度出售其菲律賓醫療業務所得之 163.5百萬港元一次性收益計算,其整體表現 保持穩定。

## 流動資金及財務資源

#### 債務淨額及資本結構

於2021年3月31日,集團持有銀行結餘及現金 3,060.9百萬港元(2020年:2,511.4百萬港元), 而扣除銀行借貸及其他貸款總額7.684.8百萬 港元(2020年: 7,321.2百萬港元)後之債務淨額 為4,623.9百萬港元(2020年:4,809.8百萬港元)。

## **Financial Review** 財務回顧

As at 31 March 2021, about 37% of the Group's bank balances and cash were denominated in Hong Kong dollars, 47% in Renminbi, 2% in US dollars, 6% in Japanese Yen, 5% in Singapore dollars and the remaining were mainly in Thai Baht.

As at 31 March 2021, the Group's debt portfolio comprised of primarily bilateral and syndicated bank loans to finance its working capital and development projects. The unlisted notes were fully redeemed in May 2020 and the Group may continue to tap into capital market through Medium Term Note programme or standalone issuance when necessary.

The maturity profile of bank borrowings and other loans were 10.1% (2020: 56.1%) falling within one year, 1.4% (2020: 6.3%) falling between one and two years and 88.5% (2020: 37.6%) falling between two and five years.

As at 31 March 2021, all bank borrowing and other loans were at floating rate bases. About 87% of the Group's total bank borrowings and other loans were denominated in Hong Kong dollars and the remaining were in Japanese Yen.

#### SHAREHOLDERS' FUND AND GEARING

As at 31 March 2021, the shareholders' funds of the Group increased by HK\$1,616.5 million to HK\$23,683.9 million (2020: HK\$22,067.4 million).

The Group's gearing ratio was 19.5% (2020: 21.8%) as calculated by the Group's consolidated net borrowings to the shareholders' funds as at 31 March 2021.

#### **AVAILABILITY OF FACILITIES**

Total available loan facilities as at 31 March 2021 were HK\$10.461.0 million (2020: HK\$12,820.6 million), of which 95.2% were committed.

As at 31 March 2021, the unutilised credit facilities were approximately HK\$2,772.4 million (2020: HK\$5,495.6 million). The reduction was mainly attributable to refinancing of a syndicated loan facility for a lower size with more favourable terms and redemption of the Group's unlisted notes. The Group closely monitors its liquidity requirements and arranges financing for its development projects and operations as and when appropriate.

於2021年3月31日,集團所持有的銀行結餘及 現金中,港元約佔37%、人民幣約佔47%、美 元約佔2%、日圓約佔6%、新加坡元約佔5%, 其餘則主要為泰銖。

於2021年3月31日,集團之債務組合主要包括 為其營運資金及發展項目提供融資之雙邊及 銀團銀行貸款。集團已於2020年5月悉數贖回 非上市票據,亦可透過設立中期票據計劃或 發行單一票據,於有需要時繼續在資本市場 融資。

銀行借貸及其他貸款組合中還款期為一年內 的佔10.1%(2020年:56.1%)、一年至兩年內的 佔1.4%(2020年: 6.3%)及兩年至五年內的佔 88.5%(2020年37.6%)。

於2021年3月31日,集團所有銀行借貸及其他 貸款均按浮動利率計息。集團之銀行借貸及 其他貸款總額中以港元計值的約佔87%,其餘 則為日圓。

#### 股東資金及資本負債比率

於2021年3月31日,集團之股東資金增加1,616.5 百萬港元至23,683.9百萬港元(2020年: 22,067.4 百萬港元)。

於2021年3月31日,按集團綜合借貸淨額除以 股東資金計算之集團資本負債比率為19.5% (2020年:21.8%)。

#### 備用信貸

於2021年3月31日,集團之備用貸款總額為 10.461.0百萬港元(2020年:12.820.6百萬港元), 其中95.2%為已承諾信貸額。

於2021年3月31日,未動用之信貸額約為2,772.4 百萬港元(2020年:5,495.6百萬港元)。其減少 乃主要由於一項銀團貸款以較小規模及更有 利條款再融資以及贖回集團之非上市票據。 集團密切監察其流動資金需求,並在適當時 候為其發展項目及營運安排融資。

During the FY2021, the Group refinanced notes amounted to HK\$798 million and syndicated loan of HK\$2,300 million with new corporate loan and lowered the average financing cost to 1.4% from 3.0% in the preceding year.

With the unutilised loan facilities, cash on hand and expected cash flows from operations, the Group has sufficient financial resources to fund its current commitments and future potential investment opportunities ahead.

於2021財年,集團為798百萬港元之票據及 2,300百萬港元之銀團貸款以新的企業貸款再 融資,將平均融資成本由上年度之3.0%降低 至1.4%。

憑藉未動用貸款融資、庫存現金及預期營運 現金流,集團具備足夠的財務資源,可為其 現有承諾及日後之潛在投資機會提供資金。

#### TREASURY POLICY

The Group has centralised treasury functions and adopted a conservative approach for its treasury management. The Group closely reviews and monitors its foreign currency exposure. To manage foreign currency exposure in certain overseas investments, the Group maintains certain naturally hedged positions and will make any swap or future arrangements as appropriate. The Group's banking facilities are principally on floating rate basis and interest rate swaps will be employed to manage interest rate risk for its short to medium term borrowings when appropriate and necessary.

The use of derivative financial instruments is strictly controlled and are primarily used for management of interest rate and currency exposures. It is the policy of the Group to restrict the use of financial derivatives for speculative purpose.

## 庫務政策

集團已集中其庫務職能,並在庫務管理方面採取審慎政策。集團密切審查及監控其外匯風險。為管理若干海外投資所面對之外匯風險,集團維持若干對沖倉盤及適當地使用貨幣掉期或期貨安排。集團之銀行信貸額主要按浮動息率計算,並將在合適及需要時為中短期之借貸安排利率掉期,以管理利率風險。

衍生金融工具的使用受到嚴格監控,並主要 用以管理所承擔之利率及貨幣風險。集團之 政策為嚴格限制使用金融衍生工具作投機 用途。

#### **MAJOR ACQUISITIONS AND PROJECTS**

In June 2020, the Group acquired a plot of land in Lin'an, Hangzhou City, Zhejiang Province, the PRC at a consideration of HK\$557 million. 50% of the consideration was paid and the balance payment will be made in July 2021.

In January 2021, the Group purchased United Daily News Centre, a 16-storey industrial building in To Kwa Wan, Kowloon at a consideration of HK\$310 million. The building is currently held as an investment property but is under planning for redevelopment into residential building.

#### 主要收購事項及項目

於2020年6月,集團以557百萬港元之代價收購一幅位於中國浙江省杭州市臨安區之地塊。代價其中50%已經支付,餘款將於2021年7月支付。

於2021年1月,集團以310百萬港元之代價購買位於九龍土瓜灣一幢樓高16層之工業大廈 -聯合報大廈。該大廈目前持作投資物業,但 正規劃重建成住宅大廈。

## **Financial Review** 財務回顧

In March 2021, the Group paid a deposit of HK\$37.5 million to acquire 18 shops and residential units at Hollywood Road and Upper Lascar Row in Sheung Wan for a consideration of HK\$375.3 million. The acquisition was completed in April 2021.

於2021年3月,集團以375.3百萬港元之代價收 購位於上環荷李活道及摩羅上街之18個商舖 及住宅單位,並支付訂金37.5百萬港元。該項 收購已於2021年4月完成。

#### **PLEDGE OF ASSETS**

As at 31 March 2021, certain bank loans of the Group were secured by certain investment properties at the carrying value of HK\$306.6 million (2020: HK\$315.4 million).

In addition, the loans to a joint venture by the Group amounting to approximately HK\$803.9 million (2020: HK\$771.9 million) were subordinated to banks to secure a banking facility granted to the joint venture for financing the development in Tai Po.

#### FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACTS

The Group had financial guarantee contracts relating to a corporate guarantee on the Group's proportionate share to the extent of HK\$103.2 million (2020: HK\$117.4 million) as at 31 March 2021 given to a bank in respect of a banking facility granted to an investee company.

As at 31 March 2021, no guarantees were provided by subsidiaries of the Company (2020: HK\$342.3 million) in respect of mortgage facilities granted to purchasers of the Group's properties.

The Company provided a corporate guarantee of proportionate share to banks for securing a banking facility granted to a joint venture to finance the development in Tai Po. The bank loan balance of proportionate share of 40% is HK\$1,052.5 million (2020: HK\$779.3 million) as at 31 March 2021.

In addition, the Company provided a corporate guarantee to a bank securing a banking facility granted to a subsidiary of the Company. The related outstanding bank loan as at 31 March 2021 is HK\$300 million of which the guarantee is limited to 50% of the indebtedness.

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have other significant financial guarantee contracts as at 31 March 2021.

#### 資產抵押

於2021年3月31日,賬面為306.6百萬港元(2020 年:315.4百萬港元)之若干投資物業已作為集 團若干銀行貸款之抵押。

此外,為使一家合營公司獲授銀行信貸額, 作為大埔發展項目之資金,集團已就給予該 合營公司約803.9百萬港元(2020年:771.9百萬 港元)之貸款向銀行作後償保證。

#### 財務擔保合約

集團以股權比例為限就一家被投資公司獲授 之銀行信貸額向銀行提供公司擔保而涉及之 財務擔保合約於2021年3月31日為103.2百萬港 元(2020年:117.4百萬港元)。

於2021年3月31日,本公司之附屬公司並無就 集團物業的買家獲授按揭貸款額而提供任何 擔保(2020年:342.3百萬港元)。

本公司按股權比例就一家合營公司獲授銀行 信貸額作為大埔發展項目之資金,向銀行提 供公司擔保。於2021年3月31日,股權比例 40%之銀行貸款結餘為1,052.5百萬港元(2020 年:779.3百萬港元)。

此外,本公司向一家銀行提供公司擔保,作 為一家附屬公司獲授之銀行信貸之抵押。於 2021年3月31日,相關之未償還銀行貸款為300 百萬港元,擔保額以債務之50%為限。

除上文披露者外,於2021年3月31日,集團並 無其他重大財務擔保合約。

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

獨立核數師報告



## 羅兵咸永道

#### To the Shareholders of HKR International Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

#### WHAT WE HAVE AUDITED

The consolidated financial statements of HKR International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 98 to 230, which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021:
- the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year then ended:
- the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

#### **OUR OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### 致香港興業國際集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

#### 意見

#### 我們已審計的內容

香港興業國際集團有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第98至230頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於2021年3月31日的綜合財務狀況表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合損益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面 收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策 概要。

#### 我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於2021年3月31日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

## Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **INDEPENDENCE**

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Valuation of investment properties held by the Group and its joint venture
- Recoverability of properties held for/under development for sale

#### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計 準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責 任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承 擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及 適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

#### 獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒布的《專業會計師道德 守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集 團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事 項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報 表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這 些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項概述如下:

- 貴集團及其合營公司所持有的投資物業 的估值
- 供出售待發展/發展中物業的可收回性

#### **Key Audit Matter** 關鍵審計事項

#### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

#### Valuation of investment properties held by the Group and its joint venture

貴集團及其合營公司所持有的投資物業的估值

Refer to notes 4, 15 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements

As at 31 March 2021, the investment properties held by the Group were stated at fair value of HK\$15,075.2 million with a net fair value gain of HK\$23.5 million recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The Group also has significant investment properties held by its joint venture.

Independent external valuers were engaged to determine the fair value of the investment properties held by the Group and its joint venture.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4、15及19。

於2021年3月31日, 貴集團持有的投資物業為 15,075.2百萬港元,並以公平值列賬,當中公平值淨 收益23.5百萬港元在綜合收益表確認。 貴集團之合 營公司也持有重大的投資物業。

外部獨立估值師獲聘任為 貴集團及其合營公司評 估持有的投資物業的公平值。

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of investment properties included:

- We understood management's controls and processes for determining the valuation of investment properties and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and the judgement involved in determining the fair value;
- We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the independent external valuers;

我們就投資物業估值執行的程序包括:

- 我們了解管理層就釐定投資物業估值作出的控 制及程序,並考慮釐定公平值所涉及的估計不確定性 及判斷的程度,以評估重大錯誤陳述的固有風險;
- 我們評估了外部獨立估值師的資歷、能力和客 觀性;

## **Independent Auditor's Report** 獨立核數師報告

#### **Key Audit Matter** 關鍵審計事項

#### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

#### Valuation of investment properties held by the Group and its joint venture (Continued)

貴集團及其合營公司所持有的投資物業的估值(續)

For completed investment properties, fair value was generally derived by the income capitalisation approach and where appropriate, by direct comparison approach. Income capitalisation approach was based on the capitalisation of the rental income and reversionary income potential by adopting appropriate capitalisation rates and prevailing market rents. Direct comparison approach assumed sale of property in its existing state based on comparable market transactions as available in the relevant market.

For investment properties under construction, fair value was derived using the residual method based on capitalising the rental income that would be generated from the investment property in its completed form and deducting development costs together with developer's profit from the estimated gross development value of the proposed development assuming completed as at the date of valuation.

We focus on this area because the fair values of investment properties are subject to estimation uncertainty.

對於已完成之投資物業,其公平值一般採用收入資 本化法及直接比較法(如適用)計算。收入資本化法 透過採用適當的資本化率和現行市場租金,將租金 收入及收入變化潛力予以資本化。直接比較法則以 在相關市場中的可比較交易為基礎,假設物業在其 現況下出售。

對於在建投資物業,假定該項目已於估值日期竣 工,其公平值採用剩餘法,以假定已竣工投資物業 能產生之租賃收入資本化為基礎,並從擬發展項目 的估計資本價值中扣除發展成本以及發展商的利潤 計算得出。

由於投資物業公平值的評估存在估計不確定性,我 們將該事項視為關鍵審計事項。

- We obtained the valuation reports and met the independent external valuers to discuss the valuation methodologies and key assumptions;
- We involved our in-house valuation experts and assessed the valuation methodologies and the reasonableness of the key assumptions used in the valuation of investment properties, based on our knowledge of the property industry, research evidence of capitalisation rates, prevailing market rents and comparable market transactions for similar properties, where applicable; and
- We tested, on a sample basis, the data used in the valuation of investment properties, including rental rates from existing tenancies and estimated cost to complete, by agreeing them to the underlying agreements with the tenants and approved budgets, respectively. We also compared the estimated developer's profit to properties with comparable stage of development, where appropriate.

Based on the procedures performed, we found the methodologies used in preparing the valuations were appropriate and the key assumptions were supportable in light of available evidence.

- 我們取得估值報告,並向外部獨立估值師了解 估值方法和主要假設;
- 我們委聘本所內部估值專家,根據我們對房地 產行業的認識、資本化率的研究證據、現行市場租金 以及同類物業的可比較市場交易(如適用),評估所採 用的估值方法及主要假設的合理性;及
- 我們抽樣測試物業估值使用的輸入數據,包括 現有租賃的租金率及預計完工所需的發展成本,以分 別核對至租戶的相關協議和已批准預算。在適當的情 況下,我們亦比較了可比較施工階段的發展商估計溢 利的利潤。

基於已執行的審計程序,我們發現 貴集團估值時使 用的方法是適當的,且主要假設得到可用證據支持。

#### **Key Audit Matter** 關鍵審計事項

#### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

#### Recoverability of properties held for/under development for sale

供出售待發展/發展中物業的可收回性

Refer to notes 4 and 23 to the consolidated financial statements

As at 31 March 2021, the carrying values of the Group's properties held for/under development for sale amounted to HK\$932.4 million and HK\$2,131.6 million respectively.

Management assessed the recoverability of the properties held by the Group based on estimates of the net realisable values of the underlying properties. These involved the estimation of selling price of the properties based on current market prices of properties of comparable locations and conditions, the costs necessary to make the sales and the construction costs to complete based on the existing development plans, where applicable.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4及23。

於2021年3月31日, 貴集團供出售待發展/發展中 物業的賬面價值分別為932.4百萬港元及2,131.6百萬 港元。

管理層通過估計相關物業之可變現淨值,評估 貴 集團所持有物業的可收回性。當中涉及根據對可比 較地段及狀況物業當前的市場價格、進行銷售所必 須的成本及按現時發展計劃的估計發展成本(如適 用),估計物業的銷售價格。

Our procedures in relation to the recoverability of properties held for/under development for sale included:

- We understood and evaluated management's internal controls and processes in determining the recoverable amounts of the properties and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and the judgement involved in determining the net realisable values:
- We evaluated and tested the operating effectiveness of key controls around the property development cycle with particular focus on, but not limited to, controls over cost budgeting for estimated costs to completion, where applicable;

我們針對管理層就評估供出售待發展/發展中物業的 可收回性的程序包括:

- 我們了解了管理層對釐定物業的可收回價值的 控制及程序,並考慮了為釐定可變現淨值所涉及的估 計不確定性及判斷的程度,以評估重大錯誤陳述的固 有風險;
- 我們評價和測試了在物業發展週期中關鍵內部 控制的有效性,並重點關注(但不限於)預計完工所需 的成本預算(如適用)的內部控制;

## **Independent Auditor's Report** 獨立核數師報告

**Key Audit Matter** 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

#### Recoverability of properties held for/under development for sale (Continued)

供出售待發展/發展中物業的可收回性(續)

If the estimated net realisable values of the underlying properties were significantly different from their carrying values as a result of changes of market conditions and/or significant variation in the budgeted development costs, material write down for the properties held for/under development for sale may result. Accordingly, the existence of estimation uncertainty warrants specific audit focus and attention on this area.

- We evaluated management's assessment on the recoverability of the properties, and assessed the reasonableness of key assumptions and estimates in management's assessment including:
- For the estimated selling prices, we compared, on a sample basis, to the current market prices of properties of comparable locations and conditions; and
- For the estimated costs necessary to make the sales and costs to completion, we assessed the reasonableness of the costs necessary to make the sales and the latest budgets of total construction costs and tested, on a sample basis, to committed contracts and other supporting information.

Based on the procedures performed, we found the key assumptions in the recoverability assessment were supportable in light of available evidence.

若相關物業的估計可變現淨值因市況變動及/或預算 發展成本發生重大改變而與其賬面價值產生重大差 異,可能導致待發展物業及發展中物業的價值出現 重大撇減。因此基於可取回性評估存在估計不確定 性,審計重點必須特別側重於此領域。

- 我們評估了管理層對物業可收回性的評估中涉 及的關鍵假設和估計的合理性,包括:
- 就預期銷售價格一我們抽樣比較於與相關物業 的合約銷售價格或具有可類比地段及狀況物業的當 前市場價格;及
- 就進行銷售所必須的估計成本和預計完工成本 一我們評估了進行銷售所必須的估計成本及總施工 成本的最新預算的合理性,並抽樣測試已承諾合同及 其他支持文件。

基於已執行的審計程序,我們發現 貴集團於可取回 性評估中採用的關鍵假設得到可用證據支持。

#### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material

#### 其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包 括年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報 表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責 任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他 信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程 中所了解的情况存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在 重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他 信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事 實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

# 董事及審核委員會就綜合財 務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布 的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的 披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表, 並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需 的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

# 核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不 存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述

## **Independent Auditor's Report** 獨立核數師報告

misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數 師報告。我們僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告我 們的意見,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。 我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士 負上或承擔任何責任。合理保證是高水平的 保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行 的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發 現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果 合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響綜合 財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的 經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態 度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計 及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取 充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基 礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺 漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此 未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風 險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳 述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部 控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是 否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性, 從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產 生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定 性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注 意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的 披露不足,則我們應當發表非無保留意見。 我們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得 的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導 致 貴集團不能持續經營。

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Ho Chiu Ping, Dennis.

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結 構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是 否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信 息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合 財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計 的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔 全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計 劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等, 包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重 大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已 符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與 他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨 立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的 情況下,用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動 或採取的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重 要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師 報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許 公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況 下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項 造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們 決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 何超平。

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 Certified Public Accountants 執業會計師

Hong Kong, 23 June 2021 香港,2021年6月23日

# **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

# 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	5	3,942.3 (2,159.0)	4,696.5 (2,756.1)
Gross profit Other income Other gains and losses Selling, administrative and other operating	毛利 其他收入 其他收益及虧損 銷售、行政及其他營運開支	6 7	1,783.3 296.2 83.3	1,940.4 168.2 45.6
expenses Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Gain on revaluation of certain properties upon transfer from properties held for sale and properties under development for sale to	出售附屬公司之收益 若干物業由持作出售物業及 供出售發展中物業轉撥至 投資物業時之重估收益	36	(677.8)	(494.4) 182.5
investment properties Change in fair value of investment properties Realised gains on disposals Unrealised gains	投資物業公平值變動 出售時之已變現收益 未變現收益	15 15 15	3.5 20.0	297.6 3.3 144.1
Finance costs Share of results of associates Share of results of joint ventures	財務費用 分佔聯營公司業績 分佔合營公司業績	8	(88.3) (0.1) 220.6	(271.8) (0.1) 506.6
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項	9 10	1,640.7 (512.1)	2,522.0 (837.7)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		1,128.6	1,684.3
Profit for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	下列應佔本年度溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	11	897.3 231.3 1,128.6	1,624.6 59.7 1,684.3
Earnings per share Basic	每股盈利 基本	14	HK cents 港仙 60.4	HK cents 港仙 109.4
Diluted	<b>攤</b> 薄		60.4	109.4

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

# 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	1,128.6	1,684.3
Other comprehensive income/(expense):  Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss  Investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:	其他全面收益/(開支): 將不會重新分類至損益之項目 按公平值計入其他全面收益計量 之股本工具投資:		
Fair value changes during the year Deferred tax arising from fair value changes Revaluation gain on property, plant and equipment upon transfer to investment	年內公平值變動 公平值變動產生之遞延税項 物業、廠房及設備轉撥至投資 物業時之重估收益	(3.5) (0.7)	(30.0)
properties Share of asset revaluation reserve of a joint venture	分佔合營公司之資產重估儲備	-	15.7
		(4.2)	(10.1)
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss	其後或會重新分類至損益之項目		
Exchange differences arising from foreign joint ventures	境外合營公司產生之匯兑差額	563.7	(388.0)
Exchange differences arising from translation of other foreign operations	換算其他境外業務產生之匯兑 差額 境外附屬公司出售/撤銷註冊時	411.6	(295.7)
Release of exchange reserve upon disposal/ deregistration of foreign subsidiaries	解除匯兑儲備	(77.8)	(16.4)
		897.5	(700.1)
Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the year (net of tax)	本年度其他全面收益/(開支) (扣除税項後)	893.3	(710.2)
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	2,021.9	974.1
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	下列應佔全面收益總額: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益	1,790.6 231.3	906.5 67.6
		2,021.9	974.1

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

# 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2021 於2021年3月31日

		Notes 附註	<b>2021</b> HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment properties	投資物業	15	15,075.2	14,766.5
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	2,768.0	2,724.8
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	17	103.0	71.6
Interests in associates	聯營公司之權益	18	_	_
Interests in joint ventures	合營公司之權益	19	9,643.0	9,046.7
Properties held for development for sale	供出售待發展物業	23	932.4	_
Equity instruments measured at fair value	按公平值計入其他全面			
through other comprehensive income	收益計量之股本工具	20	52.6	55.9
Financial assets at fair value through profit or	按公平值計入損益之			
loss	金融資產	20	527.3	488.8
Investments in debt instruments measured at	按攤銷成本計量之債務			
amortised cost	工具投資	20	85.1	81.1
Other assets	其他資產	21	335.7	212.7
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	31	113.9	39.4
			29,636.2	27,487.5
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	22	44.3	43.8
Properties held for sale	持作出售物業		2,205.1	2,584.3
Properties under development for sale	供出售發展中物業	23	2,131.6	3,297.6
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	24	79.5	29.5
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他			
	應收款項	25(a)	733.9	1,039.8
Amounts due from associates	應收聯營公司款項	18, 25(b)	4.1	4.1
Amounts due from joint ventures	應收合營公司款項	25(c)	193.3	188.9
Investments in debt instruments measured at	按攤銷成本計量之債務			
amortised cost	工具投資	20	26.8	30.0
Taxation recoverable	可退回税項		29.3	24.0
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	25(a), 34(c)	3,060.9	2,511.4
			8,508.8	9,753.4
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables, provision and accrued charges	應付貿易賬款、撥備及			
	應計費用	26	1,032.2	1,289.1
Deposits received and other financial liabilities	已收按金及其他金融負債		151.7	193.4
Contract liabilities	合約負債	27	300.2	1,204.9
Bank and other loans due within one year	一年內到期之銀行及			
	其他貸款	28	776.8	4,108.8
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	29	18.9	17.3
Other liabilities due within one year	一年內到期之其他負債	30	295.0	350.6
Taxation payable	應付税項		463.3	249.3
			3,038.1	7,413.4
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		5,470.7	2,340.0
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		35,106.9	29,827.5

		Notes 附註	<b>2021</b> HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Contract liabilities	合約負債	27	30.3	_
Bank and other loans due after one year	一年後到期之銀行及			
	其他貸款	28	6,908.0	3,212.4
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	29	57.9	65.7
Other liabilities due after one year	一年後到期之其他負債	30	1,037.0	1,330.5
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	31	469.0	472.7
			8,502.2	5,081.3
			26,604.7	24,746.2
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	32	371.3	371.3
Reserves	儲備		23,312.6	21,696.1
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益		23,683.9	22,067.4
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		2,920.8	2,678.8
			26,604.7	24,746.2

The consolidated financial statements on pages 98 to 230 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 June 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

第98頁至第230頁所載綜合財務報表已於2021 年6月23日獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下 列董事代表簽署:

**TANG Moon Wah** Managing Director 鄧滿華

董事總經理

**NGAN Man Ying** Executive Director 顏文英

執行董事

# **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

# 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

£ €	
utable to owners of th 本公司擁有人廳	

						4.7. 5. 8. 4. 4. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	/ 앨건						
				Investment									
				property		Share	Asset	Investment		Capital		Non-	
		Share	Accumulated profits	revaluation	Share	options	revaluation	revaluation	Exchange	redemption		controlling	F
		capital	SIIDIO	で と と を を を を を を を を を を を を を を を を を	Distillation	R公司權 BA公司權	で 当 本 事 体 ま は に な に な に は に は に に に に に に に に に に に に に	投資事件	ובאבואם	ESEIVE	วนม-เบเส	HIGHSIS 岩体器	IOCAI
		股本	累計	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	股份溢價	で	Q.	スタ 四番 三	匯兑儲備	1 開本 工	# <u></u>	r 古 <del>韓</del> 天 北目	幸
		- #	H TKS'M	HK\$!W	HK\$W	#		#	¥#	HK\$'M	¥#	HK\$!W	HK\$.W
		日禺港九	日禺港兀	日禺港元 (note a) (附註a)	日場游光	日開港元	日禺港元	日禺港九	日禺港兀	日禹港元 (note b) (附註b)	日場游光		日禹海元
At 1 April 2019	於2019年4月1日	371.3	10,564.6	8,110.2	1,537.9	42.0	34.1	13.4	647.7	3.1	21,324.3	2,617.2	23,941.5
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	1	1,624.6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1,624.6	26.7	1,684.3
Other comprehensive income/(expense): Exchange differences arising from foreign ioint ventures	<b>其他全面收益/(開支):</b> 境外合營公司牵牛之匯兑差額	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(388.0)	1	(388:0)	1	(388.0)
Exchange differences arising from translation of other foreign	竟外業務産生之												
	匯兇差額	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	(295.7)	1	(295.7)	ı	(295.7)
erve upon disposal/deregistration of	境外附屬公司出售/撤銷註冊時								;		;		;
foreign subsidiaries	解除運児館舗ないまます。	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	(16.4)	ı	(16.4)	ı	(16.4)
Fair value changes on investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公半倡計人具他室間收益計重 之股本工且投資之 公平值變動	ı	ı	ı	1	1	1	(300)	ı	ı	(300)	ı	(300)
Deferred tax arising from fair value changes on investments in	按公平值計入其他全面收益計量												
equity instruments measured at fair value through other	之股本工具投資公平值變動												
comprehensive income	. 遞延税項	1	ı	1	ı	ı	1	1.0	1	1	1.0	1	1:0
Revaluation gain on property, plant and equipment upon transfer	物業、廠房及設備轉撥至投資												
to investment properties	之重估收益	1	ı	1	1	ı	7.8	1	ı	1	7.8	7.9	15.7
Share of asset revaluation reserve of a joint venture	分佔台営公司乙貨産重估储備	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	3.2	ı	ı	ı	3.2	ı	3.7
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	本年度全面收益/(開支)總額	1	1,624.6	1	1	1	11.0	(29.0)	(700.1)	,	906.5	97.9	974.1
Transactions with owners:	與擁有人之交易:												
Dividends paid	)	1	(163.4)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(163.4)	1 3	(163.4)
Dividend paid to a non-controlling shareholder	<b>山同非控散散果派付散息</b> <b>≠4.</b> ·	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	(0.0)	(0.0)
<b>Utiners:</b> Transfer to investment property rayaluation receive relation to	<b>失心,</b> 在內末戀祖介平佰齊步光輔嫁內												
unrealised net fair value gain during the year	ルムーロゲル皿特別 業重估儲備	ı	(482.5)	482.5	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Transfer from investment property revaluation reserve relating to	年內已變現公平值淨收益轉撥自			3									
net fair value gain realised during the year	<b>坟</b>	1	4.0	(4.0)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	371.3	11,547.3	8,588.7	1,537.9	42.0	45.1	(15.6)	(52.4)	3.1	22,067.4	2,678.8	24,746.2

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

		Share / capital 器母 HKS'M	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$'M	Investment property revaluation reserve 故資物業 重估儲備 HKS'M	Share premium B宏心強電 B宏心強電 HKS/M	Share options re reserve 骰份期權 儲備 HKS'M	Asset Ir revaluation re reserve 資產重估 儲備 HKS'M	Asset Investment ation revaluation reserve reserve in 改資重估 協權 儲備 儲備 儲備 NKS'M HKS'M HKS'M	Exchange reserve 麗 克 儲 備 HK\$'M	Capital redemption reserve 資本疆回 儲備	Sub-total 小計 HKS'M	Non- controlling interests 非格爾 權故 HK\$'M	Total 総計 HKS'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元 (note a) (附註a)	בון.	田瀬湖	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元 (noteb) (附許b)	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
At 1 April 2020	於2020年4月1日	371.3	11,547.3	8,588.7	1,537.9	42.0	45.1	(15.6)	(52.4)	3.1	22,067.4	2,678.8	24,746.2
Profit for the year	m	•	897.3	•	•	•	•	1	'	•	897.3	231.3	1,128.6
Other Complements of the Complement of the Compl	<b>共に去国女亜ハMメ/・</b> 境外合營公司產生之匯兑差額 物質甘祉培弘業終産仕ウ	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	563.7	1	563.7	1	563.7
exchange unrecences anong nom danoaduh orother rotegn operations Polonoof archange anong upon diamon lybragistration of	サガル 学奉/ !!	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	411.6	1	411.6	1	411.6
netease of exchange reserve upon disposarvaeregistration of foreign subsidiaries	現が附着なり中部/銀貨解除匯労儲備ないでは、サルト	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(77.8)	1	(77.8)	1	(77.8)
asurec n	按公平值訂入共配。 之股本工具投資 按公平值計入其他。	1	1	1	1	1	1	(3.5)	1	•	(3.5)	1	(3.5)
equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	之股本工具投資公平值變動 產生之遞延稅項	1	1	1			1	(0.7)	1	1	(0.7)	1	(0.7)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	本年度全面收益/(開支)總額		897.3	'				(4.2)	897.5	1	1,790.6	231.3	2,021.9
Transactions with owners: Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidian	<b>與擁有人之交易:</b> 收購附屬公司額外權益		(10.7)	'	,	,		'	,		(10.7)	10.7	'
Dividends paid	-	1	(163.4)	1	•	1	1	1	1	1	(163.4)	1	(163.4)
Share options lapsed	股份期權失效	•	0.2	•	1	(0.2)	•	•	•	•	•	•	1
Transfer to investment property revaluation reserve relating to unrealised net fair value gain during the year	1)淨收益轉撥 諸備 1300元 ** # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	1	(28.7)	28.7		1		1	1		1	1	'
i ransier from investment property revaluation reserve relating to net fair value gain realised during the year	年MC愛現公士但净收益轉撥目 投資物業重估儲備	•	74.2	(74.2)	1	1	•	1	1	1	1	1	1
At 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	371.3	12,316.2	8,543.2	1,537.9	41.8	45.1	(19.8)	845.1	3.1	23,683.9	2,920.8	26,604.7

.. 拙

fair value gain on the investment properties of the subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates recognised in profit or loss, which is transferred from accumulated profits to investment property revaluation reserve. Upon disposal of the relevant investment property, the relevant unrealised net fair value gain will be transferred to Investment property revaluation reserve represents the Group's accumulated post-tax unrealised net accumulated profits. (a)

物資至業物累 (a) 投資物業重估儲備為集團之附屬公司、合營公司及聯營公司之投資計於損益確認之累計稅後未變現公平值淨收益,其後由累計溢利轉撥至投資業重估儲備。於出售有關投資物業時,相關未變現公平值淨收益將轉撥至計溢利。

(b) 資本贖回儲備指相當於購回本公司股份時註銷之股份面值金額,有關金額轉發自累計溢利。本公司可根據其組織章程細則及開曼群島公司法動用該儲備,以繳足其未發行股份,並作為繳足紅利股份配發予本公司股東。 upon repurchase of the Company's shares which was transferred from accumulated profits. The reserve may be applied by the Company in paying up its unissued shares to be allotted to members of the Company as Capital redemption reserve is the amount equivalent to the nominal value of the shares cancelled fully paid bonus shares in accordance with the articles of association of the Company and the Companies Law

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of the Cayman Islands.

Notes:

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

# 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	<b>2021</b> HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Cash generated from operations Hong Kong Profits Tax paid Overseas tax paid	營運所得現金 已付香港利得税 已付海外税項	34(a)	1,441.5 (37.6) (444.3)	1,357.5 (54.6) (598.3)
Net cash from operating activities	營運業務所得現金淨額		959.6	704.6
Investing activities Repayment of loan from a joint venture Cash distribution from a joint venture Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Net cash inflow on disposal of subsidiaries  Redemption of investments in debt instruments measured at amortised cost Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Interest received Proceeds from disposal of investment properties Repayment of loans from associates Capital injection to a joint venture Loans to joint ventures Additions of investment properties Additions of property, plant and equipment Addition of investments in debt instruments	投資 合素 化二甲基甲基 化二甲基甲基 化二甲基甲基 化二甲基甲基 化二甲基甲基 化二甲基甲基 化二甲基 化二	36 15	79.5 110.1 0.8 - 30.0 20.1 17.2 147.1 - (2.4) (104.7) (444.3) (276.2)	378.9  -  0.8  192.8  27.9  33.2  29.2  24.6  4.0  -  (204.4) (247.4) (467.4)
measured at amortised cost Addition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Addition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Net cash outflow on acquisition of subsidiaries	債務工具投資 添置按公平值計入其他 全面收益之金融資產 添置按公平值計入損益之 金融資產 收購附屬公司之現金流出 淨額	35	(31.0) - (48.6)	(50.7) (52.5) (92.3) (758.9)
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(502.4)	(1,182.2)

		Note 附註	<b>2021</b> HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Financing activities	融資活動			
New bank and other loans raised	新增銀行及其他貸款		4,913.4	3,215.0
Advance from a non-controlling shareholder	非控股股東墊款		_	102.2
Advance from a joint venture	合營公司墊款		_	175.6
Club debentures issued	發行會所債券		2.4	-
Repayment of bank and other loans	償還銀行及其他貸款		(4,520.7)	(2,597.3)
Interest paid	已付利息		(119.1)	(267.6)
Dividends paid	已派股息		(163.4)	(163.4)
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債		(23.7)	(26.0)
Repayment of shareholder loan to a	向非控股股東償還股東			
non-controlling shareholder	貸款		(195.7)	(2.6)
Dividend paid to a non-controlling shareholder	已向非控股股東派付股息		_	(6.0)
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/所得現金			
	淨額		(106.8)	429.9
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash	現金及現金等值項目之			
equivalents	增加/(減少)淨額		350.4	(47.7)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	年初之現金及現金等值項目		2,511.4	2,610.9
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動之影響		199.1	(51.8)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年末之現金及現金等值項目	34(c)	3,060.9	2,511.4

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

#### GENERAL INFORMATION 1

HKR International Limited (the "Company") is incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the Corporate Information section of the annual report.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") are principally engaged in the development, management and provision of essential and recreational services for residential housing and leisure projects in Discovery Bay, Lantau Island, other property development, property investment, hotel operations and provision of healthcare services. The Group's associates and joint ventures are principally engaged in property development and property investment.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company.

#### 基本資料

香港興業國際集團有限公司(「本公司」)為於 開曼群島註冊成立之獲豁免有限責任公司, 其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)上市。本公司註冊辦事處及主要營業地 點之地址於年報內公司資料一節披露。

本公司為投資控股公司,本公司及其附屬公 司(統稱「集團」)主要從事發展及管理位於大 嶼山愉景灣之住宅樓宇及休閒項目並為其提 供必需及康樂服務、其他物業發展、物業投 資、酒店經營及提供醫療保健服務。集團聯 營公司及合營公司之主要業務為物業發展及 物業投資。

綜合財務報表以本公司之功能貨幣港元呈列。

#### APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

#### NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs THAT ARE MANDATORILY EFFECTIVE FOR THE CURRENT YEAR

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time in the current year:

## 應用新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則

#### 於本年度強制生效之新訂及經修訂香 港財務報告準則

集團於本年度已首次應用以下香港會計師公 會頒佈之經修訂香港財務報告準則:

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8

Amendments to HKFRS 3

Definition of Material

香港會計準則第1號及 香港會計準則第8號

重大性之定義

Definition of a Business

香港財務報告準則

(修訂本)

(修訂本)

業務之定義

Amendments to HKFRS 9. HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

第3號(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則 利率基準改革

第9號、香港會計 準則第39號及香港 財務報告準則第7號

Conceptual Framework for Revised Conceptual Framework for

Financial Reporting 2018 Financial Reporting 2018年財務報告概念 框架

經修訂之財務報告 概念框架

In addition, the Group has early adopted Amendment to HKFRS 16 "COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions" ahead of its effective date and applied the practical expedient to all its COVID-19 related rent concession from 1 April 2020. The amendment provides an optional practical expedient allowing lessees to elect not to assess whether a rent concession related to COVID-19 is a lease modification. Lessees adopting this election may account for qualifying rent concessions in the same way as they would if they were not lease modifications. The practical expedient only applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and only if all of the following conditions are met: a) the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change; b) any reduction in lease payments affects only payments due on or before 30 June 2021; and c) there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

此外,集團已於生效日期前提前採納香港財 務報告準則第16號(修訂本)「與新型冠狀病毒 相關之租金優惠」,並自2020年4月1日起對其 所有與新型冠狀病毒相關之租金優惠應用可 行權宜方法。修訂本提供可選擇的可行權宜 方法,允許承租人選擇不評估與新型冠狀病 毒相關之租金優惠是否屬租賃修訂。採納該 選擇的承租人可將合資格租金優惠以非租賃 修訂的入賬方式入賬。可行權宜方法僅應用 於因新型冠狀病毒疫情直接引致的租金優惠 且須滿足如下所有條件方會適用:a)租賃付 款變動導致經修訂租賃代價與緊接變動前租 賃代價相比,大致相同或更低;b)租賃付款 的任何減少僅影響於2021年6月30日或之前到 期的付款;及c)租賃的其他條款及條件無實 質性變動。

於本年度應用經修訂香港財務報告準則並無 對集團之財務狀況及表現及/或該等綜合財務 報表所載之披露構成任何重大影響。

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

## NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs IN ISSUE BUT NOT **YET EFFECTIVE**

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	香港財務報告準則 第17號	保險合約
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	香港財務報告準則 第3號(修訂本)	概念框架的引用
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計 準則第28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司 或合營公司間之 資產出售或注資
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Leases	香港財務報告準則 第16號(修訂本)	租賃
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	流動或非流動負債之 分類
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates	香港會計準則第8號 (修訂本)	會計估計的定義
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use	香港會計準則第16號 (修訂本)	物業、廠房及設備- 達到預期可使用狀 態前的銷售收入
Amendments to HKAS 39, HKFRS 4, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 16	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform Phase 2	香港會計準則 第39號、香港財務 報告準則第4號、香 港財務報告準則第7 號、香港財務報告準 則第9號及香港財務 報告準則第16號 (修訂本)	利率基準改革第二階 段
Annual Improvements	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020 Cycle	年度改進	香港財務報告準則 2018年至2020年週 期之年度改進
Accounting Guideline 5 (Revised)	Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations	會計指引第5號 (經修訂)	共同控制之合併的會 計處理
Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)	Presentation of Financial Statements  – Classification by the Borrower of a  Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand	香港解釋公告第5號 (2020)	財務報表列報 - 借款 人對包含可隨時要 求償還條款的定期 貸款的分類

The Group anticipates that the application of above new and 集團預計應用上述新訂及經修訂香港財務報 amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

告準則將不會對集團之綜合財務報表產生重 大影響。

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂香

集團並未提前應用以下已頒佈但尚未生效之

新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

港財務報告準則

#### 3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset taken into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

For financial instruments and investment properties which are transacted at fair value and a valuation technique that unobservable inputs is to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that at initial recognition the results of the valuation technique equals the transaction price.

## 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會所頒佈 之香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜合財務 報表包括聯交所證券上市規則及香港公司條 例所規定之適用披露。

除下文所載會計政策闡明之若干物業及金融 工具於各報告期末按公平值計量外,綜合財 務報表乃根據歷史成本基準編製。

歷史成本通常基於就交換貨品及服務所付出 代價之公平值。

公平值乃於計量日由市場參與者於有秩序交 易中出售資產可收取或轉讓負債須支付之價 格,而不論該價格是否可直接觀察或可使用 其他估值方法估計。若市場參與者於計量日 對資產或負債定價時會考慮資產或負債之特 徵,則集團於估計資產或負債之公平值時會 考慮該資產或負債之特徵。此等綜合財務報 表中作計量及/或披露用途之公平值乃按此基 準釐定,惟屬於香港財務報告準則第2號「以 股份為基礎之付款 | 範圍內以股份為基礎之 付款交易、根據香港財務報告準則第16號「租 賃」入賬之租賃交易,以及與公平值部分相似 但並非公平值之計量(如香港會計準則第2號 「存貨」內之可變現淨值或香港會計準則第36 號「資產減值」內之使用價值)除外。

非金融資產公平值之計量則參考市場參與者 從使用該資產得到之最高及最佳效用,或把 該資產售予另一可從使用該資產得到最高及 最佳效用之市場參與者所產生之經濟效益之 能力。

按公平值交易之金融工具及投資物業,凡於 其後期間應用不可觀察輸入數據計量公平值 之估值方法,估值方法應予校正,以使估值 方法之結果於初步確認時相等於交易價格。

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- 此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量根據公 平值計量輸入數據之可觀察程度及公平值計 量之輸入數據對其整體之重要性分類為第一 層級、第二層級或第三層級,詳情如下:
- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### **BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Group. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

- 第一層級輸入數據是實體於計量日可以 取得之相同資產或負債於活躍市場之報價(未 經調整);
- 第二層級輸入數據是就資產或負債直接 或間接可觀察之輸入數據(包括在第一層級內 之報價除外);及
- 第三層級輸入數據是資產或負債不可觀 察之輸入數據。

主要會計政策載列如下。

## 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及集團控制之實體 之財務報表。倘屬以下情況,則本公司獲得 控制權:

- 對被投資方擁有權力;
- 因參與投資對象之業務而承擔可變回報 之風險或享有獲得可變回報之權利;及
- 有能力藉行使其權力而影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上列三項控制因素中, 有一項或以上出現變動,集團會重新評估其 是否控制投資對象。

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Group's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Group, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Group has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

倘集 團於投資對象之投票權未能佔大多數, 但只要投票權足以賦予集團實際能力可單方 面主導投資對象之相關業務時,集團即對投 資對象擁有權力。在評估集團於投資對象之 投票權是否足以賦予其權力時,集團考慮所 有相關事實及情況,包括:

- 集團持有之投票權規模相對於其他投票 權持有者之規模及投票權之分佈情況;
- 集團、其他投票權持有者或其他各方持 有之潛在投票權;
- 源自其他合約安排之權利;及
- 任何表明集團在需要作出決策時是否有 主導相關業務之現有能力之額外事實及情況 (包括先前股東大會之表決模式)。

集團於獲得附屬公司控制權時將附屬公司綜 合入賬,並於失去附屬公司控制權時終止。 具體而言,於本年度內收購或出售附屬公司 之收入及開支,按自集團獲得控制權當日起 至集團失去附屬公司控制權當日止,計入綜 合損益表內。

損益及其他全面收益之各項目歸屬於本公司 擁有人及非控股權益。即使會導致非控股權 益出現虧絀結餘,附屬公司之全面收益總額 歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。

如有需要,附屬公司之財務報表將作出調 整,以使其會計政策與集團之會計政策一致。

所有與集團成員公司之間交易相關之集團內 資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量均 於綜合入賬時悉數對銷。

附屬公司之非控股權益與集團於其中擁有之 權益分開呈列,該等權益指持有人有權於清 盤時按比例分佔相關附屬公司資產淨值之現 時擁有權權益。

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### **BUSINESS COMBINATION**

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisitiondate fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" and HKAS 19 "Employee Benefits" respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below);
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" are measured in accordance with that standard; and
- lease liabilities are recognised and measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments (as defined in HKFRS 16) as if the acquired leases were new leases at the acquisition date, except for leases for which (a) the lease term ends within 12 months of the acquisition date; or (b) the underlying asset is of low value. Right-of-use assets are recognised and measured at the same amount as the relevant lease liabilities, adjusted to reflect favourable or unfavourable terms of the lease when compared with market terms.

## 業務合併

收購業務乃採用收購法入賬。於業務合併中 轉讓之代價按公平值計量,其按集團所轉讓 資產、集團對被收購方前擁有人產生之負債 及集團為交換被收購方控制權所發行股權於 收購日期之公平值總和計算。與收購相關之 成本一般於產生時於損益中確認。

於收購日期,所收購可識別資產及所承擔負 債按其公平值確認,惟下列情況除外:

- 遞延税項資產或負債及與僱員福利安排 相關之資產或負債,分別根據香港會計準則 第12號「所得税」及香港會計準則第19號「僱員 福利]確認及計量;
- 有關被收購方以股份為基礎之付款安排 或集團為取代被收購方以股份為基礎之付款 安排而訂立之以股份為基礎之付款安排之負 債或股本工具,乃於收購日期根據香港財務 報告準則第2號計量(見下文會計政策);
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號「持作出售 非流動資產及已終止經營業務」被分類為持 作出售之資產(或出售組別)乃根據該準則計 量;及
- 和 賃 負 債 按 剩 餘 和 賃 付 款 ( 定 義 見 香 港 財務報告準則第16號)之現值確認及計量,猶 如收購的租賃於收購日期為新租賃,惟(a)租 賃期限於收購日期12個月內結束;或(b)相關 資產為低價值的租賃除外。使用權資產按與 相關租賃負債相同的金額確認及計量,並進 行調整以反映與市場條款相比租賃的有利或 不利條款。

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at acquisition date. If, after re-assessment, the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

商譽乃按所轉讓代價、被收購方任何非控股 權益之金額及收購方過往所持被收購方股權 (如有)之公平值之總和超出所收購可識別資 產及所承擔負債於收購日期之淨額計量。倘 經重新評估後,所收購可識別資產及所承擔 負債之淨額超出所轉讓代價、被收購方任何 非控股權益之金額及收購方過往所持被收購 方股權(如有)之公平值之總和,差額即時於 損益確認為議價收購收益。

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the relevant subsidiary's net assets in the event of liquidation are initially measured at the noncontrolling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets or at fair value. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis.

非控股權益為現時擁有權權益,授權持有人 於清盤時按比例分佔相關附屬公司之資產淨 值,其初步按非控股權益按比例分佔被收購 方可識別資產淨值之已確認金額或按公平值 計量。計量基準可按個別交易選擇。

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

倘集團於一項業務合併轉讓之代價包括或然 代價安排,則有關或然代價按其於收購日期 之公平值計量,並列賬為業務合併中所轉讓 代價之一部分。符合資格作計量期間調整之 或然代價公平值變動乃經追溯調整。計量期 間調整為於「計量期間」(不得超過收購日期起 計一年)因取得有關於收購日期已存在之事實 及情況之額外資料而作出之調整。

The subsequent accounting for the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

不符合作為計量期間調整之或然代價之其後 會計處理取決於或然代價如何分類。分類為 權益之或然代價於其後報告日期不予重新計 量,其後結算於權益內入賬。分類為資產或 負債之或然代價於其後報告日期重新計量至 公平值,其相應之盈虧於損益內確認。

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## **ACQUISITION OF A SUBSIDIARY NOT CONSTITUTING A BUSINESS**

When the Group acquires a group of assets and liabilities that do not constitute a business, the Group identifies and recognises the individual identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed by allocating the purchase price first to investment properties which are subsequently measured under fair value model, and financial assets and financial liabilities at the respective fair values, the remaining balance of the purchase price is then allocated to the other identifiable assets and liabilities on the basis of their relative fair values at the date of purchase. Such a transaction does not give rise to goodwill or bargain purchase gain.

### **INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES**

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates or joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of associates and joint ventures used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. Changes in net assets of the associates and joint ventures other than profit or loss and other comprehensive income are not accounted for unless such changes resulted in changes in ownership interest held by the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

## 收購並不構成業務之附屬公司

當集團收購並不構成業務之資產及負債組 別,則集團識別及確認所收購個別可識別資 產及所承擔負債,方式為首先將購買價按各 自之公平值分配至投資物業(其後按公平值模 式計量)以及金融資產及金融負債,購買價餘 額繼而按其於購買日期之相對公平值之基準 分配至其他可識別資產及負債。該交易不會 產生商譽或議價收購收益。

## 於聯營公司及合營公司之權益

聯營公司指集團對其有重大影響力之實體。 重大影響力指參與投資對象之財務及營運政 策決定之權力,但並無對該等政策擁有控制 權或共同控制權。

合營公司是一項合營安排, 對安排擁有共同 控制權之各方據此對合營安排之資產淨值擁 有權利。共同控制權乃合約協定對安排共同 享有控制權,僅於與相關業務有關之決策需 要共享控制權之各方一致同意時存在。

聯營公司或合營公司之業績及資產與負債以 權益會計法計入該等綜合財務報表內。用作 權益會計處理用途之聯營公司及合營公司 財務報表乃使用集團就同類情況下之相似交 易及事項所使用之統一會計政策編製。根據 權益法,於聯營公司或合營公司之投資初步 按成本於綜合財務狀況表確認,並於其後調 整,以確認集團分佔該聯營公司或合營公司 之損益及其他全面收益。該等聯營公司及合 營公司資產淨值(損益及其他全面收益除外) 之變動不予入賬,除非該等變動導致集團持 有之擁有權權益變動。當集團分佔聯營公司 或合營公司虧損超出其於該聯營公司或合營 公司之權益(包括任何本質上構成集團於該聯 營公司或合營公司投資淨額部分之長期權益) 時,集團不再確認其分佔進一步虧損。僅限 於集團產生法定或推定責任或代表該聯營公 司或合營公司作出付款時方確認額外虧損。

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate or a joint venture may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Group.

### REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good and service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

集團就有否客觀跡象顯示於聯營公司或合營 公司之權益可能出現減值進行評估。倘存在 任何該等客觀跡象,該項投資之全部賬面值 會根據香港會計準則第36號作為單一項資產 進行減值測試,方法是比較其可收回金額(使 用價值與公平值減出售成本兩者中之較高者) 與其賬面值。任何已確認減值虧損不會分配 至任何資產(包括商譽),均構成該項投資賬 面值的一部分。有關該項減值虧損之任何撥 回乃於該項投資的可收回金額其後增加的情 況下根據香港會計準則第36號確認。

當集團實體與集團的聯營公司或合營公司進 行交易時,與該聯營公司或合營公司交易所 產生之溢利及虧損僅會在該聯營公司或合營 公司之權益與集團無關的情況下,方會於集 團的綜合財務報表確認。

### 來自客戶合約之收入

集團於(或隨著)達成履約責任時(即當與特定 履約責任相關之貨品或服務的「控制權」轉移 至客戶時)確認收入。

履約責任指個別貨品及服務(或一批貨品或服 務)或一系列大致相同之個別貨品或服務。

倘符合下列其中一項標準,則控制權會隨時 間轉移及收入會參考完全履行相關履約責任 之進度而隨時間確認:

- 於集團履約時,客戶同時取得並享用集 團履約所提供之利益;
- 集團之履約創造或提升一項資產,而該 項資產於集團履約時由客戶控制;或
- 集團之履約並未創造讓集團有替代用途 之資產,且集團有權強制執行對迄今已完成 履約之付款。

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Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments". In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to the same contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

## Contracts with multiple performance obligations (including allocation of transaction price)

For contracts that contain more than one performance obligations, the Group allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation on a relative stand-alone selling price basis.

The stand-alone selling price of the distinct good or service underlying each performance obligation is determined at contract inception. It represents the price at which the Group would sell a promised good or service separately to a customer. If a stand-alone selling price is not directly observable, the Group estimates it using appropriate techniques such that the transaction price ultimately allocated to any performance obligation reflects the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised goods or services to the customer

否則,收入於客戶獲得個別貨品或服務控制 權之時間點確認。

合約資產指集團就換取集團已向客戶轉移之 貨品或服務而收取代價之權利(尚未成為無條 件),其按照香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工 具」進行減值評估。相反,應收款項指集團收 取代價之無條件權利,即該代價到期付款前 僅需時間推移。

合約負債指集團因已向客戶收取代價(或已到 期代價金額)而須向客戶轉移貨品或服務之 責任。

與同一份合約相關之合約資產及合約負債按 淨額基準進行會計處理及呈列。

## 包含多項履約責任(包括分配交易價格) 之合約

就包含一項以上履約責任之合約而言,集團 按照相對獨立之售價基準將交易價格分配至 各項履約責任。

與各項履約責任相關之個別貨品或服務之單 獨售價於訂立合約時釐定,為集團將單獨向 客戶出售所承諾貨品或服務之價格。倘單獨 售價無法透過直接觀察得出,集團則以適當 技巧進行估計,使交易價格最終得以分配至 任何履約責任以反映集團預期就轉移所承諾 貨品或服務予客戶而有權換取之代價金額。

## Over time revenue recognition: measurement of progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation

### **Output method**

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

As a practical expedient, if the Group has a right to consideration in an amount that corresponds directly with the value of the Group's performance completed to date, the Group recognises revenue in the amount to which the Group has the right to invoice.

### **Existence of significant financing component**

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the time value of money if the timing of payments agreed (either explicitly or implicitly) provides the customer or the Group with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer. In those circumstances, the contract contains a significant financing component. A significant financing component may exist regardless of whether the promise of financing is explicitly stated in the contract or implied by the payment terms agreed to by the parties to the contract.

For contracts where the period between payment and transfer of the associated goods or services is less than one year, the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the transaction price for any significant financing component.

For advance payments received from customers before the transfer of the associated goods or services in which the Group adjusts for the promised amount of consideration for a significant financing component, the Group applies a discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. The relevant interest expenses during the period between the advance payments were received and the transfer of the associated goods and services are accounted for on the same basis as other borrowing costs.

## 隨時間確認收入:計量完全履行履約責 任之進度

#### 產出法

根據產出法計量完全履行履約責任之進度, 即以直接計量迄今已轉讓予客戶之貨品或服 務價值相對於根據合約承諾之餘下貨品或服 務為基準確認收入,有關方法最能反映集團 於轉讓貨品或服務控制權方面之履約情況。

作為可行權宜方法,倘集團有權收取代價, 而代價之金額與迄今為止集團之履約價值直 接相關,則集團按有權開具發票之金額確認 收入。

### 存在重大融資成分

於釐定交易價格時,倘協定(不論明文或隱 含)之付款時間為客戶或集團提供有關向客戶 轉讓貨品或服務之重大融資利益,集團會就 貨幣時間價值之影響調整承諾代價金額。於 該等情況下,合約包含重大融資成分。不論 融資承諾是否明確列於合約或隱含在合約訂 約方協定之付款條款中,均可能存在重大融 資成分。

對於付款與轉讓相關貨品或服務相隔期間不 足一年之合約,集團應用可行權宜方法,而 不就任何重大融資成分調整交易價。

就於轉讓集團已就重大融資成分調整承諾代 價金額之相關貨品或服務前收取之客戶預付 款而言,集團應用將於集團與客戶於合約開 始時進行之獨立融資交易中反映之貼現率。 於已收預付款與轉移相關貨品及服務期間的 相關利息開支,按與其他借貸成本相同之基 準入賬。

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## Incremental costs of obtaining a contract

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained.

The Group recognises such costs (sales commissions) as an asset if it expects to recover these costs. The asset so recognised is subsequently amortised to profit or loss on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the assets

The Group applies the practical expedient of expensing all incremental costs to obtain a contract if these costs would otherwise have been fully amortised to profit or loss within one year.

### **LEASES**

### The Group as a lessee

### Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative standalone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

#### Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of buildings and office equipment that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. Lease payments on short-term lease are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

### 取得合約之遞增成本

取得合約之號增成本是集團為取得客戶合約 而產生之該等成本,倘並無取得合約則不會 產生該等成本。

倘集 團預期可收回該等成本,則將該等成本 (銷售佣金)確認為資產。如此確認之資產其 後按系統化基準攤銷至損益,該基準與向客 戶轉讓該資產相關之貨品或服務一致。

倘該等成本原應在一年內全數攤銷至損益, 則集團應用可行權宜方法,支銷所有取得合 約之遞增成本。

## 租賃

### 集團作為承租人

### 分配代價予合約組成部分

對於包含一項租賃組成部分及一項或多項額 外租賃或非租賃組成部分之合約,集團根據 租賃組成部分之相對單獨價格及非租賃組成 部分之單獨價格總和將合約代價分配至各個 租賃組成部分。

非租賃組成部分根據其相對單獨價格與租賃 組成部分分開。

### 短期租賃

對於租期自開始日期起計為12個月或以內且 並無包含購買選擇權之樓宇及辦公室設備之 租賃,集團應用短期租賃確認豁免。短期租 賃之租賃付款按直線法或另一種系統性基準 於租期內確認為開支。

### Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Except for those that are recognised as investment properties and measured under fair value model, right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position. Right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are presented within "investment properties".

#### 使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債之初始計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前作出之任何租賃付 款,減任何已收租賃優惠;
- 集團產生之任何初始直接成本;及
- 集團於拆解及搬遷相關資產、復原相關 資產所在場地或復原相關資產至租賃之條款 及條件所規定之狀況而產生之成本估計,除 非該等成本乃因生產存貨而產生。

除確認為投資物業並按照公平值模式計量之 使用權資產外,使用權資產按成本減去任何 累計折舊及減值虧損計量,並就租賃負債之 任何重新計量作出調整。

就集團於租期結束時合理確定獲取相關租賃 資產所有權之使用權資產而言,有關使用權 資產自開始日期起至使用年期結束期間計提 折舊。在其他情況下,使用權資產按直線法 於其估計使用年期及租期(以較短者為準)內 計提折舊。

集團將不符合投資物業定義之使用權資產列 為綜合財務狀況表之獨立項目。符合投資物 業定義之使用權資產於「投資物業」中列示。

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#### **Lease liabilities**

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

### The Group as lessor

#### Classification and measurement of leases

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset, and such costs are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term except for investment properties measured under fair value model. Variable lease payments for operating leases that depend on an index or a rate are estimated and included in the total lease payments to be recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income when they arise.

#### 和賃負債

於租賃開始日期,集團按該日未付的租賃付 款現值確認及計量租賃負債。於計算租賃付 款現值時,倘租賃隱含的利率難以釐定,則 集團使用租賃開始日期之增量借款利率計算。

### 租賃付款包括:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減任何應 收和賃優惠;
- 視乎指數或利率而定之可變租賃付款, 初步計量時使用開始日期之指數或利率;
- 預期集團根據剩餘價值擔保應付之 金額;
- 購買選擇權之行使價(倘集團合理確定 將行使該選擇權);及
- 倘租期反映集團會行使選擇權終止租 賃,則計入終止租賃的罰款。

於開始日期後,租賃負債就利息增長及租賃 付款作出調整。

### 集團作為出租人

### 租賃之分類及計量

集團作為出租人之租賃分類為融資或經營租 賃。當租賃條款將相關資產擁有權附帶之絕 大部分風險及回報轉移至承租人時,該合約 分類為融資租賃。所有其他租賃分類為經營 租賃。

經營租賃之租金收入乃按相關租賃年期以直 線法於損益內確認。磋商及安排經營租賃產 生之初步直接成本乃加至租賃資產之賬面 值,除根據公平值模式計量之投資物業外, 有關成本按租賃年期以直線法確認為開支。 取決於指數或利率之經營租賃之可變租賃付 款予以估計,並計入於租期內按直線法確認 之租賃付款總額。不取決於指數或利率之可 變租賃付款於產生時確認為收入。

Rental income which are derived from the Group's ordinary course of business are presented as revenue.

來自集團日常業務過程之租金收入呈列為 收入。

#### Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

When a contract includes both leases and non-lease components, the Group applies HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customer" to allocate consideration in a contract to lease and non-lease components. Non-lease components are separated from lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone selling prices.

### **FOREIGN CURRENCIES**

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in a foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the Group's interests in associates or joint ventures.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve.

#### 分配代價予合約組成部分

當合約包括租賃及非租賃組成部分,集團應 用香港財務報告準則第15號「來自客戶合約之 收益」將合約項下的代價分配至租賃及非租賃 組成部分。非租賃組成部分根據其相對獨立 售價與租賃組成部分分開。

### 外幣

編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時,以該實 體功能貨幣以外貨幣(外幣)進行之交易乃按 交易日期之現行匯率確認。於各報告期末, 以外幣列值之貨幣項目以當日之現行匯率重 新換算。按公平值列賬且按外幣列值之非貨 幣項目乃按釐定公平值當日現行匯率重新換 算。以外幣歷史成本計量之非貨幣項目不予 重新換算。

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目所產生之 匯兑差額會於產生期間於損益確認,惟應收 或應付境外業務而結算並無計劃亦不可能發 生(因此構成境外業務投資淨額之一部分)之 貨幣項目之匯兑差額除外,該等匯兑差額初 步於其他全面收益內確認,並於出售或部分 出售集團於聯營公司或合營公司之權益時自 權益重新分類至損益。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,集團業務之資產 及負債均按各報告期末現行匯率換算為集團 之呈列貨幣(即港元)。收入及開支項目乃按 期內平均匯率換算,除非期內匯率出現重大 波幅,而於此情況下,則將採用交易當日現 行之匯率。所產生匯兑差額(如有)於其他全 面收益確認並於權益(匯兑儲備項下)中累計。

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On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation, attributable to owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

於出售境外業務(即出售集團於境外業務之所 有權益,或涉及失去對擁有境外業務之附屬 公司控制權之出售,或對擁有境外業務之合 營安排或聯營公司權益進行部分出售而保留 權益成為一項金融資產),所有本公司擁有人 就該業務應佔而於權益累計之匯兑差額會被 重新分類至損益。

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to noncontrolling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint arrangements that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

此外,就部分出售一家附屬公司而不會造成 集團失去對該附屬公司控制權之情況而言, 累計匯兑差額之比例會被重新分配予非控股 權益,惟不會於損益確認。就所有其他部分 出售(即部分出售聯營公司或合營安排而不會 造成集團失去重大影響力或共同控制權)而 言,累計匯兑差額所佔比例會被重新分類至 指益。

### **BORROWING COSTS**

## 借貸成本

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. For properties under development for which revenue is recognised over time, the Group ceases to capitalise borrowing costs as soon as the properties are ready for the Group's intended sale.

收購、建設或生產合資格資產(為須佔用長時 間就其擬定用途或出售作準備之資產)而直接 應佔之借貸成本乃加入該等資產之成本,直 至該等資產就其擬定用途或出售大體上準備 妥當之有關時間為止。就收入隨時間推移確 認之發展中物業而言,集團於物業可供集團 作擬定出售時停止將借貸成本資本化。

Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

於相關資產可作擬定用途或出售後仍未償還 之任何特定借貸計入一般借貸池,以計算一 般借貸之資本化率。特定借貸在用於合資格 資產開支前,用作暫時性投資所賺取之投資 收入自合資格資本化之借貸成本中扣除。

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間均於損益確認。

### **TAXATION**

### 税項

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

所得税支出指即期應付税項及遞延税項之 總和。

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before taxation because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

即期應付税項乃按本年度應課税溢利計算。 應課税溢利與除税前溢利不同,乃由於其他 年度之應課税收入或可抵扣開支及毋須課税 或不可抵扣之項目所致。集團之即期税項負 債乃按報告期末已頒佈或實際上已頒佈之税 率計算。

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

遞延税項乃按綜合財務報表所列資產及負債 賬面值與計算應課税溢利時採用之相應税基 間之暫時差額確認。遞延税項負債一般就所 有應課税暫時差額確認。遞延税項資產一般 於很可能有應課税溢利可用於抵銷該等可動 用之可扣減暫時差額時就所有可扣減暫時差 額確認。倘暫時差額乃因初步確認不影響應 課税溢利及會計溢利交易(業務合併除外)中 之其他資產及負債產生,有關遞延資產及負 債將不予確認。

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

遞延税項負債乃就與於附屬公司及聯營公司 之投資以及於合營公司之權益有關的應課稅 暫時差額予以確認,惟倘集團可控制暫時差 額的撥回,以及暫時差額在可見將來很可能 不會撥回,則不予確認。與該等投資及權益 有關的可扣減暫時差額產生的遞延税項資 產,僅於很可能有充足的應課稅溢利以使用 暫時差額的利益,以及預期暫時差額於可見 將來可撥回時,方予確認。

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期末作出檢 討,若不可能再有足夠應課税溢利以收回全 部或部分資產則會予以扣減。

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on the tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

遞延税項資產及負債乃根據於報告期末已頒 佈或實際上已頒佈之税率(及税法),按預期 清償負債或變現資產期間適用之税率計量。

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

倘有可依法執行權利以即期税項資產抵銷即 期税項負債,而遞延税項與由同一税務機構 向同一應課税實體徵收之所得税相關,則可 抵銷遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債。

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

即期及遞延税項乃於損益確認,惟若與於其 他全面收益確認或直接於權益確認之項目有 關,則即期及遞延税項亦應分別於其他全面 收益或直接於權益內確認。當即期稅項或遞 延税項乃自業務合併初步入賬而產生,則其 税務影響於業務合併入賬時計入。

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### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes (other than freehold land and properties under construction as described below). Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Freehold lands are not depreciated and are measured at cost less subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

### Ownership interests in leasehold land and building

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition.

To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "right-of-use assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interest in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property, plant and equipment.

If a property becomes an investment property because its use has changed as evidenced by end of owner-occupation, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of that item (including the relevant leasehold land) at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in asset revaluation reserve. On the subsequent sale or retirement of the property, the relevant revaluation reserve will be transferred directly to accumulated profits.

## 物業、廠房及設備

持作生產或供應貨品或服務,或作行政用途 之物業、廠房及設備(除下述永久業權土地及 在建物業外)屬有形資產。物業、廠房及設備 乃按成本減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧 損(如有)於綜合財務狀況表內列賬。

永久業權土地不會折舊及按成本減其後累計 減值虧損計量。

用作生產、供應或行政用途之在建物業乃以 成本扣除任何已確認減值虧損列賬。成本包 括使資產達到能夠按照管理層擬定之方式開 展經營而言屬必要之位置及條件而直接產生 之任何成本,以及就合資格資產而言,根據 集團會計政策資本化之借貸成本。當該等資 產可作擬定用途時,開始按與其他物業資產 相同之基準計算折舊。

## 租賃土地及樓宇之擁有權權益

當集團就於物業(包括租賃土地及樓宇成分) 之擁有權權益付款時,全部代價於租賃土地 及樓宇成分之間按初始確認時之相對公平值 比例分配。

倘能可靠地分配相關付款,則入賬列為經營 租賃之租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表內呈 列為「使用權資產」,惟根據公平值模式分類 並入賬列作投資物業者除外。倘代價無法在 相關租賃土地之非租賃樓宇成分及未分割權 益之間可靠分配時,整項物業分類為物業、 廠房及設備。

倘一項物業因已證實結束業主自用而變為投 資物業,其賬面值與公平值的任何差額(包括 相關租賃土地)於轉移日期於其他全面收益中 確認及於資產重估儲備中累計。相關重估儲 備於日後物業出售或報廢時,將直接轉撥至 累計溢利。

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets, other than freehold land and construction in progress, less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

資產(除永久業權土地及在建物業外)折舊乃 採用直線法按其估計可使用年期撇銷其成本 減剩餘價值確認。

Hotel properties	3–40 years
Freehold land	No depreciation
Buildings, commercial and leisure facilities	5–50 years, or over the lease term if shorter
Leasehold improvements	5 years, or over the lease term if shorter
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3–7 years
Plant, machinery and equipment	5–15 years
Ferries, launches and motor vehicles	3–20 years

酒店物業 3-40年 永久業權土地 並無折舊 樓宇、商用及 5-50年或倘較短, 康樂設施 則為租賃期限 租賃物業裝修 5年或倘較短,則為 租賃期限 3-7年 **傢**俬、裝置及設備 廠房、機器及設備 5-15年

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any

changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於各 報告期末檢討,估計任何變動之影響按預期

3-20年

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售後或當預期持 續使用該資產將不會產生未來經濟利益時剔 除確認。因出售或報廢物業、廠房及設備項 目而產生之任何盈虧乃按銷售所得款項與資 產賬面值間之差額釐定,並於損益確認。

## **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

## 投資物業

基準入賬。

渡輪、汽船及汽車

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including properties under construction for such purpose).

投資物業為持作賺取租金及/或資本增值之物 業(包括就該等目的之在建物業)。

Investment properties also include leased properties which are being recognised as right-of-use assets and subleased by the Group under operating leases.

投資物業亦包括租賃物業,該等租賃物業確 認為使用權資產並由集團根據經營租賃分租。

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value, adjusted to exclude any prepaid or accrued operating lease income.

投資物業初步按成本計量,包括任何直接應 佔開支。於初步確認後,投資物業以公平值 計量,並就撇除任何預付或應計經營租賃收 入作出調整。

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

投資物業公平值變動所產生之盈虧於產生期 間於損益入賬。

Construction cost incurred for investment properties under construction are capitalised as part of the carrying amount of the investment properties under construction.

在建投資物業產生之工程成本已資本化,作 為在建投資物業賬面值之一部分。

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An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals.

If there is a transfer from investment property carried at fair value to owner-occupied property evidenced by the commencement of owner occupation, the property's deemed cost for subsequent accounting shall be its fair value at the date of change in use.

The Group transfers a property from properties held for/under development for sale to investment property when there is a change in use to hold the property to earn rentals or/and for capital appreciation rather than for sale in the ordinary course of business, which is evidenced by the observable actions taken to support the change in use. Any difference between the fair value of the property at the date of transfer and its previous carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

## IMPAIRMENT ON PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In addition, the Group assesses whether there is indication that corporate assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

投資物業於出售後或於投資物業永久不再使 用且預期出售不會產生未來經濟利益時剔除 確認。

倘按公平值列賬之投資物業轉撥為業主自用 物業,並由業主開始自用予以證實,則該物 業於其後入賬時之視作成本應為其於改變用 途當日之公平值。

當持有物業之用途發生改變,以賺取租金或/ 及實現資本增值,而非於日常業務過程中出 售(以就支持改變用途而採取之可觀察行動為 證)時,集團將物業從供出售待發展/發展中 物業轉撥至投資物業。於轉撥日期之物業公 平值與其先前賬面值之間的任何差異於損益 確認。

# 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產

於報告期末,集團檢討其物業、廠房及設備、 使用權資產以及可使用年期有限之無形資產 之賬面值,以釐定是否有任何跡象顯示該等 資產出現減值虧損。倘存在任何有關跡象, 則估計有關資產之可收回金額以釐定減值虧 損(如有)水平。具有無限使用年期之無形資 產以及尚未可使用之無形資產最少每年及每 當有減值跡象時進行減值測試。

集團個別估計物業、廠房及設備、使用權資 產以及無形資產之可收回金額,倘不可能個 別估計可收回金額,集團會估計該資產所屬 現金產生單位之可收回金額。

此外,集團會評估是否有跡象顯示公司資產 可能出現減值。若存在該等跡象,當可識別 合理一致之分配基準時,公司資產亦分配至 個別現金產生單位,否則將分配至可識別合 理一致之分配基準之最小現金產生單位組別。

可收回金額乃公平值減出售成本與使用價值 兩者中之較高者。於評估使用價值時,採用 除税前貼現率將估計未來現金流量貼現至現 值。該貼現率應能反映市場當時所評估的貨 幣時間價值及該資產(或現金產生單位)的獨 有風險,就該資產而言,未來現金流量之估 計則未作調整。

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cashgenerating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cashgenerating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cashgenerating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cashgenerating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash-generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

倘估計資產(或現金產牛單位)可收回金額低 於其賬面值,則該資產(或現金產生單位)之 賬面值將調低至其可收回金額。若不可合理 及一致分配公司資產或部分公司資產至現金 產生單位,集團將一組現金產生單位之賬面 值(包括分配至該現金產生單位組別之公司資 產或部分公司資產賬面值)與該組現金產生單 位之可收回金額進行比較。於分配減值虧損 時,首先分配減值虧損以減少任何商譽之賬 面值(如適用),其後根據該單位或該現金產 生單位組別各資產之賬面值按比例分配至其 他資產。資產賬面值不得減少至低於以下三 者中的最高者,其公平值減出售成本(如可計 量)、其使用價值(如可釐定)及零。已另行分 配至資產之減值虧損金額按比例分配至該單 位或該現金產生單位組別之其他資產。減值 虧損即時於損益確認。

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit or a group of cashgenerating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

倘其後撥回減值虧損,該資產(或現金產生單 位或現金產生單位組別)之賬面值將增至重新 估計之可收回金額,惟增加後之賬面值不得 超過倘資產(或現金產生單位或現金產生單位 組別)於過往年度並無確認減值虧損而釐定之 賬面值。減值虧損之撥回即時於損益確認。

## PROPERTIES HELD FOR/UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE

## Properties held for/under development for sale are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a specific identification basis including allocation of the related development expenditure incurred and where appropriate, borrowing costs capitalised. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for the properties less estimated cost to completion and costs necessary to make the sales. Properties held for/under development for sale are transferred to properties held for sale upon completion. Properties under development included in the current assets are expected to be realised in, or is intended for sale in the Group's normal operating cycle.

### 供出售待發展/發展中物業

供出售待發展/發展中物業按成本及可變現淨 值之較低者列賬。成本乃按特定識別基準釐 定,包括分配所招致之相關發展支出及資本 化借貸成本(倘適用)。可變現淨值指物業之 估計售價減估計竣工成本及進行出售之必需 成本。供出售待發展/發展中物業於落成後轉 撥至持作出售物業。列入流動資產之發展中 物業預期將於集團之正常營運週期內變現或 擬定於週期內銷售。

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### **PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE**

Properties held for sale are completed properties and are classified under current assets. Properties held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost relating to the development of properties, comprising lands and development costs, are included in properties held for/under development for sale until such time when they are completed. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all anticipated costs to be incurred in marketing and selling.

#### **INVENTORIES**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

#### **PROVISIONS**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

### **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

## 持作出售物業

持作出售物業乃落成物業,分類作流動資 產。持作出售物業按成本與可變現淨值兩者 中之較低者列值。與物業發展有關之成本包 括土地及發展成本,乃計入供出售待發展/發 展中物業,直至其竣工時為止。可變現淨值 指估計售價減於營銷及銷售中將產生之所有 預計成本。

## 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列 值。成本按加權平均法計算。可變現淨值指 存貨之估計售價減所有估計竣工成本及進行 出售之必需成本。

## 撥備

集團若因過往事件而產生現有責任(法定或推 定),而集團很可能將須履行該等責任,且對 所需承擔之金額能作出可靠估計時確認撥備。

確認為撥備之金額乃在考慮責任所附帶之風 險及不確定因素後,對於報告期末履行現有 責任所須之代價之最佳估計值。倘撥備按估 計用以履行現有責任之現金流量計量,則其 賬面值為該等現金流量之現值(倘金錢時間價 值之影響屬重大)。

## **金融工具**

倘集團實體成為工具合約條文之訂約方,則 確認金融資產及金融負債。所有金融資產之 日常買賣於交易日確認及剔除確認。日常買 賣指須於根據市場規則或慣例訂立之時間內 交付資產之金融資產買賣。

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")), are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount on initial recognition.

### **Financial assets**

### Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows: and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

金融資產及金融負債初步按公平值計量,惟 根據香港財務報告準則第15號初步計量之因 客戶合約而產生之應收貿易賬款除外。因收 購或發行金融資產及金融負債(按公平值計入 損益之金融資產除外)而直接產生之交易成本 於初步確認時加入或扣自金融資產或金融負 債之公平值(按適用者)。因收購按公平值計 入損益之金融資產或金融負債而直接產生之 交易成本即時於損益確認。

實際利率法為計算金融資產或金融負債之攤 銷成本及於有關期間分配利息收入及利息開 支之方法。實際利率乃按金融資產或金融負 債之預計年期或(倘適用)較短期間內準確貼 現估計未來現金收入及付款(包括構成實際利 率不可或缺部分已付或已收之一切費用及點 數、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)至初步確認 時賬面總值之利率。

## 金融資產

### 金融資產分類及其後計量

符合以下條件之金融資產其後按攤銷成本 計量:

- 以收取合約現金流量為目的之業務模式 下持有之金融資產;及
- 合約條款令於特定日期產生之現金流量 純粹為支付本金及未償還本金之利息。

符合以下條件之金融資產其後按公平值計入 其他全面收益計量:

- 以出售及收取合約現金流量為目的之業 務模式下持有之金融資產;及
- 合約條款令於特定日期產生之現金流量 純粹為支付本金及未償還本金之利息。

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All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial application of HKFRS 9/initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations" applies.

所有其他金融資產其後按公平值計入損益計 量,惟於首次應用香港財務報告準則第9號/ 初步確認金融資產當日,倘股本投資並非持 作買賣,亦非由收購方在香港財務報告準則 第3號「業務合併」所適用之業務合併中確認 之或然代價,則集團可以不可撤銷地選擇於 其他全面收益呈列該股本投資之其後公平值

Financial assets at amortised cost and debt instruments designated as at FVTOCI

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost and debt instruments/receivables subsequently measured at FVTOCI. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the subsequent reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit- impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

### Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve; and are not subject to impairment assessment. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, and will be transferred to accumulated profits.

Dividends from these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the "other income" line item in profit or loss.

### (iii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item.

按攤銷成本計量之金融資產及指定為按 公平值計入其他全面收益之債務工具

就其後按攤銷成本計量之金融資產及其後按 公平值計入其他全面收益計量之債務工具/ 應收款項而言,利息收入使用實際利率法確 認。利息收入採用實際利率按金融資產賬面 總值計算,惟其後出現信貸減值之金融資產 除外(見下文)。就其後出現信貸減值之金融 資產而言,利息收入乃自下一個報告期起採 用實際利率按金融資產之攤銷成本確認。倘 出現信貸減值之金融工具之信貸風險改善, 金融資產因而不再出現信貸減值,則利息收 入自釐定資產不再出現信貸減值後之報告期 初起採用實際利率按金融資產之賬面總值 確認。

指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益之股 本工具

按公平值計入其他全面收益之股本工具投資 其後按公平值計量,其公平值變動產生之收 益及虧損於其他全面收益確認及於投資重估 儲備累計,且無須作減值評估。累計收益或 虧損不會重新分類至出售股本投資之損益, 而將轉撥至累計溢利。

當集團確立收取股息之權利時,該等股本工 具投資之股息於損益確認,除非股息明確表 示為收回部分投資成本。股息計入損益之[其 他收入」項下。

### 按公平值計入損益之金融資產

不符合以攤銷成本或按公平值計入其他全面 收益計量或指定為按公平值計入其他全面收 益標準之金融資產均按公平值計入損益計量。

按公平值計入損益之金融資產按各報告期末 之公平值計量,而任何公平值收益或虧損於 損益確認。於損益確認之收益或虧損淨額不 包括金融資產所賺取之任何股息或利息,並 計入「其他收益及虧損」項目。

## Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including investments in debt instruments measured at amortised cost, trade receivables, loan to a joint venture, loan to an investee, other receivables, amounts due from associates, amounts due from joint ventures, bank balances) and other item (financial guarantee contracts) which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances and/or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12-month ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

### Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

## 根據香港財務報告準則第9號須進行減值評估 之金融資產及其他項目之減值

集團根據香港財務報告準則第9號就發生減值 之金融資產(包括按攤銷成本計量之債務工具 投資、應收貿易賬款、貸款予一家合營公司、 向相關投資對象貸款、其他應收款項、應收 聯營公司款項、應收合營公司款項、銀行結 餘)及其他項目(財務擔保合約)按預期信貸虧 損模式進行減值評估。預期信貸虧損金額於 各報告日予以更新,以反映信貸風險自初步 確認以來之變動。

使用年期內之預期信貸虧損指於相關工具之 預計年期內所有可能發生之違約事件將導致 之預期信貸虧損。相反,12個月預期信貸虧 損指預期於報告日後12個月內可能發生之違 約事件導致之使用年期內之預期信貸虧損部 分。評估乃根據集團之歷史信貸虧損經驗進 行,並根據債務人特有之因素、一般經濟狀 況以及對報告日當前狀況之評估以及對未來 狀況之預測作出調整。

集團通常就應收貿易賬款確認使用年期內之 預期信貸虧損。對結餘重大之應收賬款就該 等資產進行個別預期信貸虧損評估,及/或使 用具有適當分組之撥備矩陣進行共同評估。

就所有其他工具而言,集團計量之虧損撥備 等於12個月預期信貸虧損,除非自初步確認 後信貸風險顯著增加,則集團會確認使用年 期內之預期信貸虧損。應否確認使用年期內 之預期信貸虧損之評估乃取決於自初步確認 以來發生違約之可能性或違約風險顯著增加。

### 信貸風險顯著增加

於評估信貸風險自初步確認以來是否顯著增 加時,集團將報告日金融工具發生違約之風 險與初步確認當日金融工具發生違約之風險 進行比較。於進行該評估時,集團會考慮合 理且可支持之定量及定性資料,包括在並無 繁重成本或工作下可得之過往經驗及前瞻性 資料。

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In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the aforegoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) it has a low risk of default, (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when it has an internal or external credit rating of "investment grade" as per globally understood definitions.

For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of financial guarantee contracts, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

尤其是,於評估信貸風險是否顯著增加時已 考慮下列資料:

- 金融工具之外部(如有)或內部信貸評級 實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 外部市場信貸風險指標之顯著惡化,如 信貸利差及債務人之信貸違約掉期價格大幅 增加;
- 業務、財務或經濟狀況現時或預測出現 不利變動,且預期將導致債務人履行其債務 責任之能力大幅下降;
- 債務人經營業績實際或預期顯著惡化; 及
- 導致債務人履行債務責任之能力大幅下 降之債務人監管、經濟或技術環境之實際或 預期重大不利變動。

不論上述評估之結果如何,集團假定當合約 付款逾期超過30天則信貸風險自初步確認以 來大幅增加,除非集團有合理且可支持資料 證明並非如此。

儘管存在上述情況,倘債務工具於報告日釐 定為信貸風險偏低,集團假設債務工具之信 貸風險自初步確認後並無顯著增加。倘(i)違約 風險偏低、(ii)借方具有強大能力於短期履行 其合約現金流量責任及(iii)經濟及業務狀況於 較長遠上出現不利變動,惟將未必削弱借方 履行其合約現金流量責任之能力,則債務工 具之信貸風險釐定為偏低。當債務工具之內 部或外部信貸評級為「投資級別」(按照全球理 解之釋義),則集團視該債務工具之信貸風險 偏低。

就財務擔保合約而言,集團成為不可撤銷承 擔一方之日期被視作為評估減值而進行初步 確認之日期。於評估信貸風險自財務擔保合 約初步確認以來是否顯著增加時,集團會考 慮指定債務人違約風險之變動。

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

集團定期監控用於識別信貸風險是否顯著增 加之標準之成效及適時修訂該等標準,以確 保有關標準能於款項逾期前識別信貸風險之 顯著增加。

#### (ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

### Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower; (a)
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider; or
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

### (iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

### 違約之定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,集團認為,倘內 部制定或自外部來源取得之資料顯示債務人 不太可能償還向其債權人(包括集團)全額還 款(不計及集團所持之任何抵押品),則視作 發生違約事件。

除上述者外,集團認為,倘金融資產逾期超 過90天,則已發生違約,除非集團有合理及 可支持資料證明更滯後之違約標準更為合適。

#### 信貸減值金融資產

當發生一項或多項對金融資產估計未來現金 流量有不利影響之事件時,金融資產出現信 貸減值。金融資產出現信貸減值之證據包括 以下事件之可觀察數據:

- 發行人或借款人出現重大財務困難; (a)
- 違反合約,如違約或逾期事件; (b)
- 借款人之貸款人因與借款人財務困難有 關之經濟或合約理由而給予借款人在其他情 况下貸款人不予考慮之優惠;或
- 借款人有可能破產或進行其他財務 (d) 重組。

### 撇銷政策

倘有資料顯示交易對手出現嚴重財務困難, 且沒有實際收回之預期(例如交易對手已遭清 盤、進入破產程序或應收貿易賬款逾期超過 兩年,以較早者為準),則集團會撇銷金融資 產。已撇銷之金融資產仍可能需要根據集團 之收回程序進行法律行動,並於適當時候聽 取法律意見。撇銷構成剔除確認事件。其後 任何可收回金額於損益確認。

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### Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probabilityweighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. For a lease receivable, the cash flows used for determining the ECL is consistent with the cash flows used in measuring the lease receivable.

For a financial guarantee contract, the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed. Accordingly, the expected losses is the present value of the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

For ECL on financial guarantee contracts for which the effective interest rate cannot be determined, the Group will apply a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks that are specific to the cash flows but only if, and to the extent that, the risks are taken into account by adjusting the discount rate instead of adjusting the cash shortfalls being discounted.

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis or cater for cases where evidence at the individual instrument level may not yet be available, the financial instruments are grouped on the following basis:

- Nature of financial instruments (i.e. the Group's trade and other receivables, are each assessed as a separate group. Loans to associates and joint ventures are assessed for ECL on an individual basis);
- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

### 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

預期信貸虧損之計量為違約概率、違約虧損 (即違約時虧損程度)及違約時風險之函數。 違約概率及違約虧損之評估乃基於歷史數據 按前瞻性資料作調整。預期信貸虧損之估算 反映以各自發生違約之風險作加權釐定之公 正及概率加權金額。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損為集團根據合約應 收之所有合約現金流量與集團預期收取之所 有現金流量之間之差額,按初步確認時釐定 之實際利率貼現。就應收租賃而言,為釐定 預期信貸虧損所用之現金流量與計量應收租 賃所用之現金流量一致。

就財務擔保合約而言,根據擔保工具條款, 集團僅須於債務人違約時作出付款。因此, 預計虧損為補償持有人蒙受信貸虧損之預計 款項之現值減集團預期自持有人、債務人或 任何其他方收取之任何金額。

就無法釐定實際利率之財務擔保合約之預期 信貸虧損而言,集團將應用反映市場當時所 評估之貨幣時間價值及現金流量之獨有風險 之貼現率,惟僅在透過調整貼現率而非調整 貼現現金差額之方式計及風險之情況下,方 會應用有關貼現率。

倘預期信貸虧損按集體基準計量或迎合個別 工具層面之證據未必存在之情況,則金融工 具按以下基準進行分組:

- 金融工具之性質(即集團之應收貿易賬 款及其他應收款項作為單獨組別進行評估。 貸款予聯營公司及合營公司按個別基準進行 預期信貸虧損評估);
- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人之性質、規模及行業;及
- 外部信貸評級(如有)。

管理層定期檢討分組,以確保各組別之組成 部分繼續具有類似信貸風險特徵。

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset

For financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowances are recognised at the higher of the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9; and the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amount of income recognised over the guarantee period.

Except for financial guarantee contracts, the Group recognises reversal of impairment or impairment loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables, where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

### **Derecognition of financial assets**

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to accumulated profits.

### Financial liabilities and equity

## Classification of debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

利息收入乃根據金融資產之賬面總值計算, 除非金融資產發生信貸減值,則在此情況 下,利息收入乃根據金融資產之攤銷成本 計算。

就財務擔保合約而言,虧損撥備按根據香港 財務報告準則第9號釐定之虧損撥備或初步確 認之金額減(如適用)於擔保期間確認之累計 收入款項(以較高者為準)確認。

除財務擔保合約外,集團透過調整所有金融 工具之賬面值於損益確認減值撥回或減值虧 損,惟應收貿易賬款透過虧損撥備賬確認相 應調整除外。

### 剔除確認金融資產

僅於對資產現金流量之合約權利屆滿或集團 將金融資產及該資產擁有權之絕大部分風險 及回報轉移至另一實體時,集團方會剔除確 認該金融資產。倘集團既無轉移亦無保留已 轉讓資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報,並 繼續控制已轉讓資產,集團則確認於該資產 之保留權益及可能須支付之相關負債。倘集 團保留已轉讓金融資產擁有權之絕大部分風 險及回報,則將繼續確認該金融資產,並就 已收所得款項確認有抵押借貸。

於剔除確認按攤銷成本計量之金融資產時, 資產賬面值與已收及應收代價之差額會於損 益確認。

當剔除確認集團選擇於初步確認時以按公平 值計入其他全面收益計量之股本工具投資 時,過往累計於投資重估儲備之累計盈虧不 會被重新分類至損益,而是轉撥至累計溢利。

### 金融負債及權益

## 負債或權益之分類

債務及股本工具乃按合約安排之性質以及金 融負債及股本工具之定義而分類為金融負債 或權益。

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### **Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### **Financial liabilities**

All financial liabilities, except for derivative financial liabilities, are subsequently measured at amortised costs, using the effective interest method.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including bank and other loans, trade payables, deposits received, advances from non-controlling shareholders, advances from joint ventures and club debentures are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. Club debentures were issued to members at the principal amount and is recognised initially at fair value. The difference between the initial fair value and the principal amount is recognised as deferred income. Deferred income is recognised to profit or loss over the terms of debentures.

## **Financial guarantee contracts**

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are measured initially at their fair values. It is subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9; and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amount of income recognised over the guarantee period.

### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 股本工具

股本工具指能證明實體經扣除其所有負債後 之資產剩餘權益之任何合約。本公司發行之 股本工具按已收所得款項扣除直接發行成本 後確認。

### 金融負債

除衍生金融負債外,所有金融負債其後以實 際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

### 按攤銷成本計量之金融負債

金融負債(包括銀行及其他貸款、應付貿易賬 款、已收按金、非控股股東之墊款、合營公司 之墊款及會所債券)其後以實際利率法按攤銷 成本計量。會所債券按本金額發行予會員, 及初始按公平值確認。初始公平值與本金額 之間的差額確認為遞延收入。遞延收入按債 券年期於損益內確認。

### 財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約乃規定發出人向持有人支付指 定金額,以補償持有人由於指定欠債人未能 根據債務工具條款於到期時付款而蒙受之 損失之合約。財務擔保合約初步按公平值計 量,其後以下列各項之較高者計量:

- 根據香港財務報告準則第9號釐定之虧 損撥備金額;及
- 初步確認之金額減(如適用)於擔保期間 確認之累計收入款項。

### 剔除確認金融負債

集團於及僅於集團之責任解除、取消或屆滿 時剔除確認金融負債。被剔除確認之金融負 債賬面值與已付及應付代價間之差額於損益 確認。

#### RETIREMENT BENEFIT COSTS

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes/statemanaged retirement benefits schemes/the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

### **SHARE-BASED PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS**

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

For share options that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated profits. Regarding to the share options of the subsidiary, when share options are exercised after the vesting date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve of a subsidiary will be transferred to share of net assets of subsidiaries within non-controlling interests.

### **GOVERNMENT GRANTS/SUBSIDIES**

Grants/subsidies from the government are recognised at their fair values where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant/subsidies will be received and the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Government grants/subsidies relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate. Government grants/subsidies relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are deducted from the cost of the property, plant and equipment.

### **DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION**

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the financial period when the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders/directors, where appropriate.

## 退休福利成本

界定供款退休福利計劃/國家管理退休福利計 劃/強制性公積金計劃之供款於僱員提供使其 有權獲得供款之服務時確認為支出。

## 以股份為基礎之付款安排

向僱員及其他提供類似服務之人士作出以權 益結算以股份為基礎之付款按股本工具於授 出日期之公平值計量。

對於授出當日立即歸屬之股份期權,所授股 份期權公平值即時於損益支銷。

行使股份期權時,先前於股份期權儲備確認 之金額會轉撥至股份溢價。倘若股份期權於 歸屬日期後被沒收或於到期日仍未行使,則 先前於股份期權儲備確認之金額將會轉撥至 累計溢利。就附屬公司之股份期權而言,當 股份期權於歸屬日期後行使,先前於附屬公 司股份期權儲備中確認之金額將轉撥至非控 股權益內之分佔附屬公司資產淨值。

## 政府補助/補貼

倘能夠合理確定集團將收取政府補助/補貼及 集團將符合所有附帶條件,即按其公平值確 認政府補助/補貼。與成本有關之政府補助/ 補貼遞延至補助/補貼與擬補償成本需予配對 之期間內,在損益確認。與購買物業、廠房及 設備有關的政府補助/補貼自物業、廠房及設 備之成本中扣除。

## 股息分派

向本公司股東分派之股息於本公司股東/董事 (如適當)批准派發股息之財務期間內在財務 報表中確認為負債。

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## **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS** AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Group has considered the existing and potential impacts arising from the COVID-19 when preparing the consolidated financial statements. Assumptions and estimate are based on circumstances and conditions available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared and in particular, assumed that the current market condition as a result of the COVID-19 is not a long-term norm. Given the severity, duration and economic consequences of the COVID-19 are uncertain, actual results may differ significantly from those assumptions and estimates. The Group will remain alert and cautious on the ongoing development of COVID-19 that may cause further volatility and uncertainty in the global financial market, economy and business environment, and will take necessary measures to address the impact arising therefrom.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

## CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING **POLICIES**

The followings are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimation, that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

# 4 主要會計判斷及估計不明 朗因素之主要來源

於應用載於附註3之集團會計政策時,本公司 董事須就從其他來源並不顯而易見之資產及 負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。估計及 相關假設乃根據過往經驗及認為相關之其他 因素作出。實際結果可能與此等估計有異。

集團在編製綜合財務報表時,已考慮新型冠 狀病毒疫情現時及可能產生之影響。作出假 設及估計時,乃以編製綜合財務報表當時之 情況及條件為依據,尤其假設新型冠狀病毒 疫情形成之市場現狀並非長期常態。鑒於新 型冠狀病毒疫情之嚴重程度、持續時間及經 濟後果仍為未知之數,實際結果可能與假設 及估計之結果差距甚遠。集團將對新型冠狀 病毒疫情持續發展而可能導致全球金融市 場、經濟及營商環境的進一步動盪及不確定 性保持警覺及謹慎,並將採取必要措施以應 對由此產生之影響。

估計及相關假設按持續基準審閱。會計估計 修訂於修訂估計期間內(倘修訂僅影響該期 間)或於修訂及未來期間內(倘修訂影響當前 及未來期間)確認。

### 應用會計政策時之主要判斷

以下為本公司董事在應用集團會計政策時曾 作出之主要判斷(涉及估計者除外),而有關 判斷對於綜合財務報表所確認之金額具有最 重大影響。

### **Deferred taxation on investment properties**

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors of the Company have reviewed the investment property portfolio of the Group and concluded that none of the investment properties are held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time. Therefore, the directors of the Company have determined that the "sale" presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is not rebutted. The Group has not recognised any deferred taxes on changes in fair value of investment properties to the extent in which the disposal of those investment properties are not subject to income taxes.

The directors of the Company also determined the investment properties held by a joint venture whose business objective is to consume substantively all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, the directors of the Company have determined that the "sale" presumption set out in HKAS 12 is rebutted.

### **KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY**

Management had made the following estimations that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements and a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

### Fair value of investment properties

Investment properties are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021 at their fair value of HK\$15,075.2 million (2020: HK\$14,766.5 million) (Note 15). The fair value was based on valuation of these properties conducted by independent firms of professional valuers (the "Valuers"). In determining the fair values of the Group's investment properties, the Valuers applied a market value basis which involves, inter-alia, significant unobservable inputs and significant judgements, representing appropriate market rent, capitalisation rates and adjusted market price that has taken into account of propertyspecific adjustments including location and timing of referenced transactions. In determining the fair values of the Group's investment properties under construction, the Valuers applied a market value basis which involves, inter-alia, significant unobservable inputs and significant judgements, representing appropriate market rent, capitalisation rates, estimated construction costs to be incurred and developer's profit. The management of the Company has reviewed the valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements.

### 投資物業之遞延税項

於計量按公平值模式計量之投資物業所產生 之遞延税項負債時,本公司董事已審閱集團 之投資物業組合,且總結並無投資物業以旨 在透過隨時間使用該等投資物業所包含之絕 大部分經濟利益之業務模式持有。因此,本 公司董事已確定,採用公平值模式計量之投 資物業賬面值可透過銷售全數收回之「銷售」 假定並無被駁回。就出售不會引致所得税之 投資物業而言,集團並無就該等物業之公平 值變動確認任何遞延税項。

本公司董事亦已釐定合營公司所持有之投資 物業,其業務目標為透過隨時間使用該等投 資物業所包含之絕大部分經濟利益,而非透 過出售實現。因此,本公司董事已確定,香港 會計準則第12號所載之「銷售」假定被駁回。

## 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

管理層已作出下列對綜合財務報表已確認金 額具有最重大影響,且極可能導致須對資產 與負債於下一財政年度之賬面值作出重大調 整之估計。

### 投資物業之公平值

於2021年3月31日在綜合財務狀況表列賬之投 資物業之公平值為15,075.2百萬港元(2020年: 14,766.5百萬港元)(附註15)。公平值乃按獨立 專業估值師行(「估值師」)對該等物業進行之 估值計算得出。於釐定集團投資物業之公平 值時,估值師應用市值基準,當中涉及(其中 包括)重大不可觀察輸入數據及重大判斷,即 合適市場租金、資本化率及已計及特定物業 調整(包括參考交易之地點及時間)之經調整 市場價格。於釐定集團在建投資物業之公平 值時,估值師應用市值基準,當中涉及(其中 包括)重大不可觀察輸入數據及重大判斷,即 合適市場租金、資本化率、將予產生之估計 建築成本及發展商溢利。本公司管理層已審 閱公平值計量之估值方法及輸入數據。

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As at 31 March 2021, the fair value of the investment properties held by a joint venture amounted to HK\$24,057.0 million (2020: HK\$22,212.7 million) (Note 19) and the Group's share of the value of the investment properties amounted to HK\$12,028.5 million (2020: HK\$11,106.4 million). The valuation of such investment properties was conducted by an independent firm of professional valuers (the "Valuer"). In determining the fair value of the joint venture's investment properties, the Valuer applied a market value basis which involves, inter-alia, significant unobservable inputs and significant judgements, representing appropriate rentals and capitalisation rates.

### Properties held for/under development for sale

Management reviews the recoverability of the Group's properties held for/under development for sale amounting to HK\$3,064.0 million (2020: HK\$3,297.6 million) (Note 23) with reference to current market environment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may exceed its net realisable value. Write-down for estimated irrecoverable amounts is recognised in profit or loss when the net realisable value is below cost. The estimates of net realisable value are based on the evidence available at the time the estimates are made of the amount the properties held for/under development for sale that are expected to realise. Actual realised amount may differ from estimates or changes in facts and circumstances may result in downward revision of estimated net realisable value of these properties held for/under development for sale and additional writedown may be required.

### **Interests in joint ventures**

The Group determines whether interests in joint ventures are impaired by regularly review whether there are any indicators of impairment of the investments by reference to the requirements under HKAS 28 (2011) "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" and HKAS 36. For investments where impairment indicators exist, management estimated the recoverable amounts of the investments, being higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

The measurement of ECL of the loans to joint ventures is measured as either 12-month ECL or lifetime ECL, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, through the management's critical assessment on the recoverable amounts based on cash flows from underlying assets, the actual and expected changes in business performance and general market default rate. If a significant increase in credit risk of a receivable has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime ECL.

於2021年3月31日,由一家合營公司持有之投 資物業之公平值為24,057.0百萬港元(2020年: 22,212.7百萬港元)(附註19),而集團所分佔之 投資物業價值為12,028.5百萬港元(2020年: 11,106.4百萬港元)。該等投資物業之估值由 獨立專業估值師行(「估值師」) 進行。於釐定 合營公司投資物業之公平值時,估值師應用 市值基準,當中涉及(其中包括)重大不可觀 察輸入數據及重大判斷,即合適租金及資本 化率。

### 供出售待發展/發展中物業

管理層參考現時市況中顯示資產之賬面值可 能超逾其可變現淨值之事宜或變動,審閱集 團金額為3,064.0百萬港元(2020年: 3,297.6百萬 港元)(附註23)之供出售待發展/發展中物業 之可收回程度。估計不可收回金額之撇減, 乃於可變現淨值低於成本時於損益確認。可 變現淨值之估計乃按照當時可得之供出售待 發展/發展中物業之預期估計變現金額之實據 而作出。實際變現金額或會與估計不同,或 事實與情況有變可能致使該等供出售待發展 /發展中物業之估計可變現淨值向下調整,並 須作額外之撇減。

### 合營公司之權益

集團根據香港會計準則第28號(2011)「聯營公 司及合營公司之投資」及香港會計準則第36號 之要求,定期審視投資是否出現任何減值跡 象,從而釐定合營公司權益有否減值。對於 存在減值指標的投資,管理層已估計有關投 資之可收回金額,即公平值減出售成本與使 用價值兩者中之較高者。

貸款予合營公司之預期信貸虧損按12個月預 期信貸虧損或使用年期內之預期信貸虧損 計量,取決於管理層基於相關資產之現金流 量、業務表現之實際及預期變動及整體市場 違約率對可收回金額作出之關鍵評估而釐定 自初始確認後信貸風險有否顯著增加。倘應 收款項自初始確認後信貸風險顯著增加,則 減值按使用年期內之預期信貸虧損計量。

#### 收入及分部資料 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 5 5

The Group is organised into five operating divisions: property development, property investment, services provided (clubs operation, transportation and property management services), hotel operations and healthcare. Each of the operating divisions represents an operating and reportable segment.

集團分為五個營運部門:物業發展、物業投 資、配套服務(會所業務、運輸及物業管理服 務)、酒店業務及醫療保健。各營運部門均代 表一個營運及可呈報分部。

## (i) DISAGGREGATION OF REVENUE

## (i) 收入分類

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

		Property development 物業發展 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Services provided 配套服務 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Hotel operations 酒店業務 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Healthcare 醫療保健 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Types of goods or services: Sales of properties Hotel revenue Provision of healthcare services Other services rendered	貨品或服務種類: 銷售物業 酒店收入 提供醫療保健服務 提供其他服務	2,766.1 - - 13.3	- - - 29.4	- - - 397.5	- 1 <b>24.4</b> - -	- - 132.8 -	2,766.1 124.4 132.8 440.2
Revenue from contracts with customers Rental income	來自客戶合約之 收入 租金收入	2,779.4 5.5	29.4 473.3	397.5 -	124.4 -	132.8 -	3,463.5 478.8
Consolidated revenue, as reported  Geographical markets:	綜合收入,如呈報 地區市場:	2,784.9	502.7	397.5	124.4	132.8	3,942.3
Hong Kong and Macau Mainland China Japan South East Asia	香港及澳門 中國內地 日本 東南亞	1,558.7 1,183.2 - 43.0	446.0 - 56.7 -	397.5 - - -	104.1 - - 20.3	132.8 - - -	2,639.1 1,183.2 56.7 63.3
Total	總計	2,784.9	502.7	397.5	124.4	132.8	3,942.3
<b>Timing of revenue recognition:</b> A point in time Over time	<b>收入確認時間:</b> 於某個時間點 隨時間	2,766.1 13.3	- 29.4	294.4 103.1	58.8 65.6	132.8	3,252.1 211.4
Total	總計	2,779.4	29.4	397.5	124.4	132.8	3,463.5

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

For the year ended 31 March 2020 截至2020年3月31日止年度

		似王2020年3月31日正千反					
		Property development	Property investment	Services provided	Hotel operations	Healthcare	Total
		物業發展	物業投資	配套服務	酒店業務	醫療保健	總計
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Types of goods or services:	貨品或服務種類:						
Sales of properties	銷售物業	3,210.3	-	-	-	-	3,210.3
Hotel revenue	酒店收入	-	-	-	264.4	-	264.4
Provision of healthcare services	提供醫療保健服務	-	-	-	-	258.9	258.9
Other services rendered	提供其他服務	7.8	28.3	422.2	-	-	458.3
Revenue from contracts with	來自客戶合約之						
customers	收入	3,218.1	28.3	422.2	264.4	258.9	4,191.9
Rental income	租金收入	4.7	499.9	-	-	-	504.6
Consolidated revenue, as reported	綜合收入,如呈報	3,222.8	528.2	422.2	264.4	258.9	4,696.5
Geographical markets:	地區市場:						
Hong Kong and Macau	香港及澳門	7.6	471.8	422.2	153.2	151.2	1,206.0
Mainland China	中國內地	3,210.3	0.5	-	-	-	3,210.8
Japan	日本	-	55.9	-	-	-	55.9
South East Asia	東南亞	4.9	-	-	111.2	107.7	223.8
Total	總計	3,222.8	528.2	422.2	264.4	258.9	4,696.5
Timing of revenue recognition:	收入確認時間:						
A point in time	於某個時間點	3,210.3	-	317.0	126.3	258.9	3,912.5
Over time	隨時間	7.8	28.3	105.2	138.1	-	279.4
Total	總計	3,218.1	28.3	422.2	264.4	258.9	4,191.9

## (ii) PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS FOR CONTRACTS **WITH CUSTOMERS**

### **Property development**

Revenue from sales of residential properties is recognised at a point in time when the completed property is transferred to customers, being at the point that the customer obtains the control of the completed property and the Group has present right to payment and collection of the consideration is probable.

The Group receives 5% to 70% of the contract value as deposits from customers when they sign the sale and purchase agreement. However, depending on market conditions, the Group may offer customers a discount compared to the listed sales price, provided that the customers agree to pay the balance of the consideration early while construction is still ongoing. Such advance payment schemes result in contract liabilities being recognised throughout the property construction period for the full amount of the contract price.

The Group considers the advance payment schemes contain significant financing component and accordingly the amount of consideration is adjusted for the effects of the time value of money taking into consideration the credit characteristics of the Group. As this accrual increases the amount of the contract liability during the period of construction, it increases the amount of revenue recognised when control of the completed property is transferred to the customer.

The Group applies the practical expedient of expensing all incremental costs to obtain a contract if these costs would otherwise have been fully amortised to profit or loss within one year.

## **Property management**

Revenue from property management represents charge-out collections, which consist of payments in respect of the operation of the properties which are payable by the tenants, are recognised over time using output method when the services and facilities are provided. The Group applied the practical expedient in HKFRS 15 by recognising revenue in the amount to which the Group has right to invoice, since the Group is entitled to bill a fixed amount in advance for each month according to the terms of the relevant agreements. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

## (ii) 來自客戶合約之履約責任

### 物業發展

來自銷售住宅物業的收入於已落成物業轉移 予客戶的時間點確認,即於該時間點客戶獲 得已落成物業的控制權且集團獲得現時收款 權並很可能收回代價。

集團在客戶簽署買賣協議時向其收取合約價 值之5%至70%作為按金。然而,視乎市況,集 團可向客戶提供與發佈銷售價相比的折扣, 惟客戶須同意於物業在建期間提前支付代價 結餘。該等預付款計劃導致於整個物業建築 期確認有關合約價格全款的合約負債。

集團認為該等預付款計劃包含重大融資成 分,因此經考慮集團的信貸特徵,集團就貨 幣時間價值的影響而調整代價金額。由於該 應計款項增加於施工期間的合約負債金額, 其增加於已落成物業控制權轉讓予客戶時確 認的收入金額。

倘所有取得合約的增加成本原可在一年內悉 數於損益攤銷,則集團會採用可行權宜方法 支銷該等成本。

### 物業管理

物業管理收入指代收費用(包括應由租戶支付 之物業營運款項),於提供服務及設施時隨時 間以輸出法確認。由於根據相關協議條款, 集團有權每月提前發出固定金額的賬單,故 集團應用香港財務報告準則第15號中的可行 權宜方法,確認集團有權開具發票的金額之 收入。如香港財務報告準則第15號所批准, 分配至未達成合約之交易價格總額並未披露。

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

#### **Transportation**

Revenue from provision of various transportation services in Discovery Bay, including ferry, land transport and tunnel operation, is recognised when the related services are provided.

#### **Clubs operation**

Revenue from using the club facilities in Discovery Bay by customers is recognised over time during the period in which the customers are entitled to use the facilities.

Revenue from sales of food and beverage and various services provided in the clubs in Discovery Bay is generally recognised at point in time when the good and service are provided.

#### **Hotel operations**

Hotel revenue from the room rental is recognised over time during the period of stay for the hotel guests using output method. Revenue from sales of food and beverage and other ancillary services provided is generally recognised at point in time when the goods and services are provided.

#### Healthcare

Revenue from healthcare services is recognised when the related services are provided.

Other than property development, all the services income are for periods of one year or less. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to the unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

### (iii) TRANSACTION PRICE ALLOCATED TO THE REMAINING PERFORMANCE OBLIGATION FOR PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT CONTRACT WITH **CUSTOMERS**

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

#### 交通運輸

於愉景灣提供多項交通運輸服務,包括渡 輪、陸路交通及隧道營運之收入於提供相關 服務時確認。

#### 會所業務

客戶於愉景灣使用會所設施之收入於客戶有 權使用設施期間隨時間確認。

來自於愉景灣之餐飲銷售及於會所提供多項 服務之收入一般於提供貨品及服務時的某個 時間點確認。

#### 酒店業務

來自租賃房間之酒店收入於酒店客人入住期 間以輸出法隨時間確認。來自餐飲銷售及提 供其他配套服務之收入一般於提供貨品及服 務時的某個時間點確認。

#### 醫療保健

醫療保健服務收入於提供相關服務時確認。

除物業發展外,所有服務收入為期一年或更 短。根據香港財務報告準則第15號所批准, 分配至未達成合約之交易價格並未披露。

### (iii) 分配至來自物業發展客戶合約之 餘下履約責任的交易價格

於2021年3月31日及2020年3月31日分配至餘 下履約責任(未達成或部分未達成)的交易價 格及預期確認收入時間列載如下:

#### Sales of properties 銷售物業 2021 2020 HK\$'M HK\$'M 百萬港元 百萬港元 一年內 Within one year 767.8 1,908.7 一年以上 Over one year 55.2 767.8 1,963.9

These amounts disclosed above do not include transaction price allocated to performance obligations which have been satisfied but not yet recognised due to variable consideration constraint.

上文所披露之該等金額不包括因可變代價限 制已達成但尚未確認之分配至履約責任的交 易價格。

#### **OPERATING SEGMENTS**

### **Segment information**

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating and reportable segments for the year:

### 營運分部

### 分部資料

以下為根據營運及可呈報分部分析本年度集 團之收入及業績:

		Property development 物業發展 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Services provided 配套服務 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Hotel operations 酒店業務 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Healthcare 醫療保健 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$'M 百萬港元
For the year ended 31 March 2021	截至2021年 3月31日止年度						
Revenue Segment revenue – sales to external customers derived by the Group, an associate and joint ventures	收入 分部收入-集團、 聯營公司及合營 公司對外部客戶 之銷售額	2.015.6	2 170 0	207 5	124.4	132.8	E 041 1
Excluding revenue of an associate and joint ventures		3,015.6	2,170.8	397.5	124.4	132.8	5.841.1 (1.898.8)
Consolidated revenue, as reported	綜合收入,如呈報	2,784.9	502.7	397.5	124.4	132.8	3,942.3
Results Segment results – total realised results of the Group, associates and joint ventures (note a)  Excluding realised results of associates and joint ventures not shared by	聯營公司及合營 公司之已變現業 績總額(附註a)	729.8	765.9	90.3	(88.0)	11.3	1,509.3
the Group	合營公司之 已變現業績	6.0	(226.7)	_	_	_	(220.7)
Results attributable to the Group	集團應佔業績	735.8	539.2	90.3	(88.0)	11.3	1,288.6
Unallocated other income Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs and corporate level exchange difference Net unrealised gains on fair value	未分配其他收入 未分配公司費用 財務費用及公司 層面之匯兑差額 投資物業公平值變						91.5 (196.4) (70.4)
change of investment properties (note b)  Net unrealised losses on fair value change of investment properties attributable to the Group's interest in a joint venture, net of deferred tax	動之未變現收 淨團應投公之權動 於公文權動 之未變,項 報題 就 之 未 額 稅						20.7
Profit for the year Non-controlling shareholders' share of profit for the year	本年度溢利 非控股股東分佔 本年度溢利						1,128.6
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度溢利						897.3

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

		Property development 物業發展 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Services provided 配套服務 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Hotel operations 酒店業務 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Healthcare 醫療保健 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$'M 百萬港元
For the year ended 31 March 2020  Revenue	截至2020年 3月31日止年度 <b>收入</b>						
Segment revenue – sales to external customers derived by the Group, an associate and joint ventures	分部收入-集團、 聯營公司及合營 公司對外部客戶						
Excluding revenue of an associate and joint ventures	之銷售額 豁除聯營公司及 合營公司之收入	4,301.0 (1,078.2)	2,164.7 (1,636.5)	422.2	264.4	258.9	7,411.2
Consolidated revenue, as reported	綜合收入,如呈報	3,222.8	528.2	422.2	264.4	258.9	4,696.5
Results	業績	5,222.0	320.2	722,2	201.1		
Segment results – total realised results of the Group, associates and joint ventures (note a)		875.2	755.5	39.5	(32.8)	150.2	1,787.6
Excluding realised results of associates and joint ventures not shared by the Group	豁除非集團分佔 聯營公司及 合營公司之 已變現業績	(113.1)	(211.7)	_	_	_	(324.8)
Results attributable to the Group	集團應佔業績	762.1	543.8	39.5	(32.8)	150.2	1,462.8
Unallocated other income	未分配其他收入						62.0
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配公司費用						(174.3)
Finance costs and corporate level exchange difference Gain on revaluation of certain	財務費用及公司 層面之匯兑差額 若干物業由持作						(212.0)
properties upon transfer from properties held for sale and properties under development for	石下初来田村作 出售物業及供 出售發展中物業 轉撥至投資物業						
sale to investment properties  Net unrealised gains on fair value change of investment properties	時之重估收益 投資物業公平值變 動之未變現收益						248.5
(note b)  Net unrealised gains on fair value change of investment properties attributable to the Group's interest in a joint venture, net of deferred tax	淨額(附註b) 集團應佔會營權 於公學種 之之變現收益淨 額,扣除遞延 税項						133.3
Profit for the year	本年度溢利						1,684.3
Non-controlling shareholders' share of profit for the year							(59.7)
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度溢利						1,624.6

#### Notes:

- (a) The segment results of the Group include the entire results of associates and joint ventures, excluding the net unrealised gains or losses on fair value change of investment properties net of deferred tax arising from change in fair value.
- (b) The net unrealised gains on fair value change of investment properties for the year ended 31 March 2021 of HK\$20.7 million (2020: HK\$133.3 million) represented the unrealised gains on fair value change of investment properties of HK\$20.0 million (2020: HK\$144.1 million) net of deferred tax credit arising from change in fair value of HK\$0.7 million (2020: deferred tax charge of HK\$10.8 million).

Segment profit/(loss) represents the profit earned by/(loss from) each segment without allocation of unallocated other income, unallocated corporate expenses, finance costs and corporate level exchange difference, gain on revaluation of certain properties upon transfer from properties held for sale and properties under development for sale to investment properties, net unrealised gains on fair value change of investment properties and net unrealised gains/(losses) on fair value change of investment properties attributable to the Group's interests in a joint venture, net of deferred tax. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

All of the segment revenue reported above is from external customers.

No analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating and reportable segments is disclosed as they are not reviewed by the chief operating decision maker nor otherwise regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker for review.

#### 附註:

- (a) 集團之分部業績包括聯營公司及合營公司之全部業 績總額,豁除投資物業公平值變動之未變現收益或虧 損淨額,並扣除因公平值變動所產生之遞延税項。
- (b) 截至2021年3月31日止年度,投資物業公平值變動 之未變現收益淨額為20.7百萬港元(2020年:133.3百萬 港元),指投資物業公平值變動之未變現收益20.0百萬 港元(2020年:144.1百萬港元)扣除因公平值變動而產 生之遞延税項抵免0.7百萬港元(2020年:遞延税項支出 10.8百萬港元)。

分部溢利/(虧損)指各分部賺取之溢利/(產生 之虧損),不計入分配未分配其他收入、未分 配公司費用、財務費用及公司層面之匯兑差 額、若干物業由持作出售物業及供出售發展 中物業轉撥至投資物業時之重估收益、投資 物業公平值變動之未變現收益淨額以及集團 應佔合營公司於投資物業權益之公平值變動 之未變現收益/(虧損)淨額,扣除遞延税項。 此乃就資源分配及表現評估向主要營運決策 者報告之措施。

以上呈報之所有分部收入均來自外部客戶。

集團並無披露按營運及可呈報分部劃分之資 產及負債之分析,因為有關分析並非由主要 營運決策者檢討或定期提供予主要營運決策 者作檢討。

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### Other segment information

### 其他分部資料

		Property development 物業發展 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Services provided 配套服務 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Hotel operations 酒店業務 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Healthcare 醫療保健 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Unallocated amounts 未分配金額 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$′M 百萬港元
For the year ended 31 March 2021	截至 <b>2021</b> 年3月31日 止年度							
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss:	計量分部損益 所包括之金額:							
Revenue from inter-segment sales*	分部間之銷售收入*	_	(1.9)	(5.0)	(0.3)	_	_	(7.2)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment								
	折舊	23.4	18.2	48.5	71.6	6.0	11.4	179.1
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	3.9	-	1.3	-	13.6	3.4	22.2
Impairment loss reversed on loans to joint	撥回貸款予合營公司							
ventures	之減值虧損	-	(0.3)	-	-	-	-	(0.3)
Impairment loss on investments in debt	按攤銷成本計量之							
instruments measured at amortised cost	債務工具投資之							
	減值虧損	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.2
Net losses on financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之							
	金融資產虧損淨額	-	-	-	-	-	2.9	2.9
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及							
equipment	設備之(收益)/虧損	(0.3)	2.3	0.6	-	0.4	-	3.0
Interest income	利息收入	(33.4)	-	-	(0.2)	(0.2)	(16.3)	(50.1)
Finance costs	財務費用	1.8	3.2	2.0	-	0.7	80.6	88.3
Income tax charge/(credit)	所得税支出/(抵免)	479.5	11.6	(0.1)	(0.7)	1.3	20.5	512.1
Share of results of associates	分佔聯營公司業績	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
Share of results of joint ventures	分佔合營公司業績	0.7	(226.7)	_	-	-	5.4	(220.6)

		Property development 物業發展 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Services provided 配套服務 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Hotel operations 酒店業務 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Healthcare 醫療保健 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Unallocated amounts 未分配金額 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$'M 百萬港元
For the year ended 31 March 2020	截至2020年3月31日 止年度							
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss:	計量分部損益 所包括之金額:							
Revenue from inter-segment sales*  Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	分部間之銷售收入*物業、廠房及設備之	-	(1.1)	(11.1)	(0.1)	-	-	(12.3)
	折舊	20.8	20.2	44.7	65.5	7.4	10.3	168.9
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	0.2	4.3	1.6	-	15.8	0.3	22.2
Impairment loss on loans to joint ventures	貸款予合營公司之							
	減值虧損	-	0.7	-	-	-	-	0.7
Impairment loss on investments in debt	按攤銷成本計量之							
instruments measured at amortised cost	債務工具投資之							
	減值虧損	-	=	=	-	-	0.3	0.3
Impairment loss on other receivables	其他應收款項之							
	減值虧損	-	-	-	-	3.7	-	3.7
Impairment loss on property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之							
equipment	減值虧損	-	=	=	-	3.3	-	3.3
Net gains on financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之							
	金融資產收益淨額	-	-	-	-	-	(48.3)	(48.3)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	-	-	-	-	(182.5)	-	(182.5)
Loss/(gain) on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及							
equipment	設備之虧損/(收益)	-	0.5	(0.2)	-	-	0.1	0.4
Interest income	利息收入	(21.1)	(12.0)	-	(0.9)	-	(24.3)	(58.3)
Finance costs	財務費用	27.6	3.4	2.4	-	2.3	236.1	271.8
Income tax charge	所得税支出	655.3	139.7	4.0	2.8	19.8	16.1	837.7
Share of results of associates	分佔聯營公司業績	0.2	(0.1)	-	-	-	-	0.1
Share of results of joint ventures	分佔合營公司業績	(131.2)	(211.4)	-	-	-	(164.0)	(506.6)

<sup>\*</sup> Inter-segment sales are entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements, if \* 分部間之銷售乃根據規管該等交易之有關協議(如 any, governing those transactions, in which the pricing was determined with reference 有)進行,交易價格乃參照現行市價或實際產生成本 to prevailing market price or actual cost incurred, as appropriate.

### Revenue from major products and services

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue from its major products and services:

## 主要產品及服務之收入

以下為集團主要產品及服務之收入分析:

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Sales of properties	銷售物業	2,766.1	3,210.3
Rental income	租金收入	478.8	504.6
Hotel revenue	酒店收入	124.4	264.4
Provision of healthcare services	提供醫療保健服務	132.8	258.9
Other services rendered	提供其他服務	440.2	458.3
		3,942.3	4,696.5

<sup>(</sup>視乎適用情況而定)釐定。

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#### **Geographical information**

For each of the years ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020, the Group's operations are located in Hong Kong and Macau, mainland China, Japan and South East Asia.

The Group's revenue from external customers based on the location of properties and goods delivered or services rendered, and location of properties in the case of rental income, and information about its noncurrent assets by geographical location of the assets are detailed below:

#### 地區資料

截至2021年3月31日及2020年3月31日止各年 度,集團之業務位於香港及澳門、中國內地、 日本及東南亞。

集團來自外部客戶(以物業、交付貨品或提供 服務之所在地為基準,就租金收入而言,以 物業所在地為基準)之收入及有關其按資產地 理位置劃分之非流動資產資料之詳情如下:

		external c 來自外部客	Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶之收入		irrent note a) €(附註a)
		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Hong Kong and Macau Mainland China Japan South East Asia (note b)	香港及澳門 中國內地 日本 東南亞(附註b)	2,639.1 1,183.2 56.7 63.3	1,206.0 3,210.8 55.9 223.8	15,904.0 3,511.8 1,125.1 1,789.9	15,747.0 2,758.8 1,157.1 840.0
South East Asia (note b)	来肖显(附註0)	3,942.3	4,696.5	22,330.8	20,502.9

- (a) Non-current assets excluded those related to financial instruments and deferred tax
- (b) Revenue from respective country within "South East Asia" contributed less than 10% of the Group's revenue.

#### Information about major customers

The revenue from individual customer contributed less than 10% of the total revenue of the Group for both years.

#### 附註:

- (a) 非流動資產不包括金融工具及遞延税項資產。
- (b) 來自東南亞個別國家之收入少於集團收入之10%。

#### 有關主要客戶之資料

於上述兩個年度,來自單個客戶之收入少於 集團總收入之10%。

### **6 OTHER INCOME**

# 6 其他收入

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Bank and other interest income	銀行及其他利息收入	50.1	58.3
Other income (note)	其他收入(附註)	246.1	109.9
		296.2	168.2

Note: Included in other income are government grants and subsidies of HK\$149.3 million (2020: HK\$41.1 million) recognised by the Group during the year, which are mainly contributed by the Employment Support Scheme, Anti-epidemic Fund, 5-year Special Helping Measures and other government subsidies that compensate the Group for staff costs and other expenses incurred.

附註:其他收入包括集團於年內確認之政府補助及補 貼149.3百萬港元(2020年:41.1百萬港元),主要來自「保 就業」計劃、防疫抗疫基金、為期五年的特別協助措施 及政府之其他補貼,以補償集團已產生之員工成本及 其他支出。

### 7 OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

### 7 其他收益及虧損

		2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Other gains/(losses) include the following:	其他收益/(虧損)包括下列各項:		
Net gain on deregistration of subsidiaries Net foreign exchange gain/(loss) Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment Net (loss)/gain on financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之金融資產之	77.2 11.9 (3.0)	16.8 (11.1) (0.4) (3.3)
	淨(虧損)/收益	83.2	50.3
Impairment losses under ECL model, net of reversal, include the following: Impairment loss reversed/(recognised) on loans to joint ventures Impairment loss on investments in debt	預期信貸虧損模式下之減值虧損 (扣除撥回)包括下列各項: 撥回/(確認)貸款予合營公司 之減值虧損 按攤銷成本計量之債務工具	0.3	(0.7)
instruments measured at amortised cost Impairment loss on other receivables	投資之減值虧損 其他應收款項之減值虧損	(0.2)	(0.3)
impairment loss on other receivables	不 10 /2 74 /3 14 /	83.3	45.6

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### **FINANCE COSTS**

### 8 財務費用

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元 ————————————————————————————————————	百萬港元
Interests on	下列各項之利息		
Bank and other loans	銀行及其他貸款	95.3	205.6
Advances from non-controlling shareholders	非控股股東墊款	19.8	36.9
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3.0	4.2
Finance costs from significant financing	來自合約負債重大融資成分之		
component of contract liabilities	財務費用	_	25.5
Bank and other loans arrangement fees	銀行及其他貸款安排費用	23.8	34.4
		141.9	306.6
Less: Amounts included in the qualifying assets	減:計入合資格資產之金額		
(note)	(附註)	(53.6)	(34.8)
		88.3	271.8

Note: To the extent funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of financing certain properties under development for sale, assets under construction and investment properties under renovation, the capitalisation rate used to determine the amounts of borrowing costs eligible for the capitalisation is 1.65% (2020: 3.43%) per 年:3.43%)。 annum.

附註:對於一般借貸資金用作若干供出售發展中物 業、在建資產及翻新中投資物業融資,用以釐定合資 格資本化之借貸成本金額的資本化率為每年1.65%(2020

## **9 PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION**

# 9 除税前溢利

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging/(crediting):	除税前溢利已扣除/(計入) 下列各項:		
Auditor's remuneration Audit services Non-audit services Cost of properties sold	核數師酬金 審計服務 非審計服務 已銷售物業成本	8.2 2.0 1,467.4	9.4 2.9 1,372.3
Salaries, wages, bonus and other benefits Retirement benefits schemes contribution	工資、薪金、獎金及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	585.9 21.2	665.0 25.5
Staff costs incurred (including directors' remuneration)	已產生員工成本(包括董事酬金)	607.1	690.5
Gross rental income under operating leases on Investment properties Other properties Less: Outgoings	經營租賃下之租金收入總額: 投資物業 其他物業 減:支出	(466.5) (12.3) 45.0	(493.0) (11.6) 46.4
		(433.8)	(458.2)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets	物業、廠房及設備之折舊 使用權資產之折舊	179.1 22.2	168.9 22.2

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#### **10 TAXATION**

### 10 税項

		<b>2021</b> HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Hong Kong Profits Tax calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for the year Overseas tax calculated at rates prevailing in	本年度估計應課税溢利按税率16.5% 計算之香港利得税 按有關司法權區適用之税率計算之	136.2	33.7
respective jurisdictions	海外税項	224.7	325.9
Land appreciation tax ("LAT")	土地增值税	242.7	401.8
Deferred taxation for the year	本年度遞延税項	603.6 (91.5)	761.4 76.3
		512.1	837.7

Under the Law of the People's Republic of China ("PRC") on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions for both years.

According to the requirements of the Provisional Regulations of the PRC on LAT effective from 1 January 1994 and amended on 8 January 2011, and the Implementation Rules on the Provisional Regulations of the PRC on LAT effective from 27 January 1995, all gains arising from the sale or transfer of real estate in the PRC with effect from 1 January 1994 are subject to LAT at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds from the sale of properties less deductible expenditures including payments made for acquisition of land use rights, costs and expenses for the development of the land or for construction of new buildings and supporting facilities, or the assessed value for old buildings and structures, tax payable relating to transfer of the real estate and other deductible items prescribed by the Ministry of Finance.

根據中華人民共和國(「中國」)企業所得稅法 及其實施條例,中國附屬公司於該兩個年度 之税率為25%。

於該兩個年度在其他司法權區產生之稅項按 有關司法權區之現行税率計算。

根據自1994年1月1日起生效且於2011年1月 8日經修訂之中國土地增值税暫行條例及自 1995年1月27日起生效之中國土地增值税暫行 條例實施細則的規定,於1994年1月1日起所 有中國房地產之出售或轉讓收益須就地價增 值按土地增值税累進税率30%至60%繳納土地 增值税,地價增值即物業出售所得款項減去 可扣減支出(包括就收購土地使用權所付款 項、土地開發或新建樓宇及配套設施建設成 本及費用,或舊建築物及結構之估價、有關 轉讓房地產之應繳稅項及財務部規定之其他 可扣減項目)。

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before 本年度税項支出與綜合損益表內除税前溢利 taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

之對賬如下:

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Profit before taxation		1,640.7	2,522.0
Less: Share of results of associates	減:分佔聯營公司業績	0.1	0.1
Share of results of joint ventures	分佔合營公司業績	(220.6)	(506.6)
		1,420.2	2,015.5
Tax charge at the domestic income tax rate of	按本地所得税税率16.5%計算之		
16.5%	税項支出	234.3	332.6
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	毋須課税收入之税務影響	(52.6)	(53.2)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税開支之税務影響		
purpose		59.2	68.5
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税務影響	25.6	21.0
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	使用過往未確認之税項虧損	(3.8)	(0.8)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating	於其他司法權區營運之附屬公司		
in other jurisdictions	税率不同之影響	50.9	117.1
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences not	未確認可扣税暫時差額之税務影響		
recognised		0.4	0.1
Effect of LAT in the PRC	中國土地增值税之影響	182.1	301.3
Withholding tax on undistributed earnings of	境外附屬公司未分派盈利之預扣税		
foreign subsidiaries		25.6	50.1
Others	其他	(9.6)	1.0
Taxation	税項	512.1	837.7

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# 11 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

# **11** 本公司擁有人應佔本年度 溢利

Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company comprises:

本公司擁有人應佔本年度溢利包括:

				2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
(a)	Net unrealised gains/(losses) on change in fair value of investment properties during the year	(a)	年內投資物業公平值變動之 未變現收益/(虧損)淨額		
	– The Group		- 集團	20.0	144.1
	Deferred tax credit/(charge)		遞延税項抵免/(支出)	0.7	(10.8)
	Attributable to non-controlling interests		非控股權益應佔	13.4	53.7
	<ul> <li>Joint venture, net of deferred tax</li> <li>Gain on revaluation of certain properties upon transfer from properties held for sale and properties under development for sale to investment properties, net of deferred tax and</li> </ul>		- 合營公司,扣除遞延税項 - 若干物業由持作出售物業 及供出售發展中物業 轉撥至投資物業時之 重估收益,扣除遞延 税項及非控股權益	34.1 (5.4)	187.0 164.0
	non-controlling interest		优 垻 及 非 拴 肞 惟 血	_	131.5
				28.7	482.5
(b)	Profits excluding net unrealised gains on fair	(b)			
	value of investment properties  Net accumulated gains on change in fair value of investment properties, net of deferred tax recognised in profit or loss in prior years for		收益淨額之溢利 年內已出售物業於過往年度在 損益確認之投資物業公平值 變動之累計收益淨額,扣除	868.6	1,142.1
	properties disposed of during the year		遞延税項	74.2	4.0
				942.8	1,146.1
Sub	-total	/]\	計	971.5	1,628.6
Les	s: Net accumulated gains on change in fair value of investment properties, net of deferred tax recognised in profit or loss in prior years for properties disposed of during the year	減	: 年內已出售物業於過往年度在 損益確認之投資物業公平值 變動之累計收益淨額,扣除 遞延税項	(74.2)	(4.0)
Pro	fit for the year attributable to owners of	本	公司擁有人應佔本年度溢利		
tl	ne Company			897.3	1,624.6

### 12 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

# **12** 董事酬金及五名最高薪僱員之酬金

### (a) DETAILS OF DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION ARE AS **FOLLOWS:**

The emoluments paid or payable to each of the thirteen (2020: eleven) directors were as follows:

#### (a) 董事酬金詳情如下:

已付或應付13名(2020年:11名)董事各人之酬 金如下:

#### For the year ended 31 March 2021

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			Executive Directors (note a) 執行董事 (附註a )				Non-executive Directors (note b) 非執行董事(附註b)		Independent Non-executive Directors (note c) 獨立非執行董事 (附註c)						
		Cha Mou Sing Payson 查懋聲 (note f) (附註f) HK\$'M 百萬港元	Cha Mou Zing Victor 查懋成 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Cheung Ho Koon 張浩觀 (note g) (附註g) HK\$'M 百萬港元	Chung Sam Tin Abraham 鍾心田 (note h) (附註h) HK\$'M 百萬港元	Ngan Man Ying 類 文 英 (note g) (附註g) HK\$'M 百萬港元	Tang Moon Wah 鄧滿華 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Joseph Arculli	Mou Daid Johnson 查懋德 HK\$'M	Wong Cha May Lung Madeline 王查美龍 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Cheung Wing Lam Linus 張永霖 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Fan Hung Ling Henry 范鴻齡 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Tang Kwai Chang 鄧貴彰 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Ho Pak Ching Loretta 何柏貞 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Fees Other emoluments Salaries and other benefits Performance related incentive payment (note d) Ex-gratia payment (note e)	袍金 其他酬金 薪金及其他福利 績效獎(附註d) 特惠款項(附註e)	3.5 6.0 20.0	- 10.2 21.0	0.6	- 2.9 1.0	0.6	5.5	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	1.9 23.3 34.8 20.0
Total emoluments	酬金總額	29.5	31.2	0.6	3.9	0.6	12.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	80.0

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#### 截至2020年3月31日止年度

		E	Executive Directors (note a) 執行董事 (附註a)				Non-executive Directors (note b) 非執行董事(附註b)		Independent Non-executive Directors (note c) 獨立非執行董事 (附註c)				
		Cha Mou Sing Payson 查懋聲 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Cha Mou Zing Victor 查懋成 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Chung Sam Tin Abraham 鍾心田 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Tang Moon Wah 鄧滿華 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Ronald Joseph Arculli 夏佳理 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Cha Mou Daid Johnson 查懋德 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Wong Cha May Lung Madeline 王查美龍 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Cheung Wing Lam Linus 張永霖 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Fan Hung Ling Henry 范鴻齡 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Tang Kwai Chang 鄧貴彰 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Ho Pak Ching Loretta 何柏貞 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Fees Other emoluments Salaries and other benefits Performance related incentive payment (note d)	袍金 其他酬金 薪金及其他福利 績效獎(附註d)	- 5.4 10.0	- 9.8 34.0	- 2.9 2.0	- 5.2 11.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	1.9 23.3 57.0
Total emoluments	酬金總額	15.4	43.8	4.9	16.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	82.2

- (a) For Executive Directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.
- (b) The Non-executive Directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as Directors of the Company.
- (c) The Independent Non-executive Directors' emoluments shown above were mainly for their services as Directors of the Company.

#### 附註:

- (a) 上表所示的執行董事酬金主要為彼等與本公司及集 團管理事務有關的服務。
- (b) 上表所示的非執行董事酬金主要為彼等擔任本公司 董事的服務。
- (c) 上表所示的獨立非執行董事酬金主要為彼等擔任本 公司董事的服務。

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- (d) The performance related incentive payment is determined with reference to the operating results of the Group and comparable market statistics of the Group, and individual performance of the directors.
- (d) 績效獎乃參考集團之經營業績及可比較市場數據, 以及董事個別表現釐定。
- (e) The ex-gratia payment was given to the Executive Director to recognise his long service and contribution to the Group.
- (e) 特惠款項指執行董事獲支付款項以認可彼對集團之 長期服務及貢獻。
- (f) Mr. Cha Mou Sing Payson passed away on 6 November 2020 (PST).
- (f) 查懋聲先生於2020年11月6日(太平洋標準時間) 辭世。
- (g) Mr. Cheung Ho Koon and Ms. Ngan Man Ying were appointed as Executive Directors of the Company with effect from 1 February 2021.
- (q) 張浩觀先生及顏文英女士自2021年2月1日起獲委任 為本公司執行董事。
- (h) Mr. Chung Sam Tin Abraham resigned as Executive Director of the Company with effect from 1 April 2021.
- (h) 鍾心田先生自2021年4月1日起辭任本公司執行

During both years, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join. No directors waived any emoluments during both years.

於兩年內,集團並無向董事支付作為促使彼 等加入集團之酬金。於兩年內,概無董事放 棄任何酬金。

#### (b) EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

#### (b) 僱員酬金

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the five highest paid individuals of the Group included five (2020: four) Executive Directors, whose emoluments are disclosed above. One of the five highest paid individuals of the Group were appointed as an Executive Director of the Company with effect from 1 February 2021. The emoluments of the newly appointed Executive Director (2020: one employee) are as follows:

截至2021年3月31日止年度,集團五名最高薪 酬人士其中五名(2020年:四名)為執行董事, 彼等之酬金於上文披露。於集團五名最高薪 酬人士中,一名自2021年2月1日起獲委任為 執行董事。該名新獲委任執行董事(2020年: 一名僱員)之酬金如下:

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefits schemes contribution	薪金及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	4.0 0.1	4.4 0.1
		4.1	4.5

The emoluments of the aforesaid Executive Director (2020: employee) were within the following bands:

上述執行董事(2020年:僱員)之酬金屬於下 列組別:

		2021	2020
HK\$4,000,001- HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001港元-4,500,000港元	1	-
HK\$4,500,001- HK\$5,000,000	4,500,001港元-5,000,000港元	_	1
		1	1

### 13 DIVIDENDS

### 13 股息

	2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Final dividend paid for the financial year ended 31 派付截至2020年3月31日止財政年度 March 2020 of HK7 cents (2020: final dividend paid for the financial year ended 31 March 2019	104.0	89.1
Interim dividend paid for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 of HK4 cents (2020: interim dividend paid for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 of HK5 cents) per share  派付截至2021年3月31日止財政 之中期股息每股4港仙(2020年: 派付截至2020年3月31日止財政 年度之中期股息每股5港仙)	59.4	74.3
	163.4	163.4

The directors of the Company proposed a final dividend for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 of HK5 cents (2020: for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 of HK7 cents) per share totaling approximately HK\$74.3 million (2020: HK\$104.0 million).

本公司董事擬派截至2021年3月31日止財政年 度之末期股息每股5港仙(2020年:截至2020年 3月31日止財政年度每股7港仙),合共約74.3 百萬港元(2020年:104.0百萬港元)。

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### 14 EARNINGS PER SHARE

### 14 每股盈利

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根 據下列數據計算:

	2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Earnings Earnings for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted earnings per share (Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company)  A	897.3	1,624.6
	2021	2020
Number of shares  Number of ordinary shares in issue during the year 計算每股基本盈利之本年度已發行 for the purpose of calculating basic earnings per share  By  ###	1,485,301,803	1,485,301,803
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary share: 具攤薄潛力普通股之影響: Adjustment in relation to share options issued by the Company 調整	_	-
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for 計算每股攤薄盈利之加權平均 the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per 普通股數目 share	1,485,301,803	1,485,301,803

For the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, diluted earnings per share was the same as the basic earnings per share since the share options had anti-dilutive effect.

由於股份期權具反攤薄作用,故截至2021年 及2020年3月31日止年度每股攤薄盈利與每股 基本盈利相同。

### 15 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

### 15 投資物業

2021

2020

		2021 HK\$'M 五萬洪元	2020 HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Fair value	公平值		
At beginning of the year	年初	14,766.5	12,434.6
Exchange translation differences	匯兑差額	(12.0)	(9.3)
Additions	添置	444.3	252.3
Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 35)	收購附屬公司(附註35)	_	760.0
Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之公平值變動		
– Realised gains on disposals	-出售時之已變現收益	3.5	3.3
– Unrealised gains	-未變現收益	20.0	144.1
Disposals	出售	(147.1)	(24.6)
Transfer from properties held for sale (note a)	轉撥自持作出售物業(附註a)	_	1,181.0
Transfer from properties under development for	轉撥自供出售發展中物業(附註a)		
sale (note a)		_	98.0
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	轉撥自物業、廠房及設備(附註b)		
(note b)		_	29.2
Transfer to property, plant and equipment (note c)	轉撥至物業、廠房及設備(附註c)	_	(102.1)
At end of the year	年末	15,075.2	14,766.5

#### Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 31 March 2020, properties with total carrying value of HK\$981.4 million at date of transfer were transferred from properties held for sale and properties under development for sale to investment properties at the date of transfer, which is evidenced by the observable actions taken to support the change in use. The difference between the fair values of the properties and the carrying values at date of transfer was recognised in profit or loss amounting to HK\$297.6 million.
- (b) During the year ended 31 March 2020, properties with total carrying value of HK\$13.5 million at date of transfer were transferred from property, plant and equipment to investment properties at the date of end of owner occupation. The difference between the fair values of the properties and the carrying values at date of transfer was recognised in asset revaluation reserve and non-controlling interests amounting to HK\$7.8 million and HK\$7.9 million respectively.
- (c) During the year ended 31 March 2020, the uses of certain properties of the Group have been changed from capital appreciation and leasing out for rental income to owner-occupation. The investment properties amounting to HK\$102.1 million at date of transfer were transferred from investment properties to property, plant and equipment at the date of commencement of owner occupation.

#### 附註:

- (a) 於截至2020年3月31日止年度,轉撥當日之賬面總 值為981.4百萬港元之物業已於轉撥當日由持作出售物 業及供出售發展中物業轉撥至投資物業(以就支持改 變用途而採取之可觀察行動為證)。物業公平值與轉撥 當日之賬面值之差額已於損益中確認,差額為297.6百 萬港元。
- (b) 於截至2020年3月31日止年度,轉撥當日之賬面總 值為13.5百萬港元之物業已於業主終止自用當日自物 業、廠房及設備轉撥至投資物業。物業公平值與轉撥 當日之賬面值之差額已於資產重估儲備及非控股權益 中確認,分別為7.8百萬港元及7.9百萬港元。
- (c) 於截至2020年3月31日止年度,集團若干物業之用 途由資本增值及出租(以賺取租金)轉為業主自用。於 轉讓日期金額為102.1百萬港元之投資物業於業主開始 自用之日由投資物業轉至物業、廠房及設備。

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For the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, the Group disposed of certain investment properties and the details of which are as follows:

於截至2021年及2020年3月31日止年度,集團 出售若干投資物業之詳情如下:

		2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Sales proceeds received Original cost of acquisitions Accumulated gains on change in fair value recognised in prior years	已收銷售所得款項 收購之原成本值 過往年度已確認之公平值變動 累計收益	147.1 (44.2) (99.4)	24.6 (5.9) (15.4)
Realised gains on disposal recognised during the year	年內出售時確認之已變現收益	3.5	3.3

The Group engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The management works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The management reports the findings to the board of directors of the Company every half-year to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the property.

集團委聘第三方合資格估值師進行估值。管 理層與合資格外部估值師緊密合作,以確立 合適的估值方法及模型的輸入數據。管理層 每半年向本公司董事會匯報結果,以解釋物 業公平值波動之原因。

In estimating the fair value of the property, the highest and best use of the property is the current use.

於估計物業之公平值時,物業最佳用途乃其 現有用途。

The fair values of the Group's investment properties at 31 March 2021, 31 March 2020, the date of transfer from properties held for sale and properties under development for sale and the date of transfer from/to property, plant and equipment have been arrived at on the basis of valuation carried out on the respective dates by the following Valuers with appropriate qualifications and recent experiences in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations.

集團於2021年3月31日、2020年3月31日、轉撥 自持作出售物業及供出售發展中物業當日以 及轉撥自/至物業、廠房及設備當日之投資物 業公平值,乃按以下具備適當資格及近期擁 有相關地點之類似物業估值經驗之估值師於 各日期進行之估值釐定。

Name of valuer	Location of investment properties	估值師名稱	投資物業座落之 地區
Cushman & Wakefield Limited  JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.  N&A Appraisal Company Limited	Hong Kong and mainland China	戴德梁行有限公司	香港及中國內地
	Japan	JLL Morii Valuation & Advisory K.K.	日本
	Thailand	N&A Appraisal Company Limited	泰國

#### **VALUATION TECHNIQUES**

The fair value of investment properties located in Hong Kong is determined either by using income capitalisation approach or direct comparison approach. The income capitalisation approach is calculated by capitalising the rental income derived from the existing tenancies with due provision for any reversionary income potential. The direct comparison approach assumes sale of property in its existing state by making reference to comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market.

The valuation of investment properties under construction is determined by residual method based on capitalising the rental income that would be generated from the investment property in its completed form, and has taken into account the developers' profit and construction costs already incurred as well as the estimated costs to be incurred to complete the project.

The fair value of investment properties located in mainland China and Thailand is determined by using direct comparison approach assuming sale of the property in its existing state by making reference to comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market.

The fair value of investment properties located in Japan is determined by using income capitalisation approach. The income capitalisation approach is calculated by capitalising the rental income derived from the existing tenancies with due provision for any reversionary income potential.

#### SUMMARY OF FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY AND LEVEL 3 **FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS**

As at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020, all investment properties of the Group are valued by reference to a Level 3 fair value measurement.

#### 估值技巧

位於香港的投資物業的公平值乃使用收入資 本化法或直接比較法而釐定。收入資本化法 透過資本化從現有租戶收取的租金收入連同 對任何潛在可撥回收入的適當撥備而計算。 直接比較法透過參考相關市場可得並可比較 之銷售交易假設以物業現有狀態出售物業而 釐定。

在建投資物業的估值乃根據將自已竣工投資 物業產生之租賃收入撥充資本使用餘值法而 得出,並已計及發展商溢利及已產生之建築 成本與項目完工將產生之估計成本。

位於中國內地及泰國的投資物業的公平值乃 使用直接比較法參考相關市場可得並可比較 之銷售交易假設以物業現有狀態出售物業而 釐定。

位於日本的投資物業的公平值乃使用收入資 本化法而釐定。收入資本化法透過資本化從 現有租戶收取的租金收入連同對任何潛在可 撥回收入的適當撥備而計算。

### 公平值層級及第三層級公平值計量 概要

於2021年3月31日及2020年3月31日,集團之所 有投資物業均參考第三層級公平值計量估值。

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### **Level 3 valuation methodologies**

Below is a table which presents the significant unobservable inputs:

### 第三層級估值方法

下表呈列重大不可觀察輸入數據:

Unobservable inputs (note a) 不可觀察輸入數據(附註a)

		不可觀察輸入數據(附註a)					
	Fair value —	Capitalisation rate	Market rent (note b) (per square foot per month) 市場租金 (附註b)	Adjusted market price (note c) (per square foot) 調整市場價格(附註c)			
	公平值	資本化率	(每月每平方呎)	(每平方呎)			
Investment properties (note d) 投資物業(附註d) Hong Kong 香港							
自心 Industrial	HK\$370.8 million	3.500% to 3.875%	HK\$14 to HK\$39	N/A			
工業	(2020: HK\$60.8 million) 370.8百萬港元 (2020年:60.8百萬港元)	(2020: 3.875%) 3.500%至3.875% (2020年: 3.875%)	(2020: HK\$28 to HK\$39) 14港元至39港元 (2020年: 28港元至39港元)	不適用			
Commercial	HK\$9,205.4 million (2020: HK\$9,230.0 million)	3.375% to 7.250% (2020: 3.375% to 7.250%)	HK\$18 to HK\$82 (2020: HK\$18 to HK\$83)	N/A			
商業	9,205.4百萬港元 (2020年: 9,230.0百萬港元)	3.375%至7.250% (2020年:3.375%至7.250%)	18港元至82港元 (2020年:18港元至83港元)	不適用			
Residential	HK\$2,752.0 million (2020: HK\$2,862.0 million)	N/A	N/A	HK\$7,400 to HK\$31,700 (2020: HK\$7,300 to HK\$31,700)			
住宅	2,752.0百萬港元 (2020年:2,862.0百萬港元)	不適用	不適用	7,400港元至31,700港元 (2020年:7,300港元至31,700港元)			
Mainland China 中國內地				210			
Residential	HK\$21.6 million (2020: HK\$60.4 million)	N/A	N/A	RMB11,300 (2020: RMB10,200 to RMB11,300)			
住宅	21.6百萬港元 (2020年:60.4百萬港元)	不適用	不適用	人民幣11,300元 (2020年:人民幣10,200元至 人民幣11,300元)			
Thailand 泰國							
Residential	HK\$347.3 million (2020: HK\$331.2 million)	N/A	N/A	THB2,300 to THB7,600 (2020: THB2,300 to THB7,600)			
住宅	347.3百萬港元 (2020年:331.2百萬港元)	不適用	不適用	2,300泰銖至7,600泰銖 (2020年:2,300泰銖至7,600泰銖)			
Japan 日本							
Commercial	HK\$306.6 million (2020: HK\$315.4 million)	3.7% (2020: 3.7%)	JPY730 (2020: JPY730)	N/A			
商業	306.6百萬港元 (2020年:315.4百萬港元)	3.7% (2020年:3.7%)	730日圓 (2020年: 730日圓)	不適用			
Residential	(2020 年 * 313.4 日 国 7日	3.3% to 3.9% (2020: 3.3% to 3.9%)	JPY410 to JPY510 (2020: JPY410 to JPY510)	N/A			
住宅	801.5百萬港元 (2020年:823.7百萬港元)	3.3%至3.9% (2020年:3.3%至3.9%)	410日圓至510日圓 (2020年: 410日圓至 510日圓)	不適用			
Investment properties under construction 在建投資物業 Hong Kong 香港							
育 /色 Residential	HK\$109.0 million	N/A	N/A	HK\$35,300			
住宅	(2020: HK\$103.0 million) 109.0 百萬港元	不適用	不適用	(2020: HK\$35,300) 35,300港元 (2020年: 25,200港三)			
Industrial (note e)	(2020年:103.0百萬港元) HK\$1,161.0 million (2020: HK\$980.0 million)	3.250% (2020: 3.250%)	HK\$23 (2020: HK\$23)	(2020年:35,300港元) N/A			
工業(附註e)	1,161.0百萬港元 (2020年:980.0百萬港元)	3.250% (2020年:3.250%)	23港元 (2020年: 23港元)	不適用			

#### Notes:

- (a) The relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value are (i) the higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the fair value; (ii) the higher the market rent, the higher the fair value; and (iii) the higher the adjusted market price, the higher the fair value.
- (b) The monthly rent takes into account the differences in location and individual factors, such as frontage and size, between comparables and the property.
- (c) Adjusted market price takes into account the recent transaction prices for similar properties adjusted timing of reference transactions and property-specific adjustments including nature, location and condition of the property.
- (d) Fair value measurement of investment properties is positively correlated to the market rent and adjusted market price, but inversely correlated to the capitalisation
- (e) The Group has obtained approval to convert an investment property from industrial to commercial use and the refurbishment works are underway. Such property is valued at HK\$1,161.0 million (2020: HK\$980.0 million) as at 31 March 2021.

There were no transfers among different levels of the fair value hierarchy in the current and prior years.

#### 附註:

- (a) 不可觀察輸入數據與公平值間之關係為(i)資本化率 越高,公平值越低;(ii)市場租金越高,公平值越高;及 (iii)經調整市場價格越高,公平值越高。
- (b) 月租已計及可比較物業與物業之間位置及個別因素 (例如面向及大小)之差異。
- (c) 經調整市場價格已計及經調整參考交易時間之同類 物業近期成交價及特定物業調整(包括物業之性質、地 點及情況)。
- (d) 投資物業的公平值計量與市場租金及經調整市場價 格呈正相關,但與資本化率則呈反相關。
- (e) 集團已取得將一項投資物業由工業轉為商業用途的 批准,並正在進行翻新工程。該物業於2021年3月31日 估值為1,161.0百萬港元(2020年:980.0百萬港元)。

於本年度及過往年度,公平值層級之不同層 級之間並無轉撥。

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

The movements during the year in the balance of investment properties under Level 3 fair value measurements are as follows:

年內第三層級公平值計量下之投資物業結餘 之變動如下:

			Investment properties	
		Investment properties	under construction 在建	Total
		投資物業 HK\$′M 百萬港元	投資物業 HK\$′M 百萬港元	總計 HK\$′M 百萬港元
At 1 April 2019	於2019年4月1日	12,082.6	352.0	12,434.6
Exchange translation differences	匯兑差額	(9.3)	_	(9.3)
Additions	添置	21.5	230.8	252.3
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購附屬公司	760.0	_	760.0
Transfer to investment properties upon	發展完成後轉撥至投資物業			
completion of development		577.0	(577.0)	_
Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之公平值變動			
– Realised gains on disposals	-出售時之已變現收益	3.3	_	3.3
<ul><li>– Unrealised gains/(losses)</li></ul>	-未變現收益/(虧損)	144.9	(0.8)	144.1
Disposal	出售	(24.6)	_	(24.6)
Transfer from properties held for sale Transfer from properties under development	轉撥自持作出售物業 轉撥自供出售發展中物業	1,181.0	_	1,181.0
for sale		-	98.0	98.0
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	轉撥自物業、廠房及設備	29.2	-	29.2
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	轉撥至物業、廠房及設備	(102.1)	-	(102.1)
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	14,663.5	103.0	14,766.5
Exchange translation differences	匯兑差額	(12.0)	_	(12.0)
Additions	添置	329.2	115.1	444.3
Transfer to investment property under construction	轉撥至在建投資物業	(980.0)	980.0	_
Change in fair value recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之公平值變動	(= 2 3.0)	, 111	
– Realised gains on disposals	-出售時之已變現收益	3.5	-	3.5
– Unrealised (losses)/gains	-未變現(虧損)/收益	(51.9)	71.9	20.0
Disposal	出售	(147.1)	_	(147.1)
At 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	13,805.2	1,270.0	15,075.2

# 16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16 物業、廠房及設備

							Furniture,	Plant,	Ferries,		
		Hotel			Commercial		fixtures	machinery	launches		
			Hotel	Freehold		and leisure	Leasehold	and	and	and motor	Construction
		properties	land	Buildings		improvements		equipment	vehicles	in progress	Total
			永久業權		商用及康樂		傢俬、裝置 	廠房、機器			
		酒店物業	土地	樓宇		租賃物業裝修	及設備	及設備	及汽車	在建工程	總計
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		白萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元 ————	百萬港元 ————	百萬港元 ————	百萬港元 ————	百萬港元 ————	白萬港元
Cost	原值										
At 1 April 2019	於2019年4月1日	1,538.3	264.9	662.9	639.3	394.0	358.9	67.7	589.7	123.4	4,639.1
Exchange translation differences	<b>進</b> 兑差額	(25.4)	(9.9)	0.4	_	(1.1)		_	(0.3)	(0.1)	(37.5)
Additions	添置	3.0	-	1.0	_	58.4	24.0	_	112.1	272.0	470.5
Disposals/write-off	出售/撤銷	(26.1)	_	_	_	(6.8)		_	(2.6)	(0.3)	(47.4)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 36)	出售附屬公司(附註36)	(20.1)	_	_	_	(7.3)		_	(0.5)	(0.5)	(46.9)
Transfer to investment properties	轉撥至投資物業	_	_	(23.2)	_	(1.5)	(33.1)	_	(02)	_	(23.2)
Transfer from investment properties	轉撥自投資物業	_	_	102.1	_	_	_	_	_	_	102.1
Reclassification	重新分類	4.7	_	102.1	_	_	_	_	_	(4.7)	102.1
				742.2			2211				50567
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	1,494.5	255.0	743.2	639.3	437.2	331.1	67.7	698.4	390.3	5,056.7
Exchange translation differences	匯兑差額	29.5	11.9	9.3	-	0.9	0.9	-	0.5	1.9	54.9
Additions	添置	9.3	-	3.1	47.8	58.2	24.8	-	21.0	112.0	276.2
Disposals/write-off	出售/撇銷	(4.4)	-	-	-	(47.9)	(28.5)	-	(8.6)	-	(89.4)
Transfer to right-of-use assets	轉撥至使用權資產	-	-	(80.7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(80.7)
Transfer to properties under	轉撥至供出售發展中物業										
development for sale		-	-	-	-	-	(15.6)	-	(25.6)	-	(41.2)
Reclassification	重新分類	41.9	-	-	344.6	-	-	-	-	(386.5)	-
At 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	1,570.8	266.9	674.9	1,031.7	448.4	312.7	67.7	685.7	117.7	5,176.5
Depreciation and impairment	折舊及減值										
At 1 April 2019	於2019年4月1日	693.8	-	179.9	431.0	247.2	231.9	67.6	425.6	-	2,277.0
Exchange translation differences	匯兑差額	(20.8)	-	(0.1)	-	(0.6)	(0.8)	-	(0.3)	-	(22.6)
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	61.8	-	16.4	13.6	35.4	23.2	-	18.5	-	168.9
Disposals/write-off	出售/撤銷	(25.9)	-	-	-	(6.3)	(11.4)	-	(2.6)	-	(46.2)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 36)	出售附屬公司(附註36)	-	_	-	-	(4.9)	(33.3)	_	(0.5)	_	(38.7)
Impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損	-	_	3.2	-	_	0.1	-	_	_	3.3
Transfer to investment properties	轉撥至投資物業	-	-	(9.8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9.8)
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	708.9	_	189.6	444.6	270.8	209.7	67.6	440.7	_	2,331.9
Exchange translation differences	匯兑差額	23.0	-	_	-	0.6	0.8	-	(0.1)	_	24.3
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	68.2	_	16.6	16.5	37.9	19.6	_	20.3	_	179.1
Disposals/write-off	出售/撤銷	(4.3)	_	-	_	(45.2)	(28.0)	_	(8.1)	_	(85.6)
Transfer to right-of-use assets	轉撥至使用權資產	-	-	(41.2)	-	_	-	-	-	-	(41.2)
At 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	795.8	_	165.0	461.1	264.1	202.1	67.6	452.8	_	2,408.5
Carrying values											
At 31 March 2021	於 <b>2021</b> 年3月31日	775.0	266.9	509.9	570.6	184.3	110.6	0.1	232.9	117.7	2,768.0
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	785.6	255.0	553.6	194.7	166.4	121.4	0.1	257.7	390.3	2,724.8

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

Items of property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight-line basis, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

在建工程以外之物業、廠房及設備項目按以 下估計可使用年期以直線法折舊:

Hotel properties 3-40 years Freehold land No depreciation Buildings, commercial and leisure facilities 5–50 years, or over the lease term if shorter Leasehold improvements 5 years, or over the lease term if shorter Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3–7 years Plant, machinery and equipment 5–15 years Ferries, launches and motor vehicles 3-20 years

3-40年

Furniture,

永久業權土地 並無折舊 樓宇、商用及康樂設施 5-50年或倘較短, 則為租賃期限 租賃物業裝修 5年或倘較短, 則為租賃期限

**傢**俬、裝置及設備 3-7年 廠房、機器及設備 5-15年 渡輪、汽船及汽車 3-20年

### 17 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

### 17 使用權資產

Leasehold

酒店物業

		land and buildings 租賃土地及 樓宇 HK\$'M	fixtures and equipment 傢俬、裝置 及設備 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$'M 百萬港元
As at 31 March 2021 Carrying amount	<b>於2021年3月31日</b> 賬面值	102.6	0.4	103.0
For the year ended 31 March 2021 Depreciation charge Expense relating to short-term leases and other leases with lease terms end within 12 months of the date of initial	截至2021年3月31日止年度 折舊支出 與短期租賃及其他租期於首 次應用香港財務報告準則 第16號當日起計12個月內	21.9	0.3	22.2
application of HKFRS 16 Total cash outflow for leases Additions to right-of-use assets	結束的租賃有關的開支 租賃現金流出總額 添置使用權資產			6.1 23.7 0.4
As at 31 March 2020 Carrying amount	於2020年3月31日 賬面值	70.9	0.7	71.6
For the year ended 31 March 2020 Depreciation charge Expense relating to short-term leases and other leases with lease terms end within 12 months of the date of initial	截至2020年3月31日止年度 折舊支出 與短期租賃及其他租期於首 次應用香港財務報告準則 第16號當日起計12個月內	21.9	0.3	22.2
application of HKFRS 16 Total cash outflow for leases Additions to right-of-use assets	結束的租賃有關的開支 租賃現金流出總額 添置使用權資產			16.4 38.2 56.4

For both years, the Group leases various offices, ferry pier, leasehold land, warehouses and equipment for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 6 months to 50 years, but may have termination options. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the noncancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

於上述兩個年度,集團租用多個辦公室、渡 輪碼頭、租賃土地、倉庫及設備作營運用途。 租賃合約訂有介乎6個月至50年的固定年期, 但可能附帶終止權。租期按個別基準磋商, 當中包含多項不同條款及條件。於釐定租期 及評估不可撤銷期限的長短時,集團應用合 約的定義並釐定合約的可強制執行期限。

The Group has termination options in certain leases. The Group assesses at the initial measurement of leases, it is reasonably certain the Group will not exercise the termination options after considering the significant initial cost incurred on the leased properties and the removal cost that may arise.

集團於若干租賃中擁有終止權。於初始計量 租賃時,集團經考慮租賃物業所產生之重大 初始成本及可能產生之拆遷成本後合理確定 將不會行使終止權。

In addition, the Group reassesses whether it is reasonably certain that a termination option will not be exercised, upon the occurrence of either a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the lessee. During the year ended 31 March 2021, there is no such triggering event.

此外,倘發生於承租人之控制範圍內之重大 事件或重大情況變動,集團會重新評估其是 否合理確定終止權將不獲行使。於截至2021 年3月31日止年度內概無發生該等觸發事件。

### **18 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES/AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES**

# 18 聯營公司之權益/應收聯營公司款項

		2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Cost of unlisted shares Share of reserve Share of post-acquisition losses, net of dividends received	非上市股份之成本 分佔儲備 分佔收購後虧損, 扣除已收股息	=	- - -
		-	_
Amounts due from associates (Note 25(b)) Loss allowance provision	應收聯營公司款項(附註25(b)) 計提虧損撥備	588.9 (584.8)	588.8 (584.7)
		4.1	4.1

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The summarised financial information of the Group's associates as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 is set out below:

集團聯營公司於2021年3月31日及2020年3月 31日之財務資料概要載列如下:

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Total assets	資產總值	15.7	15.8
Total liabilities	負債總額	(1,902.0)	(1,901.6)
Net liabilities	負債淨額	(1,886.3)	(1,885.8)
Group's share of net assets	集團分佔資產淨值	_	_
Group's share of net liabilities	集團分佔負債淨額	(584.8)	(584.7)
		(584.8)	(584.7)
Revenue	收入	_	0.1
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(0.5)	(0.2)
Group's share of results for the year	集團分佔本年度業績	(0.1)	(0.1)

Details of the principal associates of the Group as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 are set out in Note 44(c).

The financial information in respect of each of the Group's associates is not material and no separate summarised financial information of each associate is presented.

集團於2021年3月31日及2020年3月31日各主 要聯營公司之詳情載於附註44(c)。

有關集團各聯營公司之財務資料並非重大, 因而並無就各聯營公司呈列單獨財務資料 概要。

### 19 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

The interests in joint ventures include the Group's 50% equity interest in Dazhongli Properties Limited ("Dazhongli"). An analysis is as follows:

## 19 合營公司之權益

合營公司之權益包括集團於大中里物業有限 公司(「大中里」)之50%股權,其分析如下:

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Interests in:	於下列權益:		
Dazhongli	大中里	8,086.9	7,269.9
Other joint ventures	其他合營公司	1,556.1	1,776.8
		9,643.0	9,046.7

#### **DAZHONGLI**

Dazhongli and its subsidiaries ("Dazhongli group") are engaged in the operation of investment properties and hotel properties in the Jing'an District of Shanghai in mainland China.

#### 大中里

大中里及其附屬公司(「大中里集團」)從事經 營位於中國內地上海市靜安區之投資物業及 酒店物業。

		2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Cost of unlisted shares	非上市股份之成本	0.1	0.1
Cumulative exchange differences	累計匯兑差額	500.6	(65.2)
Share of post-acquisition profits	分佔收購後溢利	2,868.7	2,647.3
		3,369.4	2,582.2
Loans to Dazhongli	貸款予大中里		
<ul> <li>Non-interest bearing (note a)</li> </ul>	- 免息(附註a)	4,423.3	4,420.2
- Interest bearing (note b)	-計息(附註b)	294.2	267.5
		8,086.9	7,269.9

#### Notes:

- (a) The loans to Dazhongli are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand. The Group has no intention to exercise its right to demand repayment of these loans within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period. The directors of the Company believe the settlement of these loans is not likely to occur in the foreseeable future as they, in substance, form part of net investment in Dazhongli group as the proceeds of the loans have been substantially used by Dazhongli to inject as registered capital into its PRC subsidiary. Accordingly, the amount is classified as non-current asset and included in the Group's interests in joint ventures for the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- (b) The loans to Dazhongli are unsecured, interest bearing at 1.71% per annum and repayable in December 2022. Pursuant to the undertaking of bank loans, Dazhongli group is refraining from settling the loans from shareholders until the settlement of all bank loans. The directors of the Company believe the settlement of these loans is not likely to occur in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the amount is classified as noncurrent asset and included in the Group's interests in joint ventures for the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### 附註:

(a) 給予大中里之貸款乃無抵押、免息及須按要求償 還。集團無意於報告期末起計未來12個月內行使其權 利,要求償還該等貸款。由於大中里已將貸款所得之 大部分款項注入其中國附屬公司作為註冊資本,本公 司董事相信該等貸款將不會於可見未來獲償還,故該 等貸款實為於大中里集團之部分投資淨額。因此,就 綜合財務狀況表之呈列而言,有關金額已列作非流動 資產,並計入集團於合營公司之權益。

(b) 給予大中里之貸款乃無抵押、按年利率1.71%計息及 須於2022年12月償還。根據有關銀行貸款之承諾,大中 里集團須繳清所有銀行貸款,方可清償股東貸款。本 公司董事相信該等貸款將不會於可見未來獲償還。因 此,就呈列於綜合財務狀況表而言,有關金額已列作 非流動資產,並計入集團於合營公司之權益。

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The summarised consolidated financial information in respect of 大中里集團於2021年3月31日及2020年3月31 Dazhongli group as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 is set out below.

日之綜合財務資料概要載列如下。

The joint venture is accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

合營公司按權益法入賬至該等綜合財務報表。

		2021 HK\$'M	2020 HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Investment properties	投資物業	24,057.0	22,212.7
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	1,990.9	1,911.6
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產	84.5	125.6
		26,132.4	24,249.9
Current assets	流動資產		
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	1,368.2	790.1
Other current assets	其他流動資產	394.1	446.8
		1,762.3	1,236.9
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Bank loans – secured	銀行貸款-有抵押	970.2	678.6
Loans from shareholders	股東貸款	8,892.7	8,873.8
Other current liabilities	其他流動負債	1,511.4	1,295.7
		11,374.3	10,848.1
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	(9,612.0)	(9,611.2)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	16,520.4	14,638.7
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Bank loans – secured	銀行貸款-有抵押	7,129.5	7,155.6
Loans from shareholders	股東貸款	542.2	501.5
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	1,967.3	1,668.8
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債	142.7	148.5
		9,781.7	9,474.4
Net assets	資產淨值	6,738.7	5,164.3
Group's share of net assets	集團分佔資產淨值	3,369.4	2,582.2

### For the year ended 31 March

截至3	日 31	Ηıl	- 年 度
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2020

2021

		HK\$'M 百萬港元	HK\$'M 百萬港元
	收入 直接營運支出	1,668.0 (524.8)	1,636.5 (515.7)
Change in fair value of investment properties Other expenses Finance costs	其他收入 投資物業公平值變動 其他支出 財務費用 税項	1,143.2 73.3 (14.5) (241.1) (360.7) (157.4)	1,120.8 55.5 437.3 (226.4) (385.5) (250.8)
Net profit after taxation for the year	本年度除税後淨溢利	442.8	750.9
Group's share of results for the year	集團分佔本年度業績	221.4	375.4

Note: The investment properties were measured at 31 March 2021 at fair value of HK\$24,057.0 million (equivalent to RMB20,332.5 million) (2020: HK\$22,212.7 million (equivalent to RMB20,295.7 million)) which was based on the valuation conducted by Cushman & Wakefield Limited, who has appropriate qualification and recent experiences in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. The valuation of investment properties was determined by using income capitalisation approach. The income capitalisation approach was calculated by capitalising the rental income derived from the existing tenancies with due provision for any reversionary income potential. The fair value measurement of investment properties was valued under Level 3 fair value measurement, which was measured based on the significant unobservable inputs including the estimated market rent and capitalisation rate. The investment properties are held within a business model of the joint venture whose business objective is to consume substantively all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale.

附註:根據戴德梁行有限公司進行之估值,投資物業 於2021年3月31日之公平值為24,057.0百萬港元(相當於 人民幣20,332.5百萬元)(2020年:22,212.7百萬港元(相 當於人民幣20,295.7百萬元))。該公司在評估有關地點 之同類物業價值方面具備合適資格及近期經驗。投資 物業之估值乃使用收入資本化法而釐定。收入資本化 法透過資本化從現有租戶收取的租金收入連同對任何 潛在可撥回收入的適當撥備而計算。投資物業之公平 值計量乃按第三層級公平值計量估值,其乃基於重大 不可觀察輸入數據(包括估計市場租金及資本化率)計 算。投資物業以合營公司之商業模式持有,而有關模 式之業務目的是隨時間使用該等投資物業所包含之絕 大部分經濟利益,而非透過出售實現。

#### **Level 3 valuation methodology**

Below is a table which presents the significant unobservable inputs:

#### 第三層級估值方法

下表呈列重大不可觀察輸入數據:

Unobservable inputs (note a) 不可觀察輸入數據(附註a)

Fair value		Estimated market rent (note b) (per square metre per month)
公平值	資本化率	估計市場租金(附註 <b>b</b> ) (每月每平方米)

Investment properties (note c) 投資物業(附註c) Mainland China 中國內地

> Commercial 商業

HK\$24,057.0 million (2020: HK\$22,212.7 million) 24,057.0百萬港元

(2020年:22,212.7百萬港元)

3.50% to 6.25% (2020: 3.50% to 6.25%) 3.50%至6.25%

(2020年: 3.50%至6.25%)

RMB247 to RMB1,011 (2020: RMB247 to RMB1,015) 人民幣247元至人民幣1,011元 (2020年:人民幣247元至 人民幣1,015元)

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

#### Notes:

- (a) The relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value are (i) the higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the fair value; and (ii) the higher the estimated market rent, the higher the fair value.
- (b) The monthly rent takes into account the differences in location and individual factors, such as frontage and size, between comparables and the property.
- (c) Fair value measurement of investment properties is positively correlated to the estimated market rent, but inversely correlated to the capitalisation rate.

#### 附註:

- (a) 不可觀察輸入數據與公平值間之關係為(i)資本化率 越高,公平值越低;及(ii)估計市場租金越高,公平值 越高。
- (b) 月租已計及可比較物業與物業之間位置及個別因素 (例如面向及大小)之差異。
- (c) 投資物業的公平值計量與估計市場租金呈正相關, 但與資本化率則呈反相關。

#### OTHER JOINT VENTURES THAT ARE NOT INDIVIDUALLY **MATERIAL**

#### 其他個別非重大之合營公司

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Cost of unlisted shares Share of reserve Share of post-acquisition gains,	非上市股份之成本 分佔儲備 分佔收購後收益,	8.7 (3.1)	6.3 (1.0)
net of dividends received	扣除已收股息	66.2	341.5
Loans to other joint ventures (note)	貸款予其他合營公司(附註)	71.8 1,484.3	346.8 1,430.0
		1,556.1	1,776.8

Note: The loans to other joint ventures are unsecured and repayable on demand. As at 31 March 2021, the loans to other joint ventures included an amount of HK\$315.4 million (2020: HK\$300.2 million) bearing interest at fixed rates at 3.0% (2020: 3.0%) per annum and an amount of HK\$402.4 million (2020: HK\$402.7 million) bearing interest at 2% per annum over 1-month Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR"). The remaining balance is non-interest bearing. The amounts of the loans to joint ventures are classified as non-current assets as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

The summarised financial information in respect of other joint ventures as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 is set out below:

附註:貸款予其他合營公司乃無抵押及須按要求償 還。於2021年3月31日,貸款予其他合營公司包括金額 315.4百萬港元(2020年:300.2百萬港元)並按固定年利 率 3.0% (2020 年: 3.0%) 計息之款項,以及金額為402.4 百萬港元(2020年:402.7百萬港元)並按一個月香港銀 行同業拆息率加年利率2%計息之款項。餘下款項為免 息。貸款予合營公司之金額於2021年3月31日及2020年 3月31日分類為非流動資產。

其他合營公司於2021年3月31日及2020年3月 31日之財務資料概要載列如下:

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總額	6,396.3 (6,365.4)	6,155.4 (5,542.4)
Net assets	資產淨值	30.9	613.0
Group's share of net assets	集團分佔資產淨值	71.8	346.8
Revenue	收入	230.7	1,078.1
Net (loss)/profit after taxation for the year	本年度除税後淨(虧損)/溢利	(11.1)	227.4
Group's share of results for the year	集團分佔本年度業績	(0.8)	131.2

Details of the principal joint ventures of the Group as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 are set out in Note 44(d).

集團於2021年3月31日及2020年3月31日各主 要合營公司之詳情載於附註44(d)。

### **20 INVESTMENTS IN DEBT AND EQUITY SECURITIES**

# 20 債務及股本證券之投資

Fair value measurement at 31 March 2021 using 於2021年3月31日

公平值計量

2021 Level 1 Level 3 第一層級 第三層級

HK\$'M HK\$'M HK\$'M

百萬港元 百萬港元 百萬港元 Investments in debt instruments measured at 按攤銷成本計量之債務工具 amortised cost 投資 Debt securities (note a) 債務證券(附註a) Current 流動 26.8 Non-current 非流動 85.1 111.9 Equity instruments measured at FVTOCI 按公平值計入其他全面收益 計量之股本工具 Listed equity securities (note b) 上市股本證券(附註b) 20.8 20.8 Unlisted equity securities (note c) 非上市股本證券(附註c) 31.8 31.8 52.6 20.8 31.8 Analysed for reporting purposes as: 為呈報目的之分析如下: Non-current 非流動 52.6 上市股本證券之市值 Market value of listed equity securities 於香港上市 Listed in Hong Kong 11.4 11.4 Listed overseas 於海外上市 9.4 9.4 20.8 20.8 按公平值計入損益之 Financial assets at FVTPL 金融資產 Unlisted equity securities (note d) 非上市股本證券(附註d) 400.6 400.6 Listed debt securities (note e) 上市債務證券(附註e) 85.0 85.0 Unlisted debt securities (note f) 非上市債務證券(附註f) 41.7 41.7 527.3 85.0 442.3 為呈報目的之分析如下: Analysed for reporting purposes as: Non-current 非流動 527.3

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

		2020 HK\$'M	Fair value me at 31 March 2 於2020年3 公平值 Level 1 第一層級 HK\$'M	2020 using 3月31日
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Investments in debt instruments measured at	按攤銷成本計量之債務工具			
amortised cost	投資			
Debt securities (note a)	债務證券(附註a)			
Current	流動	30.0		
Non-current	非流動	81.1		
		111.1		
Equity instruments measured at FVTOCI	按公平值計入其他全面收益 計量之股本工具			
Listed equity securities (note b)	上市股本證券(附註b)	18.5	18.5	_
Unlisted equity securities (note b)	非上市股本證券(附註c)	37.4	-	37.4
- Chilisted equity securities (Note e)	21 - 11-10X 1 HT 23 (113 HT 6)	55.9	18.5	37.4
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	為呈報目的之分析如下:			
Non-current	非流動	55.9		
Market value of listed equity securities	上市股本證券之市值	120	100	
Listed in Hong Kong	於香港上市	12.9	12.9	_
Listed overseas	於海外上市	5.6	5.6	
		18.5	18.5	_
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之 金融資產			
Unlisted equity securities (note d)	非上市股本證券(附註d)	402.2	_	402.2
Listed debt securities (note e)	上市債務證券(附註e)	52.2	52.2	-
Unlisted debt securities (note f)	非上市債務證券(附註f)	34.4	-	34.4
	,	488.8	52.2	436.6
Analysed for reporting purposes as:	為呈報目的之分析如下:			
Non-current	非流動	488.8		

#### Notes:

- (a) The Group intends to hold the assets to maturity to collect contractual cash flows and these cash flows consist solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- (b) The Group elected to present in other comprehensive income for the fair value changes of certain equity investments. These investments are not held for trading and not expected to be sold in the foreseeable future.

The fair value of listed equity securities amounting to HK\$20.8 million (2020: HK\$18.5 million) are determined by reference to the quoted market bid prices available on the relevant exchanges in active markets as at 31 March 2021.

(c) The unlisted equity securities of HK\$31.8 million (2020: HK\$37.4 million) represent investment in unquoted equity investment in a private operating company which is not held for trading purpose.

The fair value of the unquoted equity investment is determined using valuation techniques including earnings multiples (based on the historical earnings multiples of comparable listed companies) and a fundamental discount factor (based on the historical correlation between multiples of the private company and comparable listed companies). The significant unobservable inputs include price-to-earnings multiples of comparables, taking into account of the scale of the business of the comparables. A slight increase in the price-to-earnings multiples would result in a slight increase in fair value and vice versa. An increase in the fundamental discount factor would result in a decrease in fair value and vice versa.

No sensitivity analysis is disclosed for the impact of changes in the relevant unobservable data as the management considers that the exposure is insignificant to the Group.

The movement in the unlisted equity securities is as follows:

#### 附註:

- (a) 集團擬持有該等資產直至到期以收取合約現金流, 而該等現金流僅為支付本金及未償還本金之利息。
- (b) 集團選擇將若干股本投資之公平值變動於其他全面 收益中列賬。該等投資並非持作交易且預期於可預見 未來不會出售。

上市股本證券之公平值20.8百萬港元(2020年:18.5百萬 港元) 乃參考於2021年3月31日在活躍市場之相關交易 所之市場買入報價而釐定。

(c) 31.8百萬港元(2020年: 37.4百萬港元)之非上市股本 證券指投資於並非持作買賣用途之私營公司之無報價 股本投資。

無報價股本投資之公平值乃運用估值技巧(包括盈利 倍數(基於可比較上市公司之歷史盈利倍數)及基本貼 現系數(基於私人公司與可比較上市公司之倍數之間 的歷史相關性)) 而釐定。重大不可觀察輸入數據包括 可比較公司之市盈率倍數(計及可比較公司之業務規 模)。市盈率倍數輕微上升將導致公平值輕微增加,反 之亦然。基本貼現系數增加將導致公平值減少,反之 亦然。

由於管理層認為有關風險對集團而言並不重大,故並 無就相關不可觀察數據變動之影響披露敏感度分析。

非上市股本證券之變動如下:

		2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Balance at beginning of the year Acquisition during the year Net fair value loss to other comprehensive income	年初結餘 年內收購 於其他全面收益中之公平值淨虧損	37.4 - (5.6)	– 52.5 (15.1)
Balance at end of the year	年末結餘	31.8	37.4

(d) As at 31 March 2021, the unlisted equity securities represent investments in private equity funds of HK\$184.1 million (2020: HK\$188.4 million) and unquoted equity investment of HK\$216.5 million (2020: HK\$213.8 million) which are measured using valuation techniques based on inputs that can be observed in the market in addition to unobservable inputs such as company specific financial information.

(d) 於2021年3月31日,非上市股本證券為私募股權基 金之投資184.1百萬港元(2020年:188.4百萬港元)及無 報價股本投資216.5百萬港元(2020年:213.8百萬港元), 乃運用估值技巧計量。該等技巧中之輸入參數為根據 可觀察市場數據及不可觀察輸入數據(如公司特定財 務資料)而釐定。

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

In accounting for the fair value measurement of the investments in private equity funds, management has determined that the reported net asset value of the private equity funds provided by the general partners represent the fair value of the private equity funds. The general partners used different valuation methodologies to measure different underlying investments of the funds. The general partners measured the unrestricted actively traded public equity and debt investments at the closing price or bid price of the identical assets as of measurement date. The general partners also used methodology based on relevant comparable data whether possible to quantify the adjustment from cost, transaction prices or latest financing price when adjustment if necessary, or to justify that cost, transaction prices or latest financing price is still a proper approximation of fair value of the underlying investments held by the investment funds in determining the net asset value. The factors to be considered in assessment may require the judgement. For those investments that have achieved positive and sustainable operating performance, the general partners adopted Earning Multiples Methodology. The valuation using this methodology is calculated by applying the most appropriate and reasonable multiple derived from reference to market based conditions of quoted companies or recent private transactions. If the multiples are derived from public company comparable, it is discounted for considerations such as illiquidity and differences between the comparable companies and portfolio companies, based on company specific facts and circumstances according to the general partner's judgment. The general partners also adopted discounted cash flow methodology. The cash flows are projected base on the budgeted cash flows of the portfolio companies, which are adjusted for current market environment. The significant unobservable inputs include discount rates ranging from 6.25% to 11.5%. The discount rates are derived from observable return of comparable companies, which are adjusted for considerations such as different capital structure, sizes and other specific risk of the portfolio companies. The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value and vice versa.

就私募股權基金投資之公平值計量之會計處理而言, 管理層已釐定由普通合夥人所提供之呈報私募股權 基金之資產淨值為私募股權基金之公平值。普通合夥 人採用不同估值方法,以計量不同基金之相關投資。 普通合夥人按相同資產於截至計量日期之收市價或買 入價計量非限制交投活躍之公募股權及債務投資。普 通合夥人亦會在可能之情況下使用根據相關可比較數 據之方法,以量化成本、交易價格或最新融資價格之 調整(如需調整),或證明成本、交易價格或最新融資 價格仍為釐定資產淨值中對投資基金所持有相關投資 之公平值之合嫡概約值。評估中將予考量之因素可能 需要判斷。就該等已達致正面及可持續之營運表現之 投資而言,普通合夥人採納盈利倍數法。使用上述方 法之估值乃透過應用經參考上市公司或近期之私人交 易之市場相關條件所得之最合適及合理之倍數進行計 算。倘有關倍數源自公眾可比較公司,則按照普通合 夥人之判斷根據公司之特定事實及情況,考慮流動性 不足及可比較公司與投資組合公司之間之差異進行折 算。普通合夥人亦採納貼現現金流量法。現金流量之 預測乃基於投資組合公司之預算現金流量,並按當前 市場環境進行調整。重大不可觀察輸入數據包括貼現 率(介平6.25%至11.5%)。貼現率乃源自可比較公司之可 觀察回報,並根據投資組合公司之不同資本結構、規 模及其他特定風險等因素進行調整。貼現率越高,公 平值越低, 反之亦然。

For unquoted equity investment, the Group applies a minority interest discount on the net assets value of the investee adjusting with the fair value of the underlying properties to determine the fair value. The valuation of the underlying properties is determined by income capitalisation approach. The income capitalisation approach is calculated by capitalising the rental income derived from the existing tenancies with due provision for any reversionary income potential. The fair value measurement of the underlying properties is measured based on the significant unobservable inputs including the estimated market rent ranging from RMB143 to RMB467 (2020: RMB143 to RMB469) per square meter and capitalisation rate of 4.5% (2020: 4.5%). The higher the market rent, the higher the fair value. The higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the fair value.

就無報價股本投資而言,集團對投資對象之資產淨值 應用少數股東權益之折讓,以相關物業之公平值作出 調整,以釐定公平值。相關物業估值乃使用收入資本 化法而釐定。收入資本化法透過資本化從現有租戶收 取的租金收入連同對任何潛在可撥回收入的適當撥備 而計算。相關物業之公平值計量乃基於重大不可觀察 輸入數據(包括估計市場租金每平方米介乎人民幣143 元至人民幣467元(2020年:人民幣143元至人民幣469 元)及資本化率4.5%(2020年:4.5%))計算。市場租金越 高,公平值則越高。資本化率越高,公平值則越低。

No sensitivity analysis is disclosed for the impact of changes in the relevant unobservable data as the management considers that the exposure is insignificant to the Group.

由於管理層認為有關風險對集團而言並不重大,故並 無就相關不可觀察數據變動之影響披露敏感度分析。

The movement in the unlisted equity securities is as follows:

#### 非上市股本證券之變動如下:

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元 ————————	百萬港元
Balance at beginning of the year	年初結餘	402.2	335.9
Acquisition during the year	年內收購	9.5	31.2
Net fair value (loss)/gain in profit or loss	於損益中之公平值淨(虧損)/收益	(11.7)	51.4
Proceeds from disposal	出售所得款項	(12.3)	(1.3)
Exchange translation differences	匯兑差額	12.9	(15.0)
Balance at end of the year	年末結餘	400.6	402.2

(e) Even though the Group's business model is to hold debt securities assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, the cash flows of these investments do not meet the HKFRS 9 criteria as solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The fair value of the debt securities as at 31 March 2021 is HK\$85.0 million (2020: HK\$52.2 million) which is valued by reference to the Level 1 fair value measurement deriving from quoted prices in active market for identical assets. The weighted average effective interest rate is 6.4% (2020: 6.0%) per annum.

(f) The unlisted debt securities of HK\$41.7 million (2020: HK\$34.4 million) represent investment in an unquoted convertible loan to a private operating company.

The fair value of the unquoted convertible loan is determined based on Black-Scholes pricing model with key inputs of the model including expected volatility, share price, risk free rate and bond yield. An increase in the expected volatility used in isolation would result in an increase in the fair value measurement of the unquoted convertible

No sensitivity analysis is disclosed for the impact of changes in the relevant unobservable data as the management considers that the exposure is insignificant to the Group.

(e) 儘管集團之業務模式為持有債務證券資產以收取合 約現金流量,但相關投資之現金流量因僅作本金額及 尚未償還本金額利息之付款而未符合香港財務報告準 則第9號之規定。

於2021年3月31日,債務證券之公平值為85.0百萬港元 (2020年:52.2百萬港元),該公平值乃參考活躍市場上 相同資產之報價所作之第一層級公平值計量而估值。 加權平均實際年利率為6.4%(2020年:6.0%)。

(f) 41.7百萬港元(2020年: 34.4百萬港元)之非上市債 務證券指投資於向一間私營公司提供之無報價可換股 貸款。

無報價可換股貸款之公平值乃根據柏力克-舒爾斯定 價模式而釐定,該模式之主要輸入數據包括預期波 幅、股價、無風險利率及債券收益率。於獨立使用時, 預期波幅增加將導致無報價可換股貸款之公平值計量 增加。

由於管理層認為有關風險對集團而言並不重大,故並 無就相關不可觀察數據變動之影響披露敏感度分析。

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The movement in the unlisted debt securities is as follows:

非上市債務證券之變動如下:

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Balance at beginning of the year Acquisition during the year Net fair value gain/(loss) in profit or loss	年初結餘 年內收購 於損益中之公平值淨收益/(虧損)	34.4 3.6 3.7	- 35.0 (0.6)
Balance at end of the year	年末結餘	41.7	34.4

There was no transfer among different levels of the fair value hierarchy in the current and prior year.

於本年度及過往年度,公平值層級之不同層 級之間並無轉撥。

### **FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND VALUATION PROCESSES**

The Group determines the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for Level 3 fair value measurements.

In estimating the fair value, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. The valuation is performed at the end of each reporting period. Where there is material change in the fair value of the assets, the cause of the fluctuations will be reported to the management of the Group.

Information about the valuation techniques and inputs used in determining the fair value of assets are disclosed above.

## 公平值計量及估值過程

集團為第三層級公平值計量釐定合適的估值 技巧及輸入數據。

於估計公平值時,集團於可行情況下盡量使 用市場可觀察數據。估值於各報告期末進 行。倘資產之公平值出現重大變動,其波動 之原因將向集團管理層報告。

有關釐定資產公平值所使用之估值技巧及輸 入數據之資料於上文披露。

### 21 OTHER ASSETS

## 21 其他資產

		2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Mortgage instalment receivables (note a) Loan to an investee (note b) Other assets	應收按揭分期供款(附註a) 向相關投資對象貸款(附註b) 其他資產	214.0 106.2 15.5	90.0 106.2 16.5
		335.7	212.7

#### Notes:

- (a) The mortgage instalment receivables represent the financing provided to buyers of development properties of the Group. The amounts bear interest at prime rate minus 2.5% to prime rate and are receivable by instalments over a period of not more than 25 years (2020: 25 years) from the sale of relevant flats. The receivables are secured by a first mortgage or a second mortgage over the respective properties. The portion of mortgage instalment receivables due within one year of HK\$10.9 million (2020: HK\$3.9 million) is included as trade receivables in current assets.
- (b) The Group owns a 15% interest in an unlisted company incorporated in Singapore which holds a commercial complex comprising a retail mall, 2 office towers and a residential rental apartment in Tianjin, the PRC. The loan to the investee is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The Group has no intention to exercise its right to demand repayment of these loans within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the amount is classified as non-current asset for the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### 附註:

(a) 應收按揭分期供款乃提供予集團發展物業買家之融 資。此供款按最優惠利率減2.5%至最優惠利率計息,並 會在有關住宅單位售出後不超過25年(2020年:25年) 內分期收回。此應收供款乃以有關物業作第一按揭或 第二按揭抵押。部分為數10.9百萬港元(2020年: 3.9百 萬港元)於一年內到期之應收按揭分期供款已計入流 動資產之應收貿易賬款內。

(b) 集團於一家在新加坡註冊成立之非上市公司擁有 15%權益,該公司於中國天津持有一項商業綜合樓,包 括一幢購物中心、兩座辦公室大樓及一間出租住宅公 寓。向相關投資對象貸款為無抵押、免息及按要求償 還。集團無意於報告期末起計未來12個月內行使其權 利,要求償還該等貸款。因此,就綜合財務狀況表之呈 列而言,有關金額已列作非流動資產。

### **22 INVENTORIES**

## 22 存貨

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Consumables	易耗品	44.3	43.8

## 23 PROPERTIES HELD FOR/UNDER **DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE**

# 23 供出售待發展/發展中物業

2021

2020

		HK\$′M 百萬港元	HK\$'M 百萬港元
Current:	流動:		
Properties under development	香港境內供出售發展中物業		
for sale in Hong Kong		1,027.8	846.5
Properties under development	香港境外供出售發展中物業		
for sale outside Hong Kong		1,103.8	2,451.1
		2,131.6	3,297.6
Non-current:			
Properties held for development	香港境外供出售待發展物業		
for sale outside Hong Kong		932.4	_

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At the end of the reporting period, total borrowing costs capitalised in the properties under development for sale were HK\$62.9 million (2020: HK\$22.3 million). The properties under development for sale amounting to HK\$1,519.7 million (2020: HK\$3,297.6 million) are expected to be recovered after twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

於報告期末,62.9百萬港元(2020年:22.3百萬 港元)之總借貸成本已撥作供出售發展中物業 之成本。1,519.7百萬港元(2020年:3,297.6百萬 港元)之供出售發展中物業預期於報告期末起 計12個月後收回。

### **24 TRADE RECEIVABLES**

The credit periods allowed by the Group to its customers are dependent on the general practices in the industries concerned. For property sales, sales terms vary for each property project and are determined with reference to the prevailing market conditions. Property rentals are receivable in advance. Payments for healthcare, clubs and hotel services are receivable on demand.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables, net of allowance for credit losses, presented based on the payment due date at the end of the reporting period:

## 24 應收貿易賬款

集團給予其客戶之信貸期視乎業內一般慣例 釐定。就物業銷售而言,銷售條款按各物業 項目而異,並參照當時市況釐定。物業租金 須預先繳付。醫療保健、會所及酒店服務之 費用須於要求時繳付。

以下為應收貿易賬款(扣除信貸虧損撥備)於 報告期末按到期付款日數呈列之賬齡分析:

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Not yet due	尚未到期	42.7	0.6
Overdue:	逾期:		
0–60 days	0-60天	29.4	25.0
61-90 days	61-90天	2.2	0.6
Over 90 days	超過90天	5.2	3.3
		79.5	29.5

As at 31 March 2021, included in the Group's trade receivables balances are debtor with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$36.8 million (2020: HK\$28.9 million) which are past due as at the reporting date. Out of the past due balances, HK\$5.2 million (2020: HK\$3.3 million) has been past due 90 days or more and is not considered as in default because based on the Group's historical information, the counterparty is of a good credit quality and usually settles after due date. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

於2021年3月31日,集團之應收貿易賬款結餘 包括於報告日已到期之應收賬項,賬面值合 共為36.8百萬港元(2020年:28.9百萬港元)。逾 期結餘當中,5.2百萬港元(2020年:3.3百萬港 元)已逾期90天或以上,但由於根據集團的過 往資料,交易對手方信貸質素良好,通常於 到期日後償付,故並非視為違約。集團並無 就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

The Group has provided allowance for receivables overdue beyond 120 days because historical experience is such that receivables that are past due beyond 120 days are generally not recoverable. Management closely monitors the credit quality of trade receivables and considers the trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired to be of a good credit quality.

Details of impairment assessment are set out in Note 43.

### 25 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

### (a) DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES/BANK BALANCES AND CASH

As at 31 March 2020, included in deposits, prepayments and other receivables is an amount of HK\$191.5 million which is sale proceeds arising from property sales held by stakeholders.

As at 31 March 2020, included in deposits, prepayments and other receivables is also an amount of HK\$560.0 million which represents the cash held by a financial institution on behalf of the Group at 31 March 2020 for the settlement of the HK\$560.0 million 7-year unlisted notes with maturity date of 2 April 2020. The amount is settled subsequently upon redemption of the HK\$560.0 million 7-year unlisted notes (see Note 28).

As at 31 March 2021, bank balances and cash represent cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits at market interest rate ranging from 0.01% to 2.90% (2020: 0.01% to 2.32%) per annum. Certain property development companies of the Group place in stakeholders' accounts certain amounts of sale proceeds of properties to finance the construction of the related properties. HK\$52.2 million placed in the accounts represent normal operating fund and are presented as part of bank balances and cash.

### (b) AMOUNTS DUE FROM ASSOCIATES

The amounts due from associates are unsecured, non-trade nature, noninterest bearing and repayable on demand.

### (c) AMOUNTS DUE FROM JOINT VENTURES

The amounts due from joint ventures are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

Details of impairment assessment are set out in Note 43.

集 團 已 就 逾 期 超 過 120天 之 應 收 賬 款 計 提 撥 備,此乃由於根據過往經驗,該等逾期超過 120天之應收賬款一般屬不可收回。管理層密 切監察應收貿易賬款之信貸質素,並認為該 等並無逾期或減值之應收貿易賬款擁有良好 之信貸質素。

有關減值評估之詳情載於附註43。

## 25 其他金融資產

### (a) 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項/ 銀行結餘及現金

於2020年3月31日,按金、預付款項及其他應 收款項包括一筆金額為191.5百萬港元的款 項,該筆款項為物業銷售之銷售所得款項, 並由保管人持有。

於2020年3月31日,按金、預付款項及其他應 收款項亦包括一筆金額為560.0百萬港元的款 項,該筆款項為一家金融機構於2020年3月31 日代集團持有之現金,用作清償為數560.0百 萬港元並於2020年4月2日到期之7年期非上市 票據。該筆款項已於其後贖回有關560.0百萬 港元之7年期非上市票據時清償(見附註28)。

於2021年3月31日,銀行結餘及現金為集團 持有之現金及市場年利率介乎0.01%至2.90% (2020年: 0.01%至2.32%) 之短期銀行存款。 集團旗下若干物業發展公司於保管人賬戶中 存入若干金額之物業銷售收益,為相關物業 之建築工程提供資金。存入賬戶中之52.2百萬 港元為一般營運資金,並以銀行結餘及現金 呈列。

### (b) 應收聯營公司款項

應收聯營公司款項為無抵押、非貿易性質、 免息及須按要求償還。

### (c) 應收合營公司款項

應收合營公司款項為無抵押、免息及須按要 求償還。

有關減值評估之詳情載於附註43。

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## **26 TRADE PAYABLES, PROVISION AND ACCRUED CHARGES**

Included in trade payables, provision and accrued charges are trade payables of HK\$117.1 million (2020: HK\$137.4 million), an aged analysis presented based on the payment due date at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

# **26** 應付貿易賬款、撥備及應計費用

應付貿易賬款、撥備及應計費用中包括應付 貿易賬款117.1百萬港元(2020年:137.4百萬港 元),以下為於報告期末按到期付款日數呈列 之賬齡分析:

		2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Not yet due	尚未到期	71.3	107.0
Overdue:	逾期:		
0-60 days	0-60天	42.3	24.6
61-90 days	61-90天	0.3	2.9
Over 90 days	超過90天	3.2	2.9
		117.1	137.4

The average credit period on purchases of goods and payment for subcontractor works is 90 days.

The trade payables, provision and accrued charges include (i) construction cost accruals of HK\$365.9 million (2020: HK\$603.6 million); and (ii) provisions for certain construction obligations of HK\$328.5 million (2020: HK\$328.5 million). In the course of the property development activities, the Group is obliged to construct certain common or public facilities within the development projects in accordance with the development plans approved by the relevant authorities. Provision for such construction costs has been made when a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made and the amount of this obligation is HK\$328.5 million as at 1 April 2019, 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021.

採購貨品及支付分包工程款項之平均信貸期 為90天。

應付貿易賬款、撥備及應計費用包括(i)應計 建築成本365.9百萬港元(2020年:603.6百萬港 元);及(ii)就若干建築承擔所作撥備328.5百萬 港元(2020年:328.5百萬港元)。集團在進行物 業發展活動之過程中,須根據有關當局批准 之發展計劃,於發展項目內興建若干公共或 公眾設施。集團已於可對此項所需承擔之金 額作出可靠估計時,就該等建築成本作出撥 備。於2019年4月1日、2020年3月31日及2021 年3月31日,此項承擔金額為328.5百萬港元。

## **27 CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

## 27 合約負債

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Property sale deposits	物業銷售按金	246.8	1,170.3
Advance payments from customers	客戶預付款	83.7	34.6
		330.5	1,204.9
Less: Amount included under current liabilities	減:計入流動負債之金額	(300.2)	(1,204.9)
Amount included under non-current liabilities	計入非流動負債之金額	30.3	_

The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised in the 下表載列於本年度有多少已確認收入與結轉 current year relates to carried-forward contract liabilities.

合約負債有關。

		<b>2021</b> <b>HK\$′M</b> 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities balances at the beginning of the year:	計入年初合約負債結餘 的已確認收入:		
Property sales deposits	物業銷售按金	1,167.5	1,548.7
Advance payment from customers	客戶預付款	34.6	25.6
		1,202.1	1,574.3

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### 28 BANK AND OTHER LOANS

## 28 銀行及其他貸款

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Bank loans (note a)	銀行貸款(附註a)	7,418.8	6,249.6
Bonds and notes (note b)	債券及票據(附註b)	266.0	1,071.6
Less: Amount included under current liabilities (including bank loans with a repayable	減:計入流動負債之金額(包括具有 可隨時要求償還條款之銀行	7,684.8	7,321.2
on demand clause)	貸款)	(776.8)	(4,108.8)
Amount included under non-current liabilities	計入非流動負債之金額	6,908.0	3,212.4
Bank and other loans are repayable:	銀行及其他貸款須於下列期限償還:		
On demand or within one year	按要求或一年內	776.8	4,108.8
Between one and two years	一至兩年內	105.0	460.4
Between two and five years	二至五年內	6,803.0	2,752.0
		7,684.8	7,321.2
Secured	有抵押	140.0	144.0
Unsecured	無抵押	7,544.8	7,177.2
		7,684.8	7,321.2
Bank loans that contain a repayable on demand clause (shown under current liabilities) and the scheduled payment is (note c): Within one year	日 具有可隨時要求償還條款之銀行貸款 (於流動負債列示)且還款期為 (附註c): 一年內	465.3	526.1

### Notes:

- (a) As at 31 March 2021, the Group's bank loans carried interest at an average margin of 0.96% (2020: 1.06%) plus HIBOR, other relevant interbank offered rates or other benchmark interest rates per annum.
- (b) (i) On 2 April 2013, the Company issued principal amount of HK\$560.0 million 7-year unlisted notes at a coupon rate of 4.5% per annum. The unlisted notes were fully settled in April 2020.
- (ii) On 10 April 2013, the Company established a US\$1.0 billion Medium Term Note Programme ("MTN Programme"). In May 2013, a total principal amount of HK\$238.0 million 7-year unlisted notes at a coupon rate of 4.3% per annum was issued under the MTN Programme. The unlisted notes were fully settled in May 2020.
- (iii) As at 31 March 2021, there was outstanding bond with principal amount of HK\$266.0 million (2020: HK\$273.6 million) which carried interest at an average margin of 0.47% (2020: 0.47%) plus the relevant interbank offered rates per annum.
- (c) The amounts due are based on scheduled payment dates set out in the respective loan agreements.

### 附註:

- (a) 於2021年3月31日,集團銀行借貸按每年0.96%(2020 年:1.06%)之平均邊際息率加香港銀行同業拆息率、其 他相關銀行同業拆息率或其他基準利率計息。
- (b) (i) 於2013年4月2日,本公司發行本金額560.0百萬 港元之7年期按每年4.5%票面利率計息之非上市票據。 該批非上市票據已於2020年4月悉數清償。
- (ii) 於2013年4月10日,本公司設立10億美元之中期票 據計劃(「中期票據計劃」)。於2013年5月,根據中期票 據計劃已發行本金總額238.0百萬港元之7年期按每年 4.3%票面利率計息之非上市票據。該批非上市票據已 於2020年5月悉數清償。
- (iii) 於2021年3月31日,未償還債券之本金額為266.0百 萬港元(2020年: 273.6百萬港元),按每年0.47%(2020 年: 0.47%) 之平均邊際息率加相關銀行同業拆息率
- (c) 到期款項乃按各自的貸款協議所載還款期計算。

## **29 LEASE LIABILITIES**

## 29 租賃負債

	2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Lease liabilities payable: 應付租賃負債:		
Within one year 一年內	19.0	17.3
Within a period of more than one year but   一年以上但不超過兩年之期間內		
not more than two years	9.5	12.7
Within a period of more than two years but 网年以上但不超過五年之期間內		
not more than five years	8.2	11.9
Within a period of more than five years     五年以上之期間內	40.1	41.1
	76.8	83.0
Less: Amount due for settlement with 12 减:於流動負債列示12個月內到期		
months shown under current liabilities    償還之款項	(18.9)	(17.3)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months 於非流動負債列示12個月後到期償還		
shown under non-current liabilities 之款項	57.9	65.7

Lease obligations that are denominated in currencies other than the 以相關集團實體之功能貨幣以外的貨幣計值 functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below: 之租賃承擔載列如下:

		Japanese yen 日圓 HK\$′M 百萬港元	Renminbi 人民幣 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Thai baht 泰銖 HK\$'M 百萬港元
As at 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	0.6	4.4	1.9
As at 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	1.8	7.3	2.7

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## **30 OTHER LIABILITIES**

## 30 其他負債

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Advances from non-controlling shareholders	非控股股東之墊款		
(note a)	(附註a)	519.7	695.6
Advance from a joint venture (note b)	合營公司之墊款(附註b)	-	175.6
Club debentures (note c)	會所債券(附註c)	812.3	809.9
		1,332.0	1,681.1
Less: Amount due within one year included	減:計入流動負債之一年內		
under current liabilities	到期款項	(295.0)	(350.6)
Amount due after one year	一年後到期款項	1,037.0	1,330.5

#### Notes:

- (a) The amount represents advances from non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries to finance operation of those subsidiaries. The amounts carry interest at 3-month HIBOR plus 3.5% per annum up to 31 December 2020. From 1 January 2021, the amounts carry interest at 1-month HIBOR plus 2.5% per annum. Except for the advance from a non-controlling shareholder amounting to HK\$295.0 million, which is expected to be settled in the coming twelve months that is presented as current liabilities, the remaining amount is not repayable within one year.
- (b) The advance from a joint venture is unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.
- (c) Club debentures are non-interest bearing, unsecured, redeemable on their maturity dates in 2047. These debentures are issued to members of the following clubs operated by the Group and the principal amount of the club debentures issued are as follows:

#### 附註:

- (a) 該款項為附屬公司非控股股東墊款,用以撥付該等 附屬公司營運所需。直至2020年12月31日為止,該款項 按三個月期香港銀行同業拆息加3.5%之年利率計算利 息。自2021年1月1日起,該款項按一個月期香港銀行 同業拆息加2.5%之年利率計算利息。除為數295.0百萬 港元並預期於未來12個月內償還之非控股股東墊款(呈 列為流動負債)外,餘下款項毋須於一年內償還。
- (b) 有關合營公司之墊款為無抵押、免息及須按要求
- (c) 會所債券為免息、無抵押及可於2047年內各自之到 期日贖回。此等債券乃發行予下列由集團所經營之會 所的會員,已發行之會計債券之本金額如下:

		2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Discovery Bay Golf Club Discovery Bay Recreation Club	愉景灣高爾夫球會 愉景灣康樂會	661.2 151.1	661.2 148.7
		812.3	809.9

As at 31 March 2021, the carrying amounts of club debentures at amortised cost and deferred income amounted to HK\$597.0 million (2020: HK\$587.1 million) and HK\$215.3 million (2020: HK\$222.8 million) respectively.

於2021年3月31日,按攤銷成本計量之會所債券以及遞 延收入之賬面值分別為597.0百萬港元(2020年:587.1百 萬港元)及215.3百萬港元(2020年:222.8百萬港元)。

### 31 DEFERRED TAXATION

## 31 遞延税項

The following are the major deferred tax (liabilities)/assets recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting years:

以下為已確認之主要遞延税項(負債)/資產以 及其於現行及過往報告年度之變動:

			Fair value		Distributable		
		Accelerated	change of		profits of		
		tax	investment	Tax	foreign	Others	
		depreciation	properties	losses	subsidiaries	(note)	Total
			投資物業		境外附屬		
		加速税項	公平值	税項	公司可供	其他	
		折舊	變動	虧損	分派溢利	(附註)	總計
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
At 1 April 2019	於2019年4月1日	(248.3)	(119.3)	25.0	(51.0)	27.1	(366.5)
Exchange translation differences	匯兑差額	-	8.4	-	3.0	(2.9)	8.5
(Charge)/credit to profit or loss	(扣除)/計入損益	(19.5)	0.6	15.8	(47.3)	(25.9)	(76.3)
Credit to investment revaluation reserve	計入投資重估儲備	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	(267.8)	(110.3)	40.8	(95.3)	(0.7)	(433.3)
Exchange translation differences	匯兑差額	(0.2)	(5.8)	-	(6.9)	0.3	(12.6)
(Charge)/credit to profit or loss	(扣除)/計入損益	(14.0)	21.9	39.3	(16.1)	60.4	91.5
Charge to investment revaluation	扣除投資重估儲備						
reserve		-	-	-	-	(0.7)	(0.7)
At 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	(282.0)	(94.2)	80.1	(118.3)	59.3	(355.1)

Note: These mainly represent net deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised in relation to unrealised profit of certain property development projects and gain on fair value change upon transfer of properties held for sale and properties under development for sale to investment properties.

附註:此乃主要表示就若干物業發展項目未變現溢利 所確認之遞延税項資產/(負債)淨額以及由持作出售物 業及供出售發展中物業轉撥至投資物業時之公平值變 動收益。

For the purposes of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for financial reporting purposes:

就呈報綜合財務狀況表而言,若干遞延税項 資產及負債已按集團之會計政策抵銷。以下 為用於財務呈報目的之遞延税項結餘(抵銷 後)分析:

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元 —————————	百萬港元
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(469.0)	(472.7)
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	113.9	39.4
		(355.1)	(433.3)

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At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$1,940.2 million (2020: HK\$1,569.9 million) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$485.5 million (2020: HK\$247.3 million) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$1,454.7 million (2020: HK\$1,322.6 million) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has deductible temporary differences of HK\$210.0 million (2020: HK\$210.6 million) mainly arising from impairment losses recognised in respect of property, plant and equipment, inventory and certain financial assets at amortised cost. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary difference as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

於報告期末,集團未使用税項虧損為1,940.2百 萬港元(2020年:1,569.9百萬港元),可用於抵 銷未來溢利。其中約485.5百萬港元(2020年: 247.3百萬港元)虧損已確認遞延税項資產。由 於無法預測未來溢利流入,因此並無就餘額 1,454.7 百萬港元(2020年:1,322.6 百萬港元)確 認遞延税項資產。

於報告期末,集團主要因物業、廠房及設備、 存貨及若干按攤銷成本計量之金融資產之已 確認減值虧損所引致之可扣減暫時差額為 210.0百萬港元(2020年:210.6百萬港元)。由於 不大可能有應課税溢利可用於抵銷可扣減暫 時差額,因此並無就該等可扣減暫時差額確 認遞延税項資產。

Number

### 32 SHARE CAPITAL

## 32 股本

		of shares 股數	HK\$′M 百萬港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.25 each	每股面值0.25港元之普通股		H 197070
Authorised: At 1 April 2019, 31 March 2020, 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021	法定: 於2019年4月1日、2020年3月31日、 2020年4月1日及2021年3月31日	4,000,000,000	1,000.0
Issued and fully paid: At 1 April 2019, 31 March 2020, 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021	已發行及繳足: 於2019年4月1日、2020年3月31日、 2020年4月1日及2021年3月31日	1,485,301,803	371.3

### 33 SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme") on 8 September 2011 which permits the directors of the Company to grant options to all directors (including any Executive Directors, Non-executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors), full-time employees and any consultants (employed on a contract basis) of the Company, its subsidiaries and/or its associated companies to subscribe for shares in the Company.

At 31 March 2021, the number of shares in respect of which share options had been granted and remained outstanding under the Scheme was 44,880,000 (2020: 45,100,000), representing 3.0% of the shares of the Company in issue at that date.

## 33 股份期權計劃

本公司於2011年9月8日採納了股份期權計劃 (「該計劃」),該計劃容許本公司董事向本公 司、其附屬公司及/或其聯營公司之所有董事 (包括任何執行董事、非執行董事及獨立非執 行董事)、全職僱員及任何以合約形式聘用之 顧問授出可認購本公司股份之股份期權。

於2021年3月31日,根據該計劃已授出但 尚未行使之股份期權所涉及之股份數目為 44,880,000股(2020年:45,100,000股),相當於該 日本公司已發行股份之3.0%。

Details of the movements of the share options granted are as follows: 已授出股份期權之變動詳情如下:

## Number of share option 股份期權數目

Category of participants	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise price per share HK\$ 每股	2019 and	Lapsed during the year ended 31 March 2021 於截至 2021年 3月31日 止年度	Outstanding as at 31 March 2021 於2021年 3月31日
參與者類別	授出日期	行使期	港元	尚未行使	失效	尚未行使
Director 董事	28 February 2017 2017年2月28日	28 February 2017 to 27 February 2027 2017年2月28日至2027年2月27日	3.845	12,760,000	-	12,760,000
Director 董事	12 March 2018 2018年3月12日	12 March 2018 to 11 March 2028 2018年3月12日至2028年3月11日	4.373	20,460,000	-	20,460,000
Ex-director 前董事	28 February 2017 2017年2月28日	28 February 2017 to 27 February 2027 2017年2月28日至2027年2月27日	3.845	4,400,000	-	4,400,000
Ex-director 前董事	12 March 2018 2018年3月12日	12 March 2018 to 11 March 2028 2018年3月12日至2028年3月11日	4.373	6,380,000	-	6,380,000
Employee 僱員	12 March 2018 2018年3月12日	12 March 2018 to 11 March 2028 2018年3月12日至2028年3月11日	4.373	1,100,000	(220,000)	880,000
				45,100,000	(220,000)	44,880,000
Exercisable at t 年末可行使	he end of the year					44,880,000

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## **34 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

## 34 綜合現金流量表附註

### (a) RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO **NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS**

## (a) 除税前溢利與營運所得現金淨額 之對賬

		Notes 附註	2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
	除税前溢利		1,640.7	2,522.0
Adjustments for Finance costs	就以下項目作出之調整 財務費用	8	88.3	271.8
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之 折舊	9	179.1	168.9
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	9	22.2	22.2
Amortisation of bonds Impairment loss on investments in debt instruments	債券之攤銷 按攤銷成本計量之債務		_	0.9
measured at amortised cost	工具投資之減值虧損	7	0.2	0.3
Impairment loss (reversed)/recognised on loans to joint ventures	(撥回)/確認貸款予 合營公司之減值虧損	7	(0.3)	0.7
Impairment loss on other receivables	其他應收款項之減值		,	
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	虧損 物業、廠房及設備之	7	_	3.7
	減值虧損	7	_	3.3
Share of results of associates Net loss/(gain) from financial assets	分佔聯營公司業績 金融資產虧損/(收益)	18	0.1	0.1
	淨額		2.9	(48.3)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備 之虧損	7	3.0	0.4
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	36	_	(182.5)
Net gain on deregistration of subsidiaries	撤銷註冊附屬公司之 淨收益		(77.2)	_
Share of results of joint ventures	分佔合營公司業績	19	(220.6)	(506.6)
Realised gains on disposal of investment properties	出售投資物業時之 已變現收益		(3.5)	(3.3)
Interest income	利息收入	6	(50.1)	(58.3)
Unrealised gains on change in fair value of investment properties	投資物業公平值變動之 未變現收益		(20.0)	(144.1)
Change in working capital	營運資金變動		(2010)	(1111)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories Decrease in properties held for sale	存貨(增加)/減少 持作出售物業減少		(0.4) 464.5	0.4 284.7
Decrease/(increase) in properties held for/under	供出售待發展/發展中		404.5	204.7
development for sale	物業減少/(增加)		480.1	(430.9)
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	應收貿易賬款(增加)/ 減少		(50.0)	3.9
Decrease/(increase) in deposits, prepayments	按金、預付款項及其他 應收款項減少/(增加)		305.9	(255.0)
and other receivables Increase in mortgage instalment receivables	應收款項減少八增加之		(123.0)	(255.0) (40.4)
Increase in amounts due from joint ventures	應收合營公司款項增加		(4.4)	(16.8)
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables, provision and accrued charges	應付貿易賬款、撥備及應計費用(減少)/增加		(256.9)	113.4
(Decrease)/increase in deposits received	已收按金及其他金融負			
and other financial liabilities Decrease in contract liabilities	債(減少)/增加 合約負債減少		(41.7) (897.4)	41.4 (394.4)
Cash generated from operations	營運所得現金		1,441.5	1,357.5

### (b) RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM **FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

### (b) 融資活動所產生負債之對賬

下表詳列集團融資活動所產生負債之變動(包 括現金及非現金變動)。融資活動所產生之負 債指其現金流量已或未來現金流量將於集團 綜合現金流量表中分類為融資活動現金流量 之負債。

		Dividend payables	Interest payables	Bank and other loans	Advances from non- controlling shareholders and a joint venture 非控股股東	Club debentures	Lease liabilities	Total
				銀行及	及合營公司		租賃	
		應付股息 HK\$'M	應付利息 HK\$'M	其他貸款 HK\$'M	之墊款 HK\$'M	會所債券 HK\$'M	負債 HK\$'M	總計 HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
At 1 April 2020	於2020年4月1日	_	_	7,321.2	871.2	809.9	83.0	9,085.3
Financing cash flows	融資現金流量	(163.4)	(119.1)	392.7	(195.7)	2.4	(23.7)	(106.8)
Exchange translation differences	匯兑差額	-	-	(29.1)	-	-	0.6	(28.5)
Interest expenses	利息開支	-	81.7	-	3.6	-	3.0	88.3
Interests capitalised in the qualifying assets	於合資格資產資本化 之利息							
– Properties under development for sale	-供出售發展中物業	_	35.3	_	10.5	_	_	45.8
– Investment properties	-投資物業	_	_	_	4.0	_	_	4.0
– Property, plant and equipment	-物業、廠房及設備	-	2.1	-	1.7	-	-	3.8
Dividend from a joint venture	來自合營公司之股息	-	-	-	(175.6)	-	-	(175.6)
Dividends declared	已宣派股息	163.4	-	-	-	-	-	163.4
New leases entered	已訂立新租賃	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.3
Renewal of lease	續訂租賃	-	-	-	-	-	13.6	13.6
At 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	-	-	7,684.8	519.7	812.3	76.8	9,093.6

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					Advances			
					from non-			
					controlling			
		D:		D	shareholders	CL I		
		Dividend	Interest	Bank and	and a joint	Club	Lease	
		payables	payables	other loans	venture	debentures	liabilities	Total
					非控股股東			
				銀行及	及合營公司		租賃	
		應付股息	應付利息	其他貸款	之墊款	會所債券	負債	總計
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
At 1 April 2019	於2019年4月1日	_	_	6,686.6	561.2	809.9	64.6	8,122.3
Financing cash flows	融資現金流量	(169.4)	(267.6)	617.7	275.2	_	(26.0)	429.9
Exchange translation differences	匯兑差額	_	_	16.0	_	_	(0.7)	15.3
Interest expenses	利息開支	_	267.6	_	_	_	4.2	271.8
Interests capitalised in the qualifying assets	於合資格資產資本化							
, , , ,	之利息							
– Properties under development for sale	-供出售發展中物業	_	_	_	26.8	_	_	26.8
– Investment properties	-投資物業	_	_	_	4.9	_	_	4.9
– Property, plant and equipment	-物業、廠房及設備	_	_	_	3.1	_	_	3.1
Dividends declared	已宣派股息	169.4	_	_	_	_	_	169.4
New leases entered	已訂立新租賃	_	_	_	_	_	56.4	56.4
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 36)	出售附屬公司(附註36)	_	_	_	_	_	(14.8)	(14.8)
Termination of lease	終止租賃	_	_	_	_	_	(0.7)	(0.7)
Others	其他	-	-	0.9	-	-	-	0.9
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	-	-	7,321.2	871.2	809.9	83.0	9,085.3

### (c) ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH **EQUIVALENTS**

## (c) 現金及現金等值項目結餘分析

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	3,060.9	2,511.4

The market interest rate of the bank balances at 31 March 2021 was in the range of 0.01% to 2.90% (2020: 0.01% to 2.32%) per annum. The directors of the Company consider the carrying amount of the Group's bank balances and cash at the end of the reporting period approximates their corresponding fair values.

銀行結餘於2021年3月31日之市場利率在年利 率 0.01% 至 2.90% (2020 年: 0.01% 至 2.32%) 之 範 圍內。本公司董事認為集團的銀行結餘及現 金於報告期末之賬面值與相應公平值相若。

For the years ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020, the Group performed impairment assessment on bank balances and concluded that the probability of defaults of the counterparty bank is insignificant and accordingly, no allowance for credit losses is provided.

截至2021年3月31日及2020年3月31日止年度, 集團已對銀行結餘進行減值評估,並認為交 易銀行違約的可能性不大,因此並無就信貸 虧損作出撥備。

## **35 ACQUISITIONS OF SUBSIDIARIES**

## On 18 June 2019, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement with independent third parties to acquire the entire issued capital of Dorro Properties Limited, at a cash consideration of HK\$758.9 million. The acquisition was completed on 5 August 2019. The major asset of Dorro Properties Limited is an investment property representing a block of residential building situated in Hong Kong.

The directors of the Company were of the opinion that this transaction did not constitute business combinations as defined in HKFRS 3, therefore, the acquisition had been accounted for as an acquisition of assets. Details of the transaction are summarised as follows:

The assets acquired and liabilities assumed on the date of acquisition:

## 35 收購附屬公司

於2019年6月18日,本公司一家間接全資附屬 公司與獨立第三方訂立買賣協議,以收購德 和置業有限公司之全部已發行股本,現金代 價為758.9百萬港元。該收購於2019年8月5日 完成。德和置業有限公司之主要資產為一項 投資物業,其為一棟位於香港的住宅大廈。

本公司董事認為,該交易並不構成香港財務 報告準則第3號所界定的業務合併,因此,該 收購已按資產收購入賬。該交易之詳情概列 如下:

於收購當日之所收購資產及所承擔負債:

HK\$'M 百萬港元

Investment properties	投資物業	760.0
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	0.1
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項	0.2
Trade payables, provision and accrued charges	應付貿易賬款、撥備及應計費用	(0.1)
Deposits received and other financial liabilities	已收按金及其他金融負債	(1.2)
Taxation payable	應付税項	(0.1)
Net assets acquired	被收購之資產淨值	758.9
Satisfied by:		
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價	758.9
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition:	收購之現金流出淨額:	
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價	758.9

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### **36 DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES**

On 6 December 2019, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, Healthway Asia Limited entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party, and pursuant to which Healthway Asia Limited disposed of its entire interest in Healthway Philippines, Inc. and its shareholders' loans to Healthway Philippines, Inc. granted by the Group, Healthway Philippines, Inc. and its subsidiaries are engaged in operation of medical clinics in the Philippines. The aggregate cash consideration for the disposal is approximately HK\$225.0 million and the net consideration after the transaction costs is HK\$210.6 million.

The disposal was completed on 17 January 2020.

Assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries on the date of disposal are as follows:

## 36 出售附屬公司

於2019年12月6日,本公司之全資附屬公司 健維亞洲有限公司與獨立第三方訂立買賣 協議,據此,健維亞洲有限公司出售其於 Healthway Philippines, Inc.之全部權益及集團授予 Healthway Philippines, Inc.之股東貸款。Healthway Philippines, Inc.及其附屬公司於菲律賓從事經 營醫療診所之業務。出售之現金代價合共約 為225.0百萬港元,而扣除交易成本後之代價 淨額為210.6百萬港元。

出售事項於2020年1月17日完成。

附屬公司於出售當日之資產及負債如下:

HK\$'M

		百萬港元
Net assets disposed of:	出售之資產淨值:	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	8.2
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	14.3
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬款	8.8
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項	23.7
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	17.8
Trade payables, provision and accrued charges	應付貿易賬款、撥備及應計費用	(25.3)
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	(14.8)
Other liabilities	其他負債	(2.6)
		30.1
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries:	出售附屬公司之收益:	
Net consideration received	已收代價淨額	210.6
Net assets disposed of	出售之資產淨值	(30.1)
Cumulative exchange differences in respect of	就因失去附屬公司控制權而將	
the net assets of the subsidiaries reclassified	附屬公司資產淨值由權益	
from equity to profit or loss on loss of	重新分類至損益之	
control of the subsidiaries	累計匯兑差額	2.0
		182.5
Less: Taxation	減:税項	(19.0)
Net gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益淨額	163.5
Net cash inflows arising on disposal	出售之現金流入淨額	
Net consideration received	已收代價淨額	210.6
Bank balance and cash disposed of	出售之銀行結餘及現金	(17.8)
		192.8

### 37 PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 March 2021, certain bank loans of the Group were secured by investment properties at the carrying value of HK\$306.6 million (2020: HK\$315.4 million).

In addition, the loans to a joint venture by the Group amounting to approximately HK\$803.9 million (2020: HK\$771.9 million) were subordinated to banks to secure a banking facility granted to the joint venture for financing the properties development project.

## 37 資產抵押

於2021年3月31日, 賬面值為306.6百萬港元 (2020年:315.4百萬港元)之投資物業已作為 集團之若干銀行貸款之抵押。

此外,為使一家合營公司獲授予銀行信貸 額,作為物業發展項目之資金,集團已就向 該合營公司提供約803.9百萬港元(2020年: 771.9百萬港元)之貸款向銀行作後償保證。

### 38 FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACTS

## 38 財務擔保合約

	2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Guarantee given, to the extent of the Group's 以集團股權比例為限,就被投資 proportionate share, in respect of a banking facility granted to an investee company (note a) Guarantee given, to the extent of the Group's 以集團股權比例為限,就附屬公	103.2	117.4
proportionate share, in respect of a banking facility granted to a subsidiary for the development of projects (note a)   「中国 如果 图像 作品 的 例像 可以	150.0	-
Guarantee given, to the extent of the Group's 以集團股權比例為限,就合營公 proportionate share, in respect of a banking facility granted to a joint venture for the development of 作出之擔保(附註a)		770.2
projects (note a)  Guarantees given by subsidiaries in respect of mortgage facilities granted to purchasers of the rospect of by subsidiaries in respect of purchasers of the rospect of by subsidiaries in respect of	1,052.5	779.3
Group's properties (note b)	-	342.3

#### Notes:

(a) No provision for financial guarantee contracts has been recognised in the consolidated financial statements as, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the fair value of the financial guarantee on initial recognition and the amount of provision to be recognised subsequently was insignificant.

(b) The guarantees are given to banks in respect of mortgage facilities granted by certain banks relating to the mortgage loans arranged for certain purchasers of the Group's properties. Such guarantees will be released by banks upon the earlier of issue of the relevant real estate ownership certificate to the purchasers or the banks have satisfied themselves to release the guarantees in certain circumstances. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the possibility of default of the parties involved is remote and the fair values of these financial guarantee contracts are insignificant on initial recognition and therefore no provision for financial guarantee contracts has been made at the end of the reporting period.

#### 附註:

(a) 本公司董事認為,由於初始確認的財務擔保之公平 值及其後將予確認的撥備金額並不重大,故並無於綜 合財務報表內確認財務擔保合約之撥備。

(b) 該等擔保乃就若干銀行授出的按揭貸款額而向該等 銀行提供,而該等按揭貸款額涉及為集團若干物業買 家而安排之按揭貸款。銀行將會於買家獲發相關房地 產所有權證或銀行確認可就若干情況解除擔保(以較 早者為準)時解除擔保。本公司董事認為,相關方違約 之可能性甚微,且該等財務擔保合約初始確認之公平 值並不重大,因此於報告期末並無就財務擔保合約作

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### **39 COMMITMENTS**

## 39 承擔

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Contracted but not provided for:	已簽約但未作撥備:		
Capital expenditure in respect of investment	投資物業以及物業、廠房及設備		
properties and property, plant and equipment	之資本開支	108.9	207.2
Others	其他	2.7	4.3
		111.6	211.5

### **40 LEASING ARRANGEMENTS**

#### THE GROUP AS LESSOR

Property rental income earned from investment properties and other properties during the year was HK\$478.8 million (2020: HK\$504.6 million) in aggregate, of which HK\$466.5 million (2020: HK\$493.0 million) was generated from investment properties of the Group. Investment properties and other properties with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$15,235.3 million (2020: HK\$14,927.9 million) were held for rental purposes at the end of the reporting period. Depreciation charge for the year in respect of other properties was HK\$1.3 million (2020: HK\$1.3 million). The properties held have committed tenants for a period from one to thirteen years. At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum leases payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

## 40 租賃安排

### 集團為出租人

投資物業及其他物業於年內賺取之物業租金 收入合共為478.8百萬港元(2020年:504.6百萬 港元),其中466.5百萬港元(2020年:493.0百 萬港元)源自集團投資物業。於報告期末,賬 面值合共15,235.3百萬港元(2020年:14,927.9百 萬港元)之投資物業及其他物業乃持作租賃用 途。本年度內有關其他物業之折舊支出為1.3 百萬港元(2020年:1.3百萬港元)。所持有物業 已承租的租期由一至十三年不等。於報告期 末,集團已與租戶訂約,而根據不可撤銷經 營租賃於下列期間到期之未來最低租賃付款 如下:

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive Over five years	一年內 第二至第五年(包括首尾兩年) 五年以上	395.8 385.8 0.5	426.1 598.8 3.9
		782.1	1,028.8

### 41 RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

#### **HONG KONG**

In order to comply with Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") with employer's voluntary contributions has been established on 1 December 2000.

For the members of the MPF Scheme, the Group contributes 5% of the relevant payroll costs to the MPF Scheme, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000 effective 1 June 2014 for the MPF Scheme, which contribution is matched by the employee. The Group also makes voluntary contribution in addition to the mandatory contribution.

The amount charged to profit or loss represents contributions paid or payable of HK\$20.8 million (2020: HK\$21.5 million) to the MPF Scheme by the Group, less forfeitures on voluntary contribution of HK\$3.7 million (2020: HK\$4.2 million) arising from employees leaving the Group prior to completion of the qualifying service period.

At the end of the reporting period, there is no forfeited contributions, which arose upon employees leaving the retirement benefits schemes and which are available to reduce the contributions payable in future years (2020: nil).

### **MAINLAND CHINA AND OVERSEAS**

The employees of the Group in mainland China and overseas are members of state-managed retirement benefits schemes operated by the respective local governments in relevant jurisdictions. The Group is required to contribute and recognise a specified percentage of payroll costs to the schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligations of the Group with respect to these schemes are to make the specified contributions and recognise the respective retirement pay in accordance with terms set out in the schemes and relevant jurisdiction requirements.

The total cost charged to profit or loss in respect of the abovementioned schemes in the relevant jurisdictions amounted to approximately HK\$4.1 million (2020: HK\$8.2 million).

## 41 退休福利計劃

### 香港

為符合強制性公積金計劃條例,訂有僱主自 願供款之強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」) 已於2000年12月1日設立。

就強積金計劃之成員而言,集團乃按有關工 資成本之5%對強積金計劃供款,強積金計 劃供款之每月相關收入上限為30,000港元(於 2014年6月1日生效),而所供款項與僱員所供 款項相符。除強制供款外,集團亦作出自願 供款。

於損益扣除之數額為集團已付或須付予強積 金計劃之供款20.8百萬港元(2020年:21.5百萬 港元)並減除員工在合資格服務期結束前離 開集團所沒收之自願供款之數額3.7百萬港元 (2020年:4.2百萬港元)。

於報告期末,並未有因員工退出該等退休福 利計劃而沒收之供款,而此等供款可於未來 數年之應付供款中扣除(2020年:無)。

### 中國內地及海外

集團中國內地及海外僱員為由相關司法權區 各自之地方政府管理之國營退休福利計劃之 成員。集團須按工資成本之指定百分比向有 關計劃供款並確認作為有關福利計劃之資 金。就此等計劃而言,集團之唯一責任為作 出所規定之供款,並根據該等計劃之條款及 有關司法權區之規定確認各自之退休金。

就上述於有關司法權區之計劃於損益扣除 之總成本約為4.1百萬港元(2020年:8.2百萬 港元)。

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### **42 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes long-term bank and other loans, short-term bank loans and other liabilities as disclosed in Notes 28 and 30, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and accumulated profits.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a periodic basis. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors of the Company, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

## 42 資本風險管理

為確保集團旗下各實體可繼續持續經營,集 團對其資本實行管理,並透過使債務及股本 達致最佳平衡而為股東取得最大回報。集團 之整體策略與過往年度維持不變。

集團之資本結構包括債務淨額(當中包括附註 28及30所披露之長期銀行及其他貸款、短期 銀行貸款及其他負債,扣除現金及現金等值 項目)及本公司擁有人應佔權益(包括已發行 股本、儲備及累計溢利)。

本公司董事定期檢討資本結構。作為此項檢 討之一部分,本公司董事已考慮資金成本及 各類資本之相關風險。根據本公司董事之建 議,集團將派付股息、發行新股、購回股份及 發行新債務或贖回現有債務,藉以平衡整體 資本結構。

### **43 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

### **CATEGORIES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

## 43 金融工具

### 金融工具之類別

		HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	527.3	488.8
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產	10,261.6	9,605.7
Equity instruments measured at FVTOCI	按公平值計入其他全面收益		
	計量之股本工具	52.6	69.5
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Amortised cost	攤銷成本	9,308.7	9,364.3

### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND **POLICIES**

The Group's major financial instruments include equity instruments measured at FVTOCI, financial assets at FVTPL, investments in debt instruments measured at amortised cost, trade receivables, amounts due from associates, loans to joint ventures, amounts due from joint ventures, bank balances and cash, other financial assets, trade payables, deposits received and other financial liabilities, bank and other loans and other liabilities. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

### **Currency risk**

The Group does not have significant exposure to foreign currency risk as majority of the Group's sales and purchases are denominated in currency which is the functional currency of the respective group entities except for certain bank balances, loans to joint ventures, financial assets at FVTPL and FVTOCI and investments in debt instruments measured at amortised cost which are denominated in foreign currency, other than the functional currency of the respective group entities.

The carrying amounts of the group entities' foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities at the reporting date are as follows:

### 金融風險管理目標及政策

集團主要金融工具包括按公平值計入其他全 面收益計量之股本工具、按公平值計入損益 之金融資產、按攤銷成本計量之債務工具投 資、應收貿易賬款、應收聯營公司款項、貸款 予合營公司、應收合營公司款項、銀行結餘 及現金、其他金融資產、應付貿易賬款、已 收按金及其他金融負債、銀行及其他貸款以 及其他負債。該等金融工具詳情於相關附註 披露。該等金融工具相關風險包括市場風險 (貨幣風險、利率風險及其他價格風險)、信貸 風險以及流動資金風險。如何減低該等風險 之政策載於下文。管理層管理及監察該等風 險,以確保及時及有效地推行適當措施。

#### 貨幣風險

除若干銀行結餘、貸款予合營公司、按公平 值計入損益及按公平值計入其他全面收益之 金融資產及按攤銷成本計量之債務工具投資 以外幣而並非以有關集團實體功能貨幣列值 外,集團大部分買賣均以有關集團實體之功 能貨幣列值,故集團並無承受重大外幣匯兑 風險。

集團實體於報告日以外幣列值之資產及負債 之賬面值如下:

		Asse	ets	Liabilities		
	資產		負	債		
Currency	貨幣	2021	<b>2021</b> 2020		2020	
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	
Renminbi	 人民幣	273.0	1.8	_	_	
US dollar	美元	4,695.1	4,843.6	_	_	
Thai baht	泰銖	324.8	300.2	_	-	
Euro dollar	歐元	73.5	71.8	_	-	
Singapore dollar	新加坡元	76.2	_	_	_	
Others	其他	13.4	14.0	_	-	

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#### Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the currency risk of US dollar and Thai baht. The sensitivity analysis excludes balances which are denominated in US dollars for an entity with Hong Kong dollars as its functional currency since Hong Kong dollar is pegged to US dollar.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% decrease in the functional currency of the respective group entities against the relevant foreign currencies. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnels and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. The analysis illustrates the impact for a 5% weakening of the functional currency of the respective group entities against the relevant foreign currency and a positive number below indicates an increase in profits for the year and in exchange reserve. For a 5% strengthening of the functional currency of the respective group entities against the relevant foreign currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profits for the year and exchange reserve.

#### 敏感度分析

集團主要承受美元及泰銖產生之貨幣風險。 由於港元與美元掛鈎,因此敏感度分析不包 括實體(以港元作為其功能貨幣)以美元列值 之結餘。

下表詳列集團對於相關集團實體之功能貨幣 兑相關外幣匯率下降5%之敏感度。5%為向 主要管理人員內部匯報外幣風險所用之敏 感率,並為管理層對匯率合理可能變動之評 估。敏感度分析僅包括以外幣列值之尚未結 算貨幣項目,並於報告期末調整其換算以反 映匯率之5%變動。下列分析闡述相關集團實 體之功能貨幣兑有關外幣貶值5%之影響,下 表正數表示本年度溢利及匯兑儲備之增加。 倘相關集團實體之功能貨幣兑有關外幣出現 5%之升值,則將會對本年度溢利及匯兑儲備 造成相反之等值影響。

				Increa	se in
		Increase i	n profits	exchange	reserve
		溢利	增加	匯兑儲金	備增加
Currency	貨幣	2021	2020	2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Danminhi		13.6	0.1		
Renminbi	人民幣	13.0	0.1	_	_
US dollar	美元	-	-	212.6	221.5
Thai baht	泰銖	_	_	16.2	15.0
Euro dollar	歐元	2.1	1.7	1.6	1.9
Singapore dollar	新加坡元	3.8	_	_	_

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect that during the year.

管理層認為,由於報告期末風險並不能反映 年內之風險,故敏感度分析並不代表固有之 外匯風險。

#### Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to investments in debt instruments measured at amortised cost and debt securities at FVTPL (see Note 20), fixed-rate loans to joint ventures and fixed-rate bank deposits, borrowings (see Note 28) and lease liabilities (see Note 29). The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank deposits and borrowings (see Notes 25(a) and 28), loans to joint ventures, advances from non-controlling shareholders (see Note 30) and mortgage instalment receivables (see Note 21). It is the Group's policy to keep its borrowings at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of HIBOR, other relevant interbank offered rates or other benchmark interest rates arising from the Group's borrowings.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. The variable-rate bank deposits have been excluded from sensitivity analysis as the management of the Group considered that the interest rate fluctuation is not significant. For variable-rate bank borrowings, loans to joint ventures, advances from non-controlling shareholders and mortgage instalment receivables, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability and asset outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnels and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's:

profit for the year ended 31 March 2021 would decrease/increase by HK\$38.4 million (2020: HK\$31.6 million). This is mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate bank borrowings, loans to joint ventures, advances from non-controlling shareholders and mortgage instalment receivables.

#### 利率風險

集團承受按攤銷成本計量之債務工具投資及 按公平值計入損益之債務證券(見附註20)、 定息貸款予合營公司及定息銀行存款、借貸 (見附註28)及租賃負債(見附註29)之公平值 利率風險。集團亦承受浮息銀行存款及借貸 (見附註25(a)及28)、貸款予合營公司、非控股 股東墊款(見附註30)及應收按揭分期供款(見 附註21)之現金流利率風險。將借貸以浮動利 率計息乃集團之政策,以盡量減低公平值利 率風險。

集團承受金融資產及金融負債之利率風險之 詳情載於本附註中流動資金風險管理部分。 集團之現金流利率風險主要集中於集團借貸 所採納之香港銀行同業拆息率、其他相關銀 行同業拆息率或其他基準利率之波動。

#### 敏感度分析

以下敏感度分析乃根據於報告期末非衍生 工具之利率風險而釐定。由於集團之管理層 認為利率波動並不顯著,故敏感度分析並不 包括浮息銀行存款。就浮息銀行借貸、貸款 予合營公司、非控股股東墊款及應收按揭分 期供款而言,該分析乃假設於報告期末存在 之負債及資產金額於整個年度仍然存在而編 製。增加或減少50個基點為向主要管理人員 內部匯報利率風險所用之敏感率,並指管理 層對利率可能合理變動之評估。

倘利率上升/下降50個基點,而所有其他變數 維持不變,則集團:

截至2021年3月31日止年度之溢利將減 少/增加38.4百萬港元(2020年:31.6百萬港元)。 此乃主要由於集團就其浮息銀行借貸、貸款 予合營公司、非控股股東墊款及應收按揭分 期供款面臨之利率風險所致。

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### Other price risk

The Group is exposed to market price fluctuation through its investments in both listed and unlisted securities. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a diversified portfolio. The level and volatility of the prices of securities may be affected by general economic and market conditions, such as interest rates, availability of credit, inflation rates, economic uncertainty, changes in laws (including taxation law), trade barriers, currency exchange controls, and national and international political circumstances, if applicable.

### **Sensitivity analysis**

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to price of securities investments at the reporting date.

If the prices of the respective securities investments had been 5% higher/lower:

profit for the year ended 31 March 2021 and investment revaluation reserve as at 31 March 2021 would increase/decrease by HK\$26.4 million (2020: HK\$22.0 million) and HK\$2.5 million (2020: HK\$2.7 million) for the Group respectively as a result of changes in fair value of equity and debt securities instrument measured at FVTPL and FVTOCI respectively.

### Credit risk and impairment assessment

As at 31 March 2021, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties and financial guarantees provided by the Group is arising from:

- the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position; and
- the amount of financial guarantee contracts in relation to financial guarantees issued by the Group as disclosed in Note 38.

The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets and financial guarantee contracts, except that the credit risks associated with mortgage instalment receivables is mitigated because they are secured over properties.

### 其他價格風險

集團因其於上市及非上市證券之投資而承受 市場價格波動。管理層透過維持多元化的投 資組合管理此風險。證券價格水平及波幅可 能受到整體經濟和市場狀況所影響,例如利 率、信貸可得性、通脹率、經濟不明朗性、法 例變動(包括税務法例)、貿易屏障、貨幣匯 兑管制,以及全國及國際政治情況(如適用)。

#### 敏感度分析

以下敏感度分析乃根據於報告日證券投資之 價格風險而釐定。

倘有關證券投資之價格上升/下降5%,則:

集團截至2021年3月31日止年度之溢利 及於2021年3月31日之投資重估儲備將因分 別按公平值計入損益及按公平值計入其他全 面收益計量之權益及債務證券工具之公平值 變動而分別增加/減少26.4百萬港元(2020年: 22.0百萬港元)及2.5百萬港元(2020年:2.7百萬 港元)。

### 信貸風險及減值評估

於2021年3月31日,由於交易對手未有履行責 任及集團提供財務擔保而對集團造成財務損 失之集團最高信貸風險產生自以下項目:

- 綜合財務狀況表所載相關已確認之金融 資產之賬面值;及
- 附註38所披露與集團所發出財務擔保有 關之財務擔保合約金額。

集團並無持有任何抵押品或其他信貸增級措 施,以應付與其金融資產及財務擔保合約相 關之信貸風險,惟與應收按揭分期供款相關 之信貸風險因以物業作擔保而有所減低。

Except for debt securities at FVTPL, the Group performed impairment assessment for financial assets and other items under ECL model. Information about the Group's credit risk management, maximum credit risk exposures and the related impairment assessment, if applicable, are summarised as below:

### Loans to joint ventures and an investee/Amounts due from joint ventures and associates

For the purpose of internal credit risk management, the Group regularly monitors the business performance of the joint ventures, associates and an investee. The Group's credit risks in these balances are mitigated through the value of the assets held by these entities and the power to participate or jointly control the relevant activities of the associates and joint ventures. The management considers that the counterparty has a low risk of default, after taking into the consideration of the value of the assets held by these entities and the operating result of these entities.

#### **Trade receivables**

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on trade balances individually or based on provision matrix. The trade receivables are grouped under a provision matrix based on shared credit risk characteristics by reference to repayment histories for recurring customers. Details of the quantitative disclosures are set out below in this note.

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the Group uses debtors' aging to assess the impairment for its customers because these customers consist of a large number of small customers with common risk characteristic that are representative of the customers' abilities to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms.

Based on the internal assessment, the management considers that the balances are of low risk and not credit impaired for ECL assessment if the counterparty has a low risk of default or counterparty has past due debts but usually settles after due date while the balances are of doubtful and credit impaired for ECL assessment if there have been significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally. For the balances that are classified as doubtful, the Group has made full provision at 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021.

除按公平值計入損益之債務證券外,集團根 據預期信貸虧損模式對金融資產及其他項目 進行減值評估。有關集團之信貸風險管理、 可能面臨之最高信貸風險及相關減值評估(倘 適用)概述如下:

### 貸款予合營公司及相關投資對象/應收合營公 司及聯營公司款項

就內部信貸風險管理而言,集團定期監察合 營公司、聯營公司及相關投資對象之業務表 現。集團透過該等實體持有之資產價值及參 與或共同控制聯營公司及合營公司相關活動 之權力,減低該等結餘之信貸風險。經考慮 該等實體持有之資產價值及該等實體之經營 業績後,管理層認為,交易對手之違約風險 偏低。

#### 應收貿易賬款

為盡可能減低信貸風險,集團管理層已成立 一支隊伍,負責釐定信貸限額、信貸批核及 其他監察程序,以確保就收回逾期債務採取 跟進行動。就此而言,本公司董事認為,集團 之信貸風險已大幅減低。

此外,集團根據預期信貸虧損模式個別或按 撥備矩陣對貿易結餘進行減值評估。應收貿 易賬款乃經參考經常性客戶之還款歷史後根 據共同信貸風險特徵按撥備矩陣分組。定量 披露之詳情載於本附註下文。

作為集團信貸風險管理之一部分,集團以債 務人賬齡評估其客戶之減值,此乃由於該等 客戶由為數眾多且風險特徵相同之小型客戶 所組成,而該等風險代表客戶根據合約條款 支付所有到期款項之能力。

根據內部評估,管理層認為,倘交易對手之 違約風險偏低或交易對手有逾期債務,但 一般於到期日後結清,則該等結餘之風險偏 低,且根據預期信貸虧損評估並無信貸減 值,另一方面,倘自初步確認以來內部產生 之資料顯示信貸風險大幅增加,則該等結餘 屬呆賬,且根據預期信貸虧損評估出現信貸 減值。集團於2020年3月31日及2021年3月31日 對分類為呆賬之結餘作出全額撥備。

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The management considers that the amount of loss allowance at 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021 were considered as insignificant to the consolidated financial statements of the Group, having assessed the nature of the business.

於評估業務性質後,管理層認為,於2020年3 月31日及2021年3月31日之虧損撥備金額對集 團之綜合財務報表而言並不重大。

#### Investments in debt instruments and bank balances

The Group only invests in debt instruments issued by issuers that have strong credit ratings to mitigate counterparty risk. Credit exposures to debt instruments are monitored and reported regularly to the management.

The credit risks on bank balances are limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

### **Financial guarantee contracts**

For financial guarantee contracts, the maximum amount that the Group has guaranteed under the respective contracts was HK\$1,305.7 million (2020: HK\$1,239.0 million) as at 31 March 2021. At the end of the reporting period, the management of the Group has performed impairment assessment, and concluded that there has been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of the financial guarantee contracts. Accordingly, the loss allowance for financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Other than concentration of credit risk on loans to joint ventures and amounts due from joint ventures, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk.

### 債務工具投資及銀行結餘

集團僅會投資於信貸評級良好之發行商所 發行之債務工具,以減低交易對手帶來之風 險。債務工具之信貸風險獲定期監察並向管 理層匯報。

由於交易對手為獲國際信貸評級機構評為 高信貸評級之銀行,故銀行結餘之信貸風險 有限。

#### 財務擔保合約

就財務擔保合約而言,於2021年3月31日,集 團於各合約下擔保之最高金額為1,305.7百萬港 元(2020年:1,239.0百萬港元)。於報告期末, 集團管理層已進行減值評估,並認為自初步 確認財務擔保合約以來信貸風險並無大幅增 加。因此,集團發行之財務擔保合約之虧損 撥備乃按相等於12個月預期信貸虧損之金額 計量。

應收貿易賬款之信貸風險分散於大量從事及 身處不同行業及地區之客戶上。除貸款予合 營公司及應收合營公司款項之集中信貸風險 外,集團並無任何其他重大集中之信貸風險。

The tables below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's major 下表詳列集團須作出預期信貸虧損評估之主 financial assets, which are subject to ECL assessment:

要金融資產所面臨之信貸風險:

As at 31 March 2021	Notes			12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或使用年期內之	Gross carrying amount	
於2021年3月31日	附註	評級	內部信貸評級	預期信貸虧損	賬面總值 HK\$′M 百萬港元	
Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產						
Loans to joint ventures included in interests in joint ventures, and amounts due from joint ventures 計入合營公司之權益之貸款予合營公司及應收合營公司款項	19, 25(c)	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	6,474.2	
Loan to an investee included in other assets 計入其他資產之向相關投資對象貸款	21	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	106.6	
Investments in debt instruments measured at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之債務工具投資	20	A3-B1 A3至B1	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	113.0	
Bank balances 銀行結餘	25(a), 34(c)	Aa1-Baa2 Aa1至Baa2	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	3,060.9	
Trade receivables 應收貿易賬款	24	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired 使用年期內之預期信貸 虧損 – 無信貸減值	79.5	
		N/A 不適用	Doubtful 呆賬	Lifetime ECL – credit impaired 使用年期內之預期信貸 虧損 – 信貸減值	2.3	
Amounts due from associates 應收聯營公司款項	18	N/A 不適用	High risk 高風險	Lifetime ECL – credit impaired 使用年期內之預期信貸 虧損 – 信貸減值	588.9	

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As at 31 March 2020 於2020年3月31日	Notes 附註	External credit rating 外部信貸 評級	Internal credit rating 內部信貸 評級	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或使用年期內之 預期信貸虧損	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產					
Loans to joint ventures included in interests in joint ventures, and amounts due from joint ventures 計入合營公司之權益之貸款予合營公司及應收合營公司款項	19, 25(c)	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	6,327.7
Loan to an investee included in other assets 計入其他資產之向相關投資對象貸款	21	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	106.6
Investments in debt instruments measured at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之債務工具投資	20	A3-B1 A3至B1	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	111.1
Bank balances 銀行結餘	25(a), 34(c)	Aa1-Baa2 Aa1至Baa2	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	2,511.4
Trade receivables 應收貿易賬款	24	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired 使用年期內之預期信貸 虧損 – 無信貸減值	29.5
		N/A 不適用	Doubtful 呆賬	Lifetime ECL – credit impaired 使用年期內之預期信貸 虧損–信貸減值	2.2
Amounts due from associates 應收聯營公司款項	18	N/A 不適用	High risk 高風險	Lifetime ECL – credit impaired 使用年期內之預期信貸虧損 –信貸減值	588.8

The table below shows reconciliation of loss allowances that have been recognised for loans to joint ventures included in interests in joint ventures and loan to an investee included in other assets.

下表載列就計入合營公司之權益之貸款予合 營公司及計入其他資產之向相關投資對象貸 款確認之虧損撥備對賬。

### 12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損

		Loans to joint ventures 貸款予 合營公司 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Loans to an investee 向相關投資 對象貸款 HK\$'M 百萬港元
As at 1 April 2019	於2019年4月1日	20.4	0.4
Impairment under ECL model	根據預期信貸虧損模式之減值	0.7	
As at 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	21.1	0.4
Impairment under ECL model	根據預期信貸虧損模式之減值	(0.3)	
As at 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	20.8	0.4

Loss allowances recognised for loans to joint ventures and loan to an investee are measured at 12-month ECL, there is no transfer from 12-month ECL to lifetime ECL during the year as there is no significant increase in credit risk for these financial assets.

就貸款予合營公司及向相關投資對象貸款 已確認之虧損撥備以12個月預期信貸虧損計 量,由於年內該等金融資產之信貸風險並無 顯著增加,故概無12個月預期信貸虧損轉撥 至使用年期內之預期信貸虧損。

### **Liquidity risk**

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As at 31 March 2021, the Group has available unutilised overdraft and bank loan facilities of approximately HK\$2,772.4 million (2020: HK\$5,495.6 million).

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors of the Company, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms except for the bank loans with a repayable on demand clause. For nonderivative financial liabilities, the table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

### 流動資金風險

就管理流動資金風險而言,集團監察及維持 管理層視為足以為集團營運提供資金及減輕 現金流量波動影響之現金及現金等值項目水 平。管理層監察銀行借貸之動用情況,並確 保符合貸款契諾。

集團依賴銀行借貸作為流動資金之重要來 源。於2021年3月31日,集團擁有可供使用但 尚未動用之透支及銀行貸款額約2,772.4百萬 港元(2020年:5,495.6百萬港元)。

本公司董事會就流動資金風險管理承擔最終 責任,為管理集團之短期、中期及長期資金 及流動資金管理需求建立一個合適之流動資 金風險管理框架。

下表詳列集團根據協定還款期剩餘合約期限 之金融負債(具有可隨時要求償還條款之銀行 貸款除外)。就非衍生金融負債而言,此列表 乃按集團可被要求付款之最早日期,金融負 債之未貼現現金流呈列。表中包括利息及本 金之現金流。如利息流按浮動利率計算,未 貼現金額即來自報告期末之利率。

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Liquidity risk table	流動資金風險表						
		Repayable on demand or within 1 year 按要求或 一年內償還 HK\$'M 百萬港元	1-2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2-5 years 二至五年 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Over 5 years 五年以上 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流總額 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Carrying amount at 31 March 於3月31日 之賬面值 HK\$'M 百萬港元
2021	2021年						
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債						
Trade payables and accrued charges	應付貿易賬款及應計						
, ,	費用	140.2	_	_	_	140.2	140.2
Deposits received and other financial	已收按金及其他金融						
liabilities	負債	151.7	_	_	_	151.7	151.7
Bank and other loans	銀行及其他貸款						
– variable-rate	- 浮息	855.5	179.1	6,932.2	-	7,966.8	7,684.8
Other liabilities	其他負債	337.1	192.2	-	812.3	1,341.6	1,332.0
Financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約	1,305.7	-	-	-	1,305.7	-
		2,790.2	371.3	6,932.2	812.3	10,906.0	9,308.7
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	21.5	11.5	13.7	61.7	108.4	76.8
		Repayable on demand or within 1 year 按要求或 一年內償還 HK\$'M 百萬港元	1-2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2-5 years 二至五年 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Over 5 years 五年以上 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流總額 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Carrying amount at 31 March 於3月31日 之賬面值 HK\$'M 百萬港元
2020	2020年						
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債						
Trade payables and accrued charges	應付貿易賬款及應計						
,	費用	168.6	_	_	_	168.6	168.6
Deposits received and other financial	已收按金及其他金融						
liabilities	負債	193.4	_	_	-	193.4	193.4
Bank and other loans	銀行及其他貸款						
– fixed-rate	-定息	799.4	_	_	-	799.4	798.0
– variable-rate	-浮息	3,424.2	528.9	2,882.5	-	6,835.6	6,523.2
Other liabilities	其他負債	350.6	400.1	159.2	809.9	1,719.8	1,681.1
Financial guarantee contracts	財務擔保合約	1,239.0	-	-	-	1,239.0	-
		6,175.2	929.0	3,041.7	809.9	10,955.8	9,364.3
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	20.1	14.9	17.9	64.6	117.5	83.0

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities is subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

上述計入非衍生金融負債浮息工具之金額, 將於浮動利率之變動與於報告期末釐定之估 計利率變動有差異時作出變動。

As at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020, all bank loans are classified in respective time band based on the agreed repayment terms except for the bank loans with a repayable on demand clause.

於2021年3月31日及2020年3月31日,所有銀 行貸款乃按協定還款期,以相關時間分區分 類,具有可隨時要求償還條款之銀行貸款 除外。

Bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the "Repayable on demand or within 1 year" time band in the above maturity analysis. As at 31 March 2021, the aggregate undiscounted principal amounts of these bank loans amounted to HK\$465.3 million (2020: HK\$526.1 million). Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors of the Company do not believe that it is probable that the banks will exercise their discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment. The directors of the Company believe that such bank loans as at 31 March 2021 will be repaid within one year (2020: within one year) of the reporting date in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements, details of which are set out in the table below:

具有可隨時要求償還條款之銀行貸款計入以 上到期日分析之「按要求或一年內償還」時間 分區中。於2021年3月31日,該等銀行貸款之 未貼現本金總額為465.3百萬港元(2020年: 526.1百萬港元)。經考慮集團之財務狀況後, 本公司董事認為銀行將不會行使其酌情權要 求即時還款。本公司董事相信,於2021年3月 31日之該等銀行貸款將按照貸款協議所載既 定還款日期,於報告日期起計一年(2020年: 一年)內償還,詳情載列於下表:

		Within 1 year 一年內 HK\$'M 百萬港元	1-2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'M 百萬港元	years 二至五年 HK\$'M	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流總額 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'M 百萬港元
At 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	468.7	_	-	468.7	465.3
At 31 March 2020	於2020年3月31日	533.5	_	_	533.5	526.1

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### **FAIR VALUE**

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee. Based on expectations at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is more likely than not that no amount will be payable under the arrangement. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of the counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed suffer credit losses.

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair values of financial assets with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices; and
- the fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The consolidated financial statements include holdings in unlisted equity securities which are measured at fair value using valuation techniques based on inputs that can be observed in the market in addition to unobservable inputs such as company specific financial information (Note 20).

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised costs on the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

## 公平值

上述財務擔保合約所計入的金額乃於對方申 索擔保金額時集團根據安排須償付全數擔保 金額的最高金額。根據於報告期末的預期, 集團認為很可能毋須根據安排支付任何金 額。然而,此項估計視乎對方根據擔保提出 申索的可能性而定,而此可能性則視乎獲擔 保對方所持有的應收賬款蒙受信貸虧損的可 能性。

金融資產及金融負債之公平值乃按以下方式 釐定:

- 具備標準條款及條件並於活躍流誦市場 買賣之金融資產之公平值乃參考市場買入報 價而釐定;及
- 其他金融資產及金融負債之公平值乃根 據一般普遍接受定價模式,並按貼現現金流 分析而釐定。

綜合財務報表包括非上市股本證券持有量, 該持有量乃運用估值技巧基於可觀察市場輸 入數據及不可觀察輸入數據如公司特定財務 資料按公平值計量(附註20)。

本公司董事認為,於綜合財務報表內以攤銷 成本入賬之金融資產及金融負債之賬面值與 其公平值相若。

# 44 PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

# 44 主要附屬公司、聯營公司 及合營公司

- (a) Details of principal subsidiaries incorporated and have their principal place of operations in Hong Kong are as follows:
- (a) 在香港註冊成立及主要營運地點位於香 港之主要附屬公司詳情如下:

		31 March 2021 2021年3月31日		ch 2020 月31日	
Name of company	Issued share capital	Equity interest attributable to the Group 集團	Issued share capital	Equity interest attributable to the Group 集團	Principal activities
公司名稱	已發行股本 HK\$ 港元	應佔股權	已發行股本 HK\$ 港元	應佔股權	主要業務
Ace Spring Limited 沛逸有限公司	1	100	1	100	Property investment 物業投資
Active Future Limited 倡昇有限公司	1	100	1	100	Property investment 物業投資
Allmedco Group Limited	1,500,000	80	1,500,000	45.6	Trading of medical and dental equipment and supplies 買賣醫療與牙科設備及 供應品
AmMed Cancer Center (Central) Limited	2	100	2	100	Provision of cancer treatment services and diagnostic imaging services 提供癌科治療服務及造影 服務
AmMed Hong Kong Limited 安美香港醫務有限公司	10,000	100	10,000	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Beaufort Hotels Limited	1	100	1	100	Provision of hotel management services 提供酒店管理服務
Cardiomed Limited 卡迪蒙德有限公司	1	100	1	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Co-Success Investment Limited 互旋投資有限公司	2	100	2	100	Property investment 物業投資

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	31 March 2021 2021年3月31日 Equ inter		31 Marc 2020年3		
Name of company	Issued share capital	attributable to the Group 集團	Issued share capital	attributable to the Group 集團	Principal activities
公司名稱	已發行股本 HK\$ 港元	應佔股權	已發行股本 HK\$ 港元	應佔股權	主要業務
Discovery Bay Commercial Services Limited 愉景灣商業服務有限公司	2	50*	2	50*	Commercial leasing agent 商業租賃代理
Discovery Bay Enterprises Limited	400,000	50*	400,000	50*	Operation of a shipyard 營運船塢
Discovery Bay Financial Services Limited 愉景灣財務服務有限公司	2	50*	2	50*	Provision of financial services to first hand purchasers of properties in Discovery Bay 向愉景灣物業之一手買家提供財務服務
Discovery Bay Golf Club Limited 愉景灣高爾夫球會有限公司	2	50*	2	50*	Provision of club facilities 提供會所設施
Discovery Bay Hotel Limited	2	50*	2	50*	Hotel operator 酒店營運
Discovery Bay Ice Rink Limited 愉景灣溜冰場有限公司	1	50*	1	50*	Ice rink operator 溜冰場營運
Discovery Bay Marina Club Limited 愉景灣遊艇會有限公司	2	50*	2	50*	Provision of club facilities 提供會所設施
Discovery Bay Property Limited 愉景灣物業有限公司	2	50*	2	50*	Provision of property agency services 提供物業代理服務
Discovery Bay Recreation Club Limited 愉景灣康樂會有限公司	2	50*	2	50*	Provision of club facilities 提供會所設施
Discovery Bay Road Tunnel Company Limited 愉景灣隧道有限公司	2	50*	2	50*	Road tunnel operator 隧道營運

	31 March 2021 2021年3月31日 Equity interest		31 March 2020 2020年3月31日 Equity interest		
Name of company	Issued share capital	attributable to the Group	Issued share capital	attributable to the Group	Principal activities
公司名稱	已發行股本 <b>HK\$</b> 港元	集團應佔股權%	已發行股本 HK\$ 港元	集團 應佔股權 %	主要業務
Discovery Bay Services Management Limited 愉景灣服務管理有限公司	2	50*	2	50*	Estate manager and principal lessee of communication network in Discovery Bay 屋苑管理及愉景灣通訊網絡之主要承租人
Discovery Bay Transit Services Limited 愉景灣交通服務有限公司	2	50*	2	50*	Provision of bus and garage services 提供巴士及車庫服務
Discovery Bay Transportation Services Limited 愉景灣航運服務有限公司	2	50*	2	50*	Provision of ferry services 提供渡輪服務
Dorro Properties Limited 德和置業有限公司	500,000	100	500,000	100	Property investment 物業投資
Emerald Property Limited 翠城物業有限公司	1#	50*	1	50*	Property investment 物業投資
Fame Wood Limited 創殷有限公司	2	100	2	100	Property investment 物業投資
Gains Century Limited 創獅有限公司	1	100	1	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Garnet Property Limited 嘉特物業有限公司	1##	50*	1	50*	Property investment 物業投資
GenRx Healthcare Services Limited健力醫療保健服務有限公司	2	100	2	100	Provision of corporate consultancy services to healthcare operating units 向醫療保健營運單位提供企業諮詢服務

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		ch 2021 3月31日 Equity interest	31 Marc 2020年3		
Name of company	Issued share capital	attributable to the Group 集團	Issued share capital	attributable to the Group 集團	Principal activities
公司名稱	已發行股本 <b>HK\$</b> 港元	應佔股權 %	已發行股本 HK\$ 港元	應佔股權 %	主要業務
Grace Investment Limited 寶置投資有限公司	2	100	2	100	Property investment 物業投資
Greenyield Limited 本翹有限公司	2	100	2	100	Property investment 物業投資
Hagent Investment Limited 興祥投資有限公司	2	100	2	100	Property investment 物業投資
Health & Care Dental Clinic Limited 恒健牙科醫務所有限公司	10,100,000	100	10,100,000	57.05	Provision of dental health and care services and operation of dental clinics 提供牙科保健護理服務及營運牙科診所
Health & Care Group Limited 恒健醫療集團有限公司	20,510,000	100	20,510,000	57.05	Investment holding and its subsidiaries are engaged in development and operation of dental clinic chain 投資控股,而其附屬公司則從事發展及營運連鎖牙科診所
Healthway Medical Centres Limited 健維醫療中心有限公司	1	100	1	100	Operation of medical centres 經營醫療中心
HKR (PRC) Limited 香港興業(中國)有限公司	2	100	2	100	Investment holding 投資控股
HKR Limited 香港興業成業有限公司	2	100	2	100	Property management 物業管理
HKR Properties Limited 香港興業(物業)有限公司	2	100	2	100	Property investment 物業投資

	31 Marcl 2021年3	月 31 日 Equity	31 March 2020年3	月31日 Equity	
Name of company	Issued share capital	interest attributable to the Group 集團	Issued share capital	interest attributable to the Group 集團	Principal activities
公司名稱	已發行股本 <b>HK\$</b> 港元	應佔股權	已發行股本 HK\$ 港元	應佔股權	主要業務
Hong Kong Health Resort Limited	4	100	4	100	Property investment and investment holding 物業投資及投資控股
Hong Kong Resort Company Limited 香港興業有限公司	389,243,374.35**	50*	389,243,374.35**	50*	Property development and investment holding 物業發展及投資控股
Humphrey & Partners Medical Services Management Limited	1	94.25	1	94.25	Administration of clinic network 管理診所網絡
Jasper Garden Limited 碧玉園有限公司	1##	50*	1	50*	Property investment 物業投資
Kinter Limited 健信有限公司	1	100	1	100	Property investment 物業投資
Lam Island Development Company Limited 林氏離島有限公司	2,000,000	99.99	2,000,000	99.99	Property development 物業發展
Lee Wo Company, Limited 利和有限公司	300,000	100	300,000	100	Property investment 物業投資
Macro Future Limited 啓威有限公司	1	100	1	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Moonstone Hill Limited 玥山有限公司	1****	50*	1	50*	Property investment 物業投資
Noble Glamour Limited 崇燁有限公司	1	100	1	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Opal Property Limited 歐珀物業有限公司	1****	<sup>‡</sup> 50*	1	50*	Property investment 物業投資

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	31 Marc 2021年3		31 Marc 2020年3		
Name of company	Issued share capital	attributable to the Group	Issued share capital	attributable to the Group	Principal activities
公司名稱	已發行股本 <b>HK\$</b> 港元	集團應佔股權%	已發行股本 HK\$ 港元	集團 應佔股權 %	主要業務
Parocka Investments Limited	20	100	20	100	Property investment 物業投資
Partner Ally Limited 顥永有限公司	1,000	75	1,000	75	Investment holding 投資控股
Pearl Development Limited 勝置發展有限公司	2	100	2	100	Property investment 物業投資
Qualigenics Medical Limited 確進醫療有限公司	3,000,000	100	3,000,000	100	Operation of diabetes and endocrine disorders clinics 經營糖尿病及內分泌失調 診所
Quebostage Limited 喬柱有限公司	2	100	2	100	Property investment 物業投資
Rainbow Alpha Holdings Limited 恰峰控股有限公司	1	75	1	75	Property development 物業發展
Regal Galaxy Investment Limited 嘉駿投資有限公司	1	100	1	100	Property investment 物業投資
Royston Investment Limited 愉景興業投資有限公司	2	100	2	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Scoot Development Limited	1***	* 100	1**-	* 100	Investment holding 投資控股
TCS Project Management Limited	2	100	2	100	Provision of project management services 提供項目管理服務
The Sukhothai Hotels & Resorts Limited	1	100	1	100	Provision of hotel management services 提供酒店管理服務

	31 March 2021 2021年3月31日 Equity interest Issued attributable		31 Marc 2020年3 Issued			
Name of company	share capital	to the Group	share capital	to the Group	Principal activities	
公司名稱	已發行股本 HK\$ 港元	集團 應佔股權 %	已發行股本 HK\$ 港元	集團 應佔股權 %	主要業務	
Victor Century Investment Limited 冠昇投資有限公司	1	100	1	100	Provision of financial services to first hand purchasers of 2GETHER and properties in Discovery Bay 向雙寓及愉景灣物業之一手買家提供財務服務	
Wells Estate Services Limited 興怡物業服務有限公司	100,000	100	100,000	100	Property management, estate manager and investment holding 物業及屋苑管理以及投資控股	
Wells Property Management Limited 興怡物業管理有限公司	1,000	100	1,000	100	Property management and estate manager 物業及屋苑管理	
World Forum Investment Limited 弘大投資有限公司	1	100	-	-	Property development 物業發展	
Yintaly Construction Company Limited 營利建築工程有限公司	2	100	2	100	Property investment 物業投資	

<sup>\*</sup> According to the shareholders' agreement of Hong Kong Resort Company Limited ("HKRC"), the Group is able to control more than half of the voting powers of the board of directors (which determines the relevant activities) of HKRC and its subsidiaries.

<sup>\*\*</sup> In addition to 1 ordinary share, 100% in the value of HK\$389,243,373.85 deferred shares are also held by the Group. The deferred shares held by the Group are shares whose shareholders are neither entitled to receive notices, attend, vote at any general meetings nor to receive any dividend out of operating profit and have very limited rights on return of assets of the company.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Beside the 1 ordinary share of HK\$1.00, the issued share capital of the company also includes JPY270,875,000 divided into 270,875 redeemable preference shares.

<sup>\*</sup> 根據香港興業有限公司(「香港興業」)之股東協議, 集團可以控制香港興業及其附屬公司之董事會(決定 其相關活動)超過半數之投票權。

<sup>\*\*</sup> 除已持有1股普通股外,集團亦持有100%價值 389,243,373.85港元之遞延股份。集團持有遞延股份之股 東既無權利獲取通知、出席任何股東大會及於會上投 票,亦無權利收取從營運溢利中分派之任何股息,及 僅擁有該公司非常有限之資產回報權利。

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> 除1股面值為1.00港元之普通股外,該公司之已發行 股本亦包括價值270,875,000日圓分為270,875股之可贖回 優先股。

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- Beside the 1 ordinary share of HK\$1.00, the issued share capital of the company also includes HK\$276,000,000, representing 276,000,000 redeemable preference shares.
- \* 除1股面值為1.00港元之普通股外,該公司之已發行 股本亦包括價值276,000,000港元代表276,000,000股之可 贖回優先股。
- ## Beside the 1 ordinary share of HK\$1.00, the issued share capital of the company also includes HK\$218,000,000, representing 218,000,000 redeemable preference shares.
- ## 除1股面值為1.00港元之普通股外,該公司之已發行 股本亦包括價值218,000,000港元代表218,000,000股之可 贖回優先股。
- \*\*\* Beside the 1 ordinary share of HK\$1.00, the issued share capital of the company also includes HK\$267,000,000, representing 267,000,000 redeemable preference shares.
- \*\*\*\* 除1股面值為1.00港元之普通股外,該公司之已發行 股本亦包括價值267,000,000港元代表267,000,000股之可 贖回優先股。
- #### Beside the 1 ordinary share of HK\$1.00, the issued share capital of the company also includes HK\$213,000,000, representing 213,000,000 redeemable preference shares.
- \*\*\*\*\*除1股面值為1.00港元之普通股外,該公司之已發行 股本亦包括價值213,000,000港元代表213,000,000股之可 贖回優先股。

#### Beside the 1 ordinary share of HK\$1.00, the issued share capital of the company also includes HK\$207,000,000, representing 207,000,000 redeemable preference shares.

\*\*\*\*\*除1股面值為1.00港元之普通股外,該公司之已發行 股本亦包括價值207,000,000港元代表207,000,000股之可 贖回優先股。

Details of other principal subsidiaries are as follows: (b)

(b) 其他主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration 註冊成立/ 登記地點	Principal place of operation 主要營運 地點	31 March 20 2021年3月3 Nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital 已發行股本/ 註冊資本之面值		31 March 20 2020年3月3 Nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital 已發行股本/ 註冊資本之面值		Principal activities 主要業務
Abraham Holdings Limited	Liberia 利比里亞	Hong Kong 香港	Nil 無	100	Nil 無	100	Securities investment 證券投資
Abraham Investment Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Note* 附註*	US\$1 1美元	100	US\$1 1美元	100	Securities investment 證券投資
Beaufort Holdings Limited	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,197,932 10,197,932港元	100	HK\$10,197,932 10,197,932港元	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Beaufort International Hotels (Singapore) Pte Ltd	Singapore 新加坡	Singapore 新加坡	S\$1,000,000 1,000,000 坡元 JPY715,840,000 715,840,000 日圓	100	S\$1,000,000 1,000,000 坡元 JPY420,240,000 420,240,000 日圓	100	Investment holding 投資控股
CDW Building Limited	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$5,100,002 5,100,002港元	100	HK\$5,100,002 5,100,002港元	100	Property investment 物業投資

	31 March 2021 2021年3月31日		31 March 20 2020年3月3				
			Nominal value	Equity	Nominal value	Equity	
	Place of	Principal	of issued share	interest	of issued share	interest	
	incorporation/	place of	capital/registered	attributable	capital/registered	attributable	
Name of company	registration	operation	capital	to the Group			Principal activities
name or company	註冊成立/	主要營運	已發行股本/	集團	已發行股本/	集團	Timesparaetivities
公司名稱	登記地點	地點	註冊資本之面值	應佔股權	註冊資本之面值	應佔股權	主要業務
מו עוני מ	母にる髪	7D 7M4	此间负个之面值	<i>‰</i> in iiX ii€	世间其个之四百	/心旧及催 %	工文未加
				,,		,,,	
GenRx Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands	Note**	US\$1	100	US\$1	100	Investment holding
健力控股有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	附註**	1美元		1美元		投資控股
Hanbright Assets Limited	British Virgin Islands	Hong Kong	US\$1	100	US\$1	100	Investment holding
	英屬維爾京群島	香港	1美元		1美元		投資控股
11 11 0 6 (11 ) 0 . 16				444	110005 000	57.05	
Health & Care (Macau) Dental Group	Macau	Macau	MOP25,000	100	MOP25,000	57.05	Operation of dental clinic
Limited	澳門	澳門	25,000澳門元		25,000澳門元		in Macau
恒健(澳門)牙科集團有限公司							在澳門經營牙科診所
HK Resort International Limited	Cayman Islands	Hong Vong	HK\$3	100	HK\$2	100	Investment holding
TIN NESOTI IIILEITIALIOHAI LIITIILEU	開曼群島	Hong Kong 香港	3港元	100	2港元	100	投資控股
	州芝什ᆈ	百亿	3 /€ /L		270儿		<b>以貝</b> 丘似
HKR Asia-Pacific Pte Ltd	Singapore	Singapore	\$\$5,000,000	100	\$\$5,000,000	100	Investment holding
That Fisher deliter to Eta	新加坡	新加坡	5,000,000坡元		5,000,000坡元	100	投資控股
	4/1 // 14 //	471 JJH 7/X	JPY2,693,360,000		JPY2,693,360,000		人员工队
			2,693,360,000 日 圓		2,693,360,000日圓		
			THB24,700,000		THB24,700,000		
			24,700,000泰銖		24,700,000泰銖		
			2 1/2 00/000 3/12/		2 1/1 00/000 5/1 5/1		
HKR China Limited	British Virgin Islands	Note**	US\$1	100	US\$1	100	Investment holding
香港興業中國有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	附註**	1美元		1美元		投資控股
HKR Company Limited	British Virgin Islands	Note**	US\$2	100	US\$2	100	Investment holding
	英屬維爾京群島	附註**	2美元		2美元		投資控股
HKR Japan KK	Japan	Japan	JPY10,000	100	JPY10,000	100	Property investment
	日本	日本	10,000 日 圓		10,000日圓		物業投資
111/0 Cl	0 :: 1 \ 1	A1 . VV	11044	444	LICA	400	
HKR Shanghai Limited	British Virgin Islands 共民44 英言歌自	Note**	US\$1	100	US\$1	100	Investment holding
香港興業上海有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	附註**	1美元		1美元		投資控股
HKRJ Akasaka TMK	Japan	Japan	JPY2,700,100,000	100	JPY2,700,100,000	100	Property investment
LIIVID Wasaya LIVIIV	Japan 日本	Japan 日本	2,700,100,000 日 圓	100	2,700,100,000日圓	100	物業投資
	H T`	H T	2/100/100/000 日 因		2,100,100,000 日 因		以水以具
HKRJ Development Co., Ltd. #	Japan	Japan	JPY10,000	100	JPY10,000	100	Property development
and a state principle con Eco.	日本	日本	10,000 日 圓		10,000日圓	100	物業發展
			1-aa 🗀 🖂		. 0,000 F A		11 40 40
HKRJ Graphio GK##	Japan	Japan	JPY2,000,000	100	JPY2,000,000	100	Property investment
	日本	日本	2,000,000 日 圓		2,000,000日圓		物業投資

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

	31 March 20 2021年3月3	81日	31 March 20 2020年3月3				
Name of company	Place of incorporation/ registration	Principal place of operation	Nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital	Equity interest attributable to the Group	Nominal value of issued share capital/registered capital	Equity interest attributable to the Group	Principal activities
公司名稱	註冊成立/ 登記地點	主要營運地點	已發行股本/ 註冊資本之面值	集團應佔股權%	已發行股本/ 註冊資本之面值	集團 應佔股權 %	主要業務
HKRJ Haluwa TMK	Japan 日本	Japan 日本	JPY2,075,100,000 2,075,100,000 日 圓	100	JPY2,075,100,000 2,075,100,000 日 圓	100	Property investment 物業投資
HKRJ Souei GK <sup>#</sup>	Japan 日本	Japan 日本	JPY1,000,000 1,000,000 日圓	100	JPY1,000,000 1,000,000日圓	100	Property investment 物業投資
HKRJ Veneo GK##	Japan 日本	Japan 日本	JPY1,000,000 1,000,000 日 圓	100	JPY1,000,000 1,000,000日圓	100	Property investment 物業投資
Pine Isle Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Hong Kong 香港	US\$1 1美元	100	US\$1 1美元	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Prinia Pte Ltd	Singapore 新加坡	Singapore 新加坡	<b>S\$2</b> 2坡元	100	S\$2 2坡元	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Qualipeak Healthcare Limited 確柏醫療有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Note** 附註**	US\$1 1美元	100	US\$1 1美元	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Ruthin Investments Pte Ltd	Singapore 新加坡	Singapore 新加坡	S\$2 2坡元 JPY1,362,730,000 1,362,730,000 日圓	100	S\$2 2坡元 JPY1,362,730,000 1,362,730,000日圓	100	Property investment 物業投資
Sathorn Park Co., Ltd.	Thailand 泰國	Thailand 泰國	THB933,600,000 933,600,000泰銖	100	THB933,600,000 933,600,000泰銖	100	Hotel operator and owner 經營及擁有酒店
Sky Phoenix Enterprises Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Hong Kong 香港	US\$1 1美元	100	US\$1 1美元	100	Investment holding 投資控股
杭冠置業(杭州)有限公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	RMB8,000,000 人民幣 <b>8,000,000</b> 元	100	-	-	Property development 物業發展
杭駿置業(杭州)有限公司#	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	HK\$760,000,000 760,000,000港元	100	HK\$760,000,000 760,000,000港元	100	Property development 物業發展
滬衡(上海)管理諮詢有限公司#	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	US\$1,500,000 1,500,000美元	100	US\$1,500,000 1,500,000美元	100	Property management 物業管理
嘉興興裕實業有限公司*	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	HK\$915,000,000 915,000,000港元	100	HK\$915,000,000 915,000,000港元	100	Property development and investment holding 物業發展及投資控股

			31 March 20 2021年3月3		31 March 20 2020年3月3		
			Nominal value	Equity	Nominal value	Equity	
	Place of	Principal	of issued share	interest	of issued share	interest	
	incorporation/	place of	capital/registered	attributable	capital/registered	attributable	
Name of company	registration	operation	capital	to the Group	capital	to the Group	Principal activities
	註冊成立/	主要營運	已發行股本/	集團	已發行股本/	集團	
公司名稱	登記地點	地點	註冊資本之面值	應佔股權	註冊資本之面值	應佔股權	主要業務
				%		%	
嘉興禾盈置業有限公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	RMB8,000,000 人民幣8,000,000元	100	RMB8,000,000 人民幣8,000,000元	100	Property development 物業發展
嘉興禾冠置業有限公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	RMB8,000,000 人民幣8,000,000元	100	RMB8,000,000 人民幣8,000,000元	100	Property development 物業發展
嘉興禾耀置業有限公司	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	RMB8,000,000 人民幣8,000,000元	100	RMB8,000,000 人民幣8,000,000元	100	Property development 物業發展
頤豐(上海)發展有限公司#	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	US\$14,000,000 14,000,000美元	100	US\$14,000,000 14,000,000美元	100	Property investment 物業投資

have no specific principal place of operation.

- \*\* These companies act as investment holding companies and have no specific \*\* 此等公司為投資控股公司,因而沒有特定之主要營 principal place of operation.
- \* These companies are wholly foreign owned enterprises.
- ## The Group can enjoy all economic beneficial interest, instead of equity interest, of the companies by contractual terms.
- (c) Details of principal associates are as follows:

- \* These companies are engaged in securities investment business of the Group and \* 此等公司從事集團之證券投資業務,因而沒有特定 之主要營運地點。
  - 運地點。
  - # 此等公司為全外資企業。
  - ## 集團按合約條款可享有該等公司全部經濟實益權 益,而非股本權益。
  - (c) 主要聯營公司詳情如下:

		31 March 2021	31 March 2020	
		2021年	2020年	
		3月31日	3月31日	
		Attributable	Attributable	
	Place of	interest held by	interest held by	
Name of company	incorporation	the Group	the Group	Principal activities
		集團所持	集團所持	
公司名稱	註冊成立地點	應佔權益	應佔權益	主要業務
		%	%	
Polyoung Limited 博溢有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	31	31	Provision of financial services to first hand purchasers of Coastal Skyline 向藍天海岸一手買家提供財務服務

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

(d)	Dotails of principal	ioint ventures are as follows:
(u)	Details of Difficipal	IOILIL VELILULES ALE AS IOIIOVAS.

### (d) 主要合營公司詳情如下:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	31 March 2021 2021年 3月31日 Attributable interest held by the Group 集團所持 應佔權益 %	31 March 2020 2020年 3月31日 Attributable interest held by the Group 集團所持 應佔權益 %	Principal activities 主要業務
Advantage Investor Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	50	50	Investment holding 投資控股
City Grace Co., Ltd.	Thailand 泰國	49	49	Property development 物業發展
Dazhongli Properties Limited 大中里物業有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	50	50	Investment holding 投資控股
Everbeam Investments Limited 萃日投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	50	50	Property development 物業發展
Everbeam Mortgage Limited 萃日按揭有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	50	50	Provision of financial services to first hand purchasers of La Cresta 向尚珩一手買家提供財務服務
Gainwick Limited 加鋒有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	40	40	Property development 物業發展
Strongbod Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	40	40	Investment holding 投資控股
Ultimate Champion Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	50	50	Investment holding 投資控股
冠豐(上海)房地產發展有限公司*	PRC 中國	50	50	Property investment 物業投資

<sup>\*</sup> The company is wholly foreign owned enterprise.

<sup>\*</sup> 該公司為全外資企業。

(e) Details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries that have material noncontrolling interests:

(e) 擁有重大非控股權益之非全資附屬公司 之詳情:

The table below shows details of non-wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company that have material non-controlling interests:

下表載列擁有重大非控股權益之本公司非全 資附屬公司之詳情:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	interests and v by non-contr 非控股權益所	of ownership oting rights held olling interests 行持擁有權權益 權之比例	Profits/( allocated controlling 分配予非 之溢利/	I to non- g interests 控股權益	Accumulated non-controlling interests 累計非控股權益	
		2021	2020	2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Hong Kong Resort Company Limited and its subsidiaries (note) 香港興業有限公司及其附屬公司 (附註)	Hong Kong 香港	50%	50%	230.1	62.2	2,910.2	2,680.2
Individually immaterial subsidiaries with non-controlling interests 擁有非控股權益之個別非重大附屬公司				1.2	(2.5)	10.6	(1.4)
				231.3	59.7	2,920.8	2,678.8

Note: Hong Kong Resort Company Limited and its subsidiaries are engaged in the development, management and provision of essential and recreational services for residential housing and leisure projects principally in Discovery Bay, Lantau Island.

附註:香港興業有限公司及其附屬公司主要從事發展 及管理主要位於大嶼山愉景灣之住宅樓宇及休閒項目 並為其提供必需及康樂服務。

Summarised consolidated financial information in respect of each of the Company's subsidiaries that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised consolidated financial information below represents amounts before intergroup elimination.

有關擁有重大非控股權益之本公司各附屬公 司之綜合財務資料概要載列如下。下文所示 綜合財務資料概要之金額乃集團內對銷前之 金額。

#### HONG KONG RESORT COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS **SUBSIDIARIES**

### 香港興業有限公司及其附屬公司

		2021 HK\$'M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Current assets	流動資產	2,433.4	3,083.5
Non-current assets	非流動資產	6,647.1	6,439.3
Current liabilities	流動負債	(1,523.5)	(2,145.4)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(1,714.8)	(1,986.2)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	2,932.0	2,711.0
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	2,910.2	2,680.2

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

#### For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Revenue	收入	2,235.5	766.8
Expenses	開支	(1,784.5)	(642.3)
Profit attributable to owners of the Company Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔溢利 非控股權益應佔溢利	220.9 230.1	62.3 62.2
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	451.0	124.5
Other comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company Other comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔其他全面收益非控股權益應佔其他全面收益	-	7.8
Other comprehensive income for the year	本年度其他全面收益	_	15.7
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔全面收益總額非控股權益應佔全面收益總額	220.9 230.1	70.1 70.1
Total comprehensive income for the year	————————————————————— 本年度全面收益總額	451.0	140.2
Dividend paid to a non-controlling shareholder	已向非控股股東派付股息	-	6.0
Net cash inflows from operating activities Net cash outflows used in investing activities Net cash (outflows)/inflows (used in)/ from financing activities	營運業務所得現金流入淨額 投資活動所用現金流出淨額 融資活動(所用)/所得現金(流出)/ 流入淨額	392.6 (186.0) (101.8)	470.8 (590.0) 184.7
Net cash inflows	現金流入淨額	104.8	65.5

All of the above principal subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, other than Abraham Holdings Limited, Beaufort Holdings Limited, Hanbright Assets Limited, HK Resort International Limited, HKR Asia-Pacific Pte Ltd, HKR Company Limited, HKR China Limited, Macro Future Limited and Noble Glamour Limited, are held indirectly by the Company.

除 Abraham Holdings Limited、Beaufort Holdings Limited · Hanbright Assets Limited · HK Resort International Limited 、HKR Asia-Pacific Pte Ltd 、HKR Company Limited、香港興業中國有限公司、啓 威有限公司及崇燁有限公司外,上述所有主 要附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司均由本公 司間接持有。

The above tables list the subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures of the Group which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

上表載列本公司董事認為對集團業績或資產 有重大影響之集團附屬公司、聯營公司及合 營公司。本公司董事認為,詳列其他附屬公 司、聯營公司及合營公司會令資料過於冗長。

Other than club debentures as set out in Note 30, no other loan capital has been issued by any of the subsidiaries.

除附註30所列之會所債券外,概無任何附屬 公司發行其他借貸股本。

#### **45 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

### 45 關聯方交易

During the year, other than balances with related parties as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position, the Group had significant transactions with related parties as follows:

除綜合財務狀況表所示與關聯方之結餘外, 集團年內與關聯方進行之主要交易如下:

Transactions with entities controlled by separate discretionary trusts with a substantial shareholder act as a corporate trustee. Three (2020: Four) directors of the Company are among the discretionary beneficiaries of the above trusts at the end of the reporting period.

與由控股股東擔任法團受託人之不同酌 情信託所控制之實體進行之交易。於報告期 末本公司三名(2020年:四名)董事為上述信 託之酌情受益人。

			<b>2021</b> HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Rental income	租金收入		5.3	5.5
(b) Transaction with an associate of a di	rector:	(b) 與一名董事	之聯繫人進行。	之交易:
			<b>2021</b> HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Sales of a property	銷售物業		26.2	_

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

(c) Transactions with joint ventures of the Group:

#### (c) 與集團合營公司進行之交易:

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元
Management fee and other service fees	向合營公司收取之管理費及其他		
from joint ventures	服務費	36.5	36.2
Interest income from a joint venture	向合營公司收取之利息收入	12.8	12.6
Rental income from a joint venture	向合營公司收取之租金收入	0.7	1.9
Rental expense to a joint venture	向合營公司支付之租金費用	4.4	4.2

Compensation of key management personnel:

#### (d) 主要管理層人員酬金:

The remuneration of Executive Directors during the year is as follows:

執行董事於年內之酬金如下:

		2021	2020
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元 ————————	百萬港元
Short-term employee benefits	短期僱員福利		
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	23.3	23.3
Performance related incentive payments	績效獎	34.8	57.0
Ex-gratia payment	特惠款項	20.0	-
		78.1	80.3

The remuneration of Executive Directors is determined by the 執行董事之酬金由薪酬委員會參考個別員工 remuneration committee having regard to the performance of 表現及市場趨勢後釐定。 individuals and market trends.

### **46 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY**

### 46 本公司之財務狀況表

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Non-current assets Interests in subsidiaries (note (a)) Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Other assets Amounts due from joint ventures	非流動資產 附屬公司權益(附註(a)) 物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產 其他資產 應收合營公司款項	14,179.3 13.2 22.6 115.5 609.4	16,434.1 18.8 31.6 115.5 576.7
		14,940.0	17,176.7
Current assets Deposits, prepayments and other receivables Bank balances and cash	流動資產 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項 銀行結餘及現金	59.3 629.4	592.7 177.7
		688.7	770.4
Current liabilities Trade payables, provision and accrued charges Amounts due to subsidiaries Lease liabilities Bank and other loans due within one year	流動負債 應付貿易賬款、撥備及應計費用 應付附屬公司款項 租賃負債 一年內到期之銀行及其他貸款	30.1 963.4 9.3 615.8	35.6 2,945.8 9.1 4,108.8
		1,618.6	7,099.3
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	(929.9)	(6,328.9)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	14,010.1	10,847.8
Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities Bank and other loans due after one year	非流動負債 租賃負債 一年後到期之銀行及其他貸款	14.4 6,363.0 6,377.4	23.7 2,794.8 2,818.5
Net assets	資產淨值	7,632.7	8,029.3
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves (note (b))	資本及儲備 股本 儲備(附註(b))	371.3 7,261.4	371.3 7,658.0
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	7,632.7	8,029.3

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 June 2021 and is signed on its behalf by:

本公司之財務狀況表已於2021年6月23日獲 董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下列董事代表 簽署:

**TANG Moon Wah** 

Managing Director 鄧滿華 董事總經理

**NGAN Man Ying** 

Executive Director 顏文英 執行董事

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至2021年3月31日止年度

#### (a) INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

#### (a) 附屬公司權益

		2021 HK\$′M 百萬港元	2020 HK\$'M 百萬港元
Unlisted shares, at cost Amounts due from subsidiaries	非上市股份・按成本值 應收附屬公司款項	3,146.5	2,177.4
Interest bearing portion (note)	計息部分(附註)	4,353.5	4,247.0
Non-interest bearing portion	免息部分	6,679.3	10,009.7
		14,179.3	16,434.1

Note: The amounts are unsecured, bear interest at the prevailing market borrowing rates and have no fixed terms of repayment.

附註:該等款項為無抵押、按現行市場借貸利率計息 及無固定還款期。

#### (b) MOVEMENT IN RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

#### (b) 本公司儲備變動

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Share options reserve 股份期權 儲備 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回 儲備 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$'M 百萬港元	Total 總計 HK\$'M 百萬港元
At 1 April 2019 Profit and total comprehensive	於2019年4月1日 本年度溢利及全面	1,537.9	42.0	3.1	1,640.6	3,223.6
income for the year Dividends paid	收益總額 已派股息	- -	-	-	4,597.8 (163.4)	4,597.8 (163.4)
At 31 March 2020 Loss and total comprehensive	於2020年3月31日 本年度虧損及全面	1,537.9	42.0	3.1	6,075.0	7,658.0
expense for the year	開支總額	-	- (0.3)	-	(233.2)	(233.2)
Share options lapsed Dividends paid	股份期權失效 已派股息	_	(0.2)	-	0.2 (163.4)	(163.4)
At 31 March 2021	於2021年3月31日	1,537.9	41.8	3.1	5,678.6	7,261.4

Under the Companies Law (Revised) Chapter 22 of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is available for distribution or paying dividends to shareholders, subject to the provisions of its memorandum and articles of association and provided that immediately following the distribution of dividends, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. In accordance with the Company's articles of association, dividends can only be distributed out of the accumulated profits of the Company, which amounted to HK\$5,678.6 million (2020: HK\$6,075.0 million) as at 31 March 2021.

根據開曼群島公司法第22章(經修訂),本公 司之股份溢價可供分派予股東或向股東派 息,但須視乎其組織章程大綱及組織章程細 則規定而定,而緊隨派息後,本公司須有能 力償還於日常業務到期之債務。根據本公司 之組織章程細則,本公司只能從於2021年3 月31日之累計溢利5,678.6百萬港元(2020年: 6,075.0百萬港元)中撥款派發股息。

# **Five-Year Financial Summary**

五年財務概要

業績 **RESULTS** 

### For the year ended 31 March

截至3月31	日止年度
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		数 工 3 / 1 3 · 1 在 1 及				
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Revenue	收入	3,942.3	4,696.5	3,844.0	2,222.3	2,234.1
Profit from operations	營運溢利	1,508.5	2,287.3	2,030.2	2,797.5	1,015.6
Finance costs	財務費用	(88.3)	(271.8)	(245.7)	(208.3)	(191.7)
Share of results of associates	分佔聯營公司業績	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.2)
Share of results of joint ventures	分佔合營公司業績	220.6	506.6	946.7	48.4	260.6
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	1,640.7	2,522.0	2,731.0	2,637.4	1,084.3
Taxation	税項	(512.1)	(837.7)	(325.8)	(200.5)	(95.8)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	1,128.6	1,684.3	2,405.2	2,436.9	988.5
Attributable to:	下列應佔:					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	897.3	1,624.6	2,206.9	2,305.1	823.9
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	231.3	59.7	198.3	131.8	164.6
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	1,128.6	1,684.3	2,405.2	2,436.9	988.5

### **FINANCIAL POSITION**

### 財務狀況

### At 31 March

於3月31:

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M	HK\$'M
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Total assets	資產總值	38,145.0	37,240.9	35,457.4	34,636.7	29,630.6
Total liabilities	負債總額	(11,540.3)	(12,494.7)	(11,535.0)	(12,479.3)	(10,877.0)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(2,920.8)	(2,678.8)	(2,622.0)	(2,439.6)	(2,367.8)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人 應佔權益	23,683.9	22,067.4	21,300.4	19,717.8	16,385.8

# **Particulars of Major Properties**

## 主要物業詳情

At 31 March 2021 於2021年3月31日

### A. PROPERTIES HELD FOR/UNDER **DEVELOPMENT**

### A. 待發展/發展中之物業

Descri	ptions		Gross floor area (sq. ft.) 總樓面面積	Stage of completion	Expected completion date	Nature of property	Attributable interest to the Group 集團
概況				完成階段	預期完成日	物業性質	應佔利益
1.	The remaining phases, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣 餘下各期					
	(a) Residential	住宅	46,515	Construction under progress 工程進行中	2021	Residential 住宅	50%
	(b) Others	其他	367,289	Not yet commenced 尚未動工	plan	Retained for future development 留作日後發展	50%
2.	Starlight One, Jiaxing City, Zhejiang Province, the PRC	中國浙江省嘉興市星逸園		Construction under progress 工程進行中	2023	Residential 住宅	100%
3.	Rama 3 Road Project, Yannawa District, Bangkok, Thailand	泰國曼谷Yannawa區 Rama 3 Road項目		Planning in progress 規劃進行中		Residential 住宅	100%

# B. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES HELD FOR RENTAL PURPOSES

# B. 持有投資物業作為租金收入用途

					Attributable	
Descr	iptions		Gross floor area (sq. ft.) 總樓面面積	Nature of property	interest to the Group 集團	Category of lease
概況			(平方呎)	物業性質	應佔利益	租賃類別
4.	3 houses located at Bijou Hamlet, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣璧如臺 3幢花園洋房	7,193	Residential 住宅	100%	Medium 中期
5.	4 houses located at Headland Village, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣蔚陽 4幢花園洋房	10,251	Residential 住宅	100%	Medium 中期
6.	10 units comprising lowrise and duplex apartments located at Peninsula Village, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣蘅峰 10個單位(由低座洋房 及複式單位組成)	16,759	Residential 住宅	100%	Medium 中期
7.	1 highrise apartment located at Greenvale Village, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣頤峰 1個高座單位	1,068	Residential 住宅	100%	Medium 中期
8.	20 highrise apartments located at Parkridge Village, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣明翠台 20個高座單位	13,528	Residential 住宅	100%	Medium 中期
9.	5 midrise apartments and 1 combined unit located at DB Plaza, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣愉景廣場 5個中座單位及 1個相連單位	5,769	Residential 住宅	100%	Medium 中期
10.	2 lowrise apartments located at Siena One, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣 海澄湖畔一段 2個低座單位	2,483	Residential 住宅	100%	Medium 中期
11.	1 lowrise apartment located at Siena Two, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣 海澄湖畔二段 1個低座單位	1,315	Residential 住宅	100%	Medium 中期
12.	2 highrise apartments located at Peninsula Village, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣蘅峰 2個高座單位	1,438	Residential 住宅	50%	Medium 中期
13.	5 houses located at Phase 17, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣第17期 5幢花園洋房	39,596	Residential 住宅	50%	Medium 中期

# Particulars of Major Properties 主要物業詳情

At 31 March 2021 於2021年3月31日

Descriptions 概況			Gross floor area (sq. ft.) 總樓面面積 (平方呎)	property	Attributable interest to the Group 集團 應佔利益	Category of lease 租賃類別
14.	14/F of Century Tower II and Car Parking Space No. 12 on Level 1, Century Tower, 1 and 1A Tregunter Path, The Peak, Hong Kong	香港山頂 地利根德里1號及1號A 世紀大廈  14樓及 世紀大廈第1層停車場 12號車位		Residential 住宅	100%	Long 長期
15.	Flat 2 on 1st Floor and Car Parking Space No. 19 and One Roof Space Marked "5", Bowen Mansion, 7C Bowen Road, Hong Kong	香港寶雲道7C號寶雲大廈 1樓2室與19號車位及 「5」號天台	3,500	Residential 住宅	100%	Long 長期
16.	2 highrise apartments located at Coastal Skyline, Tung Chung, Lantau Island	大嶼山東涌藍天海岸 2個高座單位	2,378	Residential 住宅	100%	Medium 中期
17.	1 highrise apartment located at Tung Chung Crescent, Tung Chung, Lantau Island	大嶼山東涌東堤灣畔 1個高座單位	1,090	Residential 住宅	100%	Medium 中期
18.	Wellgan Villa, 148 Nga Tsin Wai Road, Kowloon	九龍衙前圍道148號 合勤名廈	39,022	Residential 住宅	100%	Medium 中期
19.	1 residential unit and 1 car parking space of Chelsea Residence, No. 169 of Lane 1038, Huashan Road, Changning District, Shanghai, the PRC	中國上海市長寧區 華山路1038弄169號 嘉里華庭二座 1個住宅單位及1個車位	1,571	Residential 住宅	100%	Long 長期
20.	Horizon Place Akasaka, Tokyo, Japan	日本東京 Horizon Place Akasaka	81,624	Residential 住宅	100%	Freehold 永久業權
21.	Souei Park Harajuku, Tokyo, Japan	日本東京 Souei Park Harajuku	14,040	Residential 住宅	100%	Freehold 永久業權
22.	Veneo Minami Azabu, Tokyo, Japan	日本東京 Veneo Minami Azabu	18,299	Residential 住宅	100%	Freehold 永久業權
23.	Haluwa Shiba Koen, Tokyo, Japan	日本東京 Haluwa Shiba Koen	35,246	Residential 住宅	100%	Freehold 永久業權

	ptions		總樓面面積	property	Attributable interest to the Group 集團	Category of lease
概況			(平方呎) —————	物業性質 —————	應佔利益 ————	租賃類別
24.	Graphio Nishi-Shinjuku, Tokyo, Japan	日本東京 Graphio Nishi-Shinjuku	27,314	Commercial 商業	100%	Freehold 永久業權
25.	Commercial Centre, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣 商業中心	233,419	Commercial 商業	50%	Medium 中期
26.	Shop 401 on Ground Floor, Coastline Villa, Peninsula Village, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣蘅峰 碧濤軒地下401室	7,417	Commercial 商業	50%	Medium 中期
27.	Commercial Centre, Yi Pak, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣二白灣 商業中心	170,162	Commercial 商業	50%	Medium 中期
28.	CDW Building, 382–392 Castle Peak Road, 27–37 Mei Wan Street, Tsuen Wan, New Territories	新界荃灣 美環街27-37號 青山道382-392號 中染大廈	975,520	Commercial 商業	100%	Medium 中期
29.	325 car parking spaces at Tuen Mun Central Square, 22 Hoi Wing Road, Tuen Mun, New Territories	新界屯門海榮路22號 屯門中央廣場 325個車位	N/A 不適用	Commercial 商業	100%	Medium 中期
30.	West Gate Tower, 7 Wing Hong Street and 8 King Lam Street, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon	九龍長沙灣 永康街7號及瓊林街8號 西港都會中心	146,531	Industrial (note) 工業(附註)	100%	Medium 中期
31.	3 units of DAN6, 2–6 Fui Yiu Kok Street, Tsuen Wan, New Territories	新界荃灣 灰窰角街2-6號 DAN63個單位	5,487 (saleable area) (實用面積)	Industrial 工業	100%	Medium 中期
32.	United Daily News Centre, 21 Yuk Yat Street, To Kwa Wan, Kowloon	九龍土瓜灣 旭日街21號 聯合報大廈	62,800	Industrial 工業	100%	Medium 中期

Note: The Group has obtained approval to convert the property from industrial to 附註:集團已取得批准,將有關物業由工業用途改為 commercial use and the refurbishment works are underway.

商業用途,翻新工程亦正在進行。

### Particulars of Major Properties 主要物業詳情

At 31 March 2021 於2021年3月31日

### C. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

### **c.** 持作出售物業

Descr 概況	iptions		Gross floor area (sq. ft.) 總樓面面積 (平方呎)	property	Attributable interest to the Group 集團 應佔利益	Category of lease 租賃類別
33.	Remaining units of Poggibonsi, Discovery Bay, Lantau Island	大嶼山愉景灣 意堤餘下單位	75,006	Residential 住宅	50%	Medium 中期
34.	Remaining units of The Sukhothai Residences, Bangkok, Thailand	泰國曼谷 The Sukhothai Residences 餘下單位	23,513 (net saleable area) (淨實用面積)	Residential 住宅	100%	Freehold 永久業權
35.	Remaining units of Elite House, No. 1310 Ding Xi Road, Changning District, Shanghai, the PRC	中國上海市長寧區 定西路1310號 中山學林苑 餘下單位	58,978	Residential 住宅	100%	Long 長期
36.	Remaining units of Riviera One, Jiaxing City, Zhejiang Province, the PRC	中國浙江省嘉興市 璟頤灣 餘下單位	15,048	Residential 住宅	100%	Long 長期
37.	Mansion One, Jiaxing City Zhejiang Province, the PRC	中國浙江省嘉興市 家逸園	341,655	Residential 住宅	100%	Long 長期
38.	Creekside One, Jiaxing City, Zhejiang Province, the PRC	中國浙江省嘉興市畔月灣	209,690	Residential 住宅	100%	Long 長期
39.	Remaining units of Oasis One, Hangzhou City, Zhejiang Province, the PRC	中國浙江省杭州市 耦園 餘下單位	5,101	Residential 住宅	100%	Long 長期

## **Corporate Information and Investors' Calendar**

公司資料及投資者日誌

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr CHA Mou Zing Victor (Executive Chairman) 查懋成先生(執行主席) Ms WONG CHA May Lung Madeline (Non-executive Deputy Chairman) 王查美龍女士(非執行主席) Mr TANG Moon Wah (Managing Director) 鄧滿華先生(董事總經理) The Honourable Ronald Joseph ARCULLI 夏佳理先生 Mr CHA Mou Daid Johnson 查懋德先生 Mr CHEUNG Ho Koon 張浩觀先生 Mr CHEUNG Wing Lam Linus 張永霖先生 Mr FAN Hung Ling Henry 范鴻齡先生 Ms HO Pak Ching Loretta 何柏貞女士 Ms NGAN Man Ying 顏文英女士 Ms Barbara SHIU 邵蓓蘭女士 Mr TANG Kwai Chang

## AUDIT COMMITTEE 審核委員會

鄧貴彰先生

Mr TANG Kwai Chang (Chairman) 鄧貴彰先生(主席) Mr CHEUNG Wing Lam Linus 張永霖先生 Ms HO Pak Ching Loretta 何柏复女士 Ms Barbara SHIU 邵蓓蘭女士

### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE 薪酬委員會

Mr CHEUNG Wing Lam Linus (Chairman) 張永霖先生(主席) Mr CHA Mou Zing Victor 查懋成先生 Mr FAN Hung Ling Henry 范鴻齡先生

# NOMINATION COMMITTEE 提名委員會

Mr FAN Hung Ling Henry (Chairman) 范鴻齡先生(主席) Mr CHA Mou Zing Victor 查懋成先生 Ms HO Pak Ching Loretta 何柏貞女士 Mr TANG Kwai Chang 鄧貴彰先生 Ms WONG CHA May Lung Madeline 王本美龍女士

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE 企業管治委員會

Ms WONG CHA May Lung Madeline (Chairman) 王查美龍女士(主席) Mr CHA Mou Zing Victor 查懋成先生 Mr FAN Hung Ling Henry 范鴻齡先生 Mr TANG Kwai Chang 鄧貴彰先生

### COMPANY SECRETARY 公司秘書

Ms LEUNG Wai Fan 梁慧芬女士

### REGISTERED OFFICE 註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

### PRINCIPAL OFFICE 主要辦事處

23/F, China Merchants Tower Shun Tak Centre 168-200 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong 香港干諾道中168-200號 信德中心招商局大廈23樓

## SHARE REGISTRARS 股份過戶登記處

#### Hong Kong 香港

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong 香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港灣仔皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓1712-1716 室

### Cayman Islands 開曼群島

Maples Corporate Services Limited P.O. Box 309, Ugland House Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

### PRINCIPAL BANKERS 主要往來銀行

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited 中國銀行(香港)有限公司 Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.

Hong Kong Branch 交通銀行股份有限公司香港分行 Hang Seng Bank Limited 恒生銀行有限公司 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited

中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司 MUFG Bank, Ltd. 株式会社三菱UFJ銀行

Nanyang Commercial Bank, Limited 南洋商業銀行有限公司 Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited 共務領之

Fill (Hong Kong) Limited 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co., Ltd.

Hong Kong Branch 上海浦東發展銀行股份有限公司香港分行 United Overseas Bank 大華銀行

### AUDITOR 核數師

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor 羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

### LEGAL ADVISORS 法律顧問

### **Hong Kong Laws**

香港法律

Kao, Lee & Yip 高李葉律師行 Mayer Brown 孖士打律師行 Reed Smith Richards Butler 禮德齊伯禮律師行 Woo Kwan Lee & Lo 胡關李羅律師行

### Cayman Islands Laws

開曼群島法律

Maples and Calder 邁普達律師事務所

## SEHK STOCK NAME/CODE 聯交所股份名稱/股份代號

HKR Int'l 香港興業國際/00480

### INVESTORS' CALENDAR 投資者日誌

#### 2021 Annual General Meeting 2021 年股東週年大會

25 August 2021 2021年8月25日

#### Closure of Registers of Members 暫停股份過戶登記

20 to 25 August 2021 (Annual General Meeting) 2021年8月20日至25日 (股東週年大會)

1 to 3 September 2021 (Final Dividend) 2021年9月1日至3日(末期股息)

#### Dividend Payment Date 股息派發日期

20 September 2021 2021年9月20日

### COMMUNICATION 聯絡

Website網址:www.hkri.com Tel電話:(852)22381188 Email電郵: investors@hkri.com (Investors 投資者) cs@hkri.com (Shareholders 股東)

# **HKRI**

### 香港興業國際集團有限公司

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

香港干諾道中168號信德中心招商局大廈23樓

## HKR INTERNATIONAL LIMITED (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

23/F, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 168 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong

www.hkri.com

